# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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## THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

*OFFICE.—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.*

**TERMS:**

Two Dollars per annum n Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

o paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

**JOB PRINTING**

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.



## Fire! Attention! Fire!

A Few years ago any man could make his thousands i n thi town; competition was not known; every me chan could get his own price for his goods. Now he gets up early strives, crowds, pushes, works hard, tells lies, swears that his neighbor can't sell goods so cheap, without he stole them.

So with Insurance Companies. The old Hartford Companies have grown immensely rich—no one to interfere with them. Now we have Insurance Companies starting up all over the land; a farmer can now get his property insured for 1 per ct for 5 years, when he had to pay that for one year, when we first commenced. The old companies said we must break up; but when we tell them how we do it, they are compelled to say we are doing the only safe way that can reach every farm house and barn in the country.

The Washington County
MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK,

is the largest mutual company in the world. They have issued in five years one hundred and forty-thousand Policies. they take or insure no property but dwellings and barns; thus any one can see that they must succeed over any other company. I would say to all who wish property insured to remember the agent's name and the place: Whashington County Mutual Insurance Co., CHARLES WHITMORE, Agent for Indiana, at the new Auction Room.

Also agent for the AMERICAN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO. of Amsterdam, New York, capital $200,000, a good company. A so, for the LAFAYETTE INSURANCE CO., joint stock capital $250,000. Also for the HARTFORD LIFE and HEALTH INSURANCE CO. of Hartford, Ct. This company stands as No. 1 in the U. States.

I would urge every man who has a family, not to wait another day, but to secure to his family, his wife, his children, an interest that lawyers and administrators cannot take away. The time has come at the East, and will among us in a very short time, when, if a man dies without his life being insured, he will be censured in the same light as though his house and property burnt down without being insured. The undesigned agent has insured fifty-three lives in Fort Wayne and vicinity since he commenced his agency, and he has the consolation that none can say that they have thrown away their money, but will ever remember him with the kindest regard. I would say to one and all, do not delay for one day longer.

CHARLES WHITMORE,
At the New Auction Room, corner Columbia & Clinton sts.
Fort Wayne, Aug 8, 1851. 6m5

## Ohio Live Stock
## Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.
CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS company will insure Horses, Cattle and Sheep, from death or damage, either from Natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever at very low rates.

DIRECTORS—Wm. Burnet, E. S. Haines S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Person S. W. Reeder. Sec. Wm. Burnet, Pres't.
*Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati.*

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Ind, May 10, 1851. y44p

## Protection
*Fire & Marine Insurance Company*
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
## Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Good Produce, Hous hold Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. 45y

## CITY
## Insurance Compay
### OF CINCINNATI.
Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE
*Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.*

DIRECTORS.

E. B. Reeder, Wm Burnet
George Carlisle, J. C. Thorp,
I. M. Blair, H. Raper,
J. P. Kilbreth, E. S. Haines,
H. L. Hoffman.

E. B. REEDER, *President.*
N. Gregory, *Secretary.*

*** Office.—No 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, ormation, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CHARLES WHITMORE.
Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indian

CHARLES WHITMORE, agent for the Washington Co. Mutual Insurance Co.; American Mutual Insurance Co.; LaFayette Insurance Co.; Hartford Life and Health Insurance Co.: at the New Auction Room, corner Columbian and Clinton Streets, Fort Wayne. 6m5

## READ! YOUTH & MANHOOD.
A VIGOROUS LIFE,
*Or a Premature Death.*
## Kinkelin on Self Preservation,
ONLY 25 CENTS.

This Book, just published, is filled with useful information on the infirmities and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhaustive effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who in addition to declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency, Dr. K. would say—

READ THIS BOOK.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of Lives.

Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

☞ A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third & Union streets, between Spruce & Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

☞ Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid,) and be cured at home.

PACKAGES of MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity. 1y4

## PRINTS.
**200** PIECES PRINTS, of entirely new styles, just received direct from the factory, for sale a little cheaper than ever. by

TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co.
August 23, 1851.

## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

### CHARLES CASE,
### Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Office—On Main Street, nearly opposite the Treasurers office. y3

J. L. WORDEN. W. S. HOAGLAND.

### WORDEN & HOAGLAND,
### Attorneys at Law,
AND
### SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, IND.
August 16, 1851. y6

### L. M. NINDE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

*** *Office on the corner of Main and Calhoun sts.* 47p

### WILLIAM H. JONES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
### Solicitor in Chancery,
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit.

*** Office—At the Indiana Land Agency, Calhoun Street. 43y

### JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
### ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
*Land and Collection Agent,*
FORT WAYNE, IA

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting of Debts* in any part of Indiana:

REFERENCES:

Grinnell, Minturn & Co., Dibblee, Work & Moore, John Steward, Jr. & Co., Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton, Robert Hyslop, Esq., Clark & Work — *New York.*
Stedman, Maynard & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Wm. A. Brown & Co. *Boston.*
Allen Hamilton, Hugh McCulloch, R. W. Taylor — *Fort Wayne.*

Office—On Clinton st., opposite the Brick Church.
July 18 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS *Attorneys and Counsellors at-Law, and General Land and Tax Agents*. Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c. in Indiana.

*** Office.—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.
Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

References.
Hon. David McDonald, William T. Otto, — *Professors of Law Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg *Decatur.*

*** Office—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

G. L. SITES. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. Office—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.* Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

References
Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

Office—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun

### JOHN HOUGH, JR.
### *Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,*
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to his care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allen Hamilton Fort Wayne. | Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y. |
| J. W. Townley & Co. " | David Leavitt, " |
| Young & Waite, Maumee. | Taylor & Hogg, " |
| W. A. Otis & Co. Cleveland. | Halstead, Haines & Co., " |
| Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, " | Halstead & Brokaw, " |
| W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati. | Edward Kellogg, Esq., " |
| Fox & French, " | Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston. |
| Minor, Andrews & Co. " | Stoddard & Lovering. " |
| Coram, Tweed & Co., " | McDowell & Day, Philadelphia |
| Wilkeson & Co. Buffalo. | Wood & Abbot, " |
| Hayward & Noye. " | Bulliti & Fairthorne, " |

## MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. W. D. STEWART, a graduate in Medicine of the University of Louisville Ky., and of the University of New York and late of Jeffersonville, Indiana, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and its vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office—corner of Main and Calhoun Streets—or, at his room at Mrs. Henderson's Boarding House, near the Hedekin House. He will give prompt and devoted attention to all business confided to his care.

May 2, 1851. y43

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th. 1847. 1f8

## HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged p6m8

## PIQUA HOUSE,
**JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.**
*Corner of Main and Water Sts.,*
6m24p **PIQUA, OHIO.**

## Boarding House.

MRS. A. LAKE, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up the new and commodious brick dwelling opposite Miller's Cabinet shop, for the accommodation of boarders. She has several pleasant rooms now vacant.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Oct. 22, 1851. y16.

CHEESE.—2,000 pounds Western reserve Cheese, a nice article, just received and for sale wholesale or retail by

WILSON & TRESSELT.
Sept 9, 1851.


## POETRY.

### *A Benedict's Appeal to a Bachelor.*

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

*" Double! Double!"*—Shakspeare.

Dear Charles, be persuaded to wed,
For a sensible fellow, like you,
It's high time to think of a bed
And muffins and coffee for two!

So have done with your doubt and delaying—
With a soul so adapted to mingle,
No wonder the neighbors are saying
'Tis singular you should be single!

Don't say that you haven't got time—
That business demands your attention—
There's not the least reason or rhyme
In the wisest excuse you can mention.

Don't tell me about "other fish,"
Your duty is done when you buy 'em,
And you never will relish the dish,
Unless you've a woman to fry 'em!

Don't listen to querulous stories
By desperate damsels related,
Who sneer at connubial glories,
Because they've known couples mismated;

Such people, if they had their pleasure,
Because silly bargains are made,
Would deem it a rational measure
To lay an embargo on trade?

You may dream of poetical fame,
But your wishes may chance to miscarry;
The best way of sending one's name
To posterity, Charles, is to marry!

And here I am willing to own,
And soberly thinking upon it,
I'd very much rather be known
For a beautiful son, than a sonnet!

To procrastination be deaf—
(A homily sent from above)—
The scoundrel is not only "the thief
Of time," but of beauty and love.

O delay not one moment to win
A prize that is truly worth winning—
Celibacy, Charles, is a sin
And sadly prolific of sinning!

Then, Charles, bid your doubting good by
And dismiss all fantastic alarms;
I'll be sworn you've a girl in your eye,
'Tis your wish to have in your arms:

Some trim little maiden of twenty,
A beautiful azure-eyed elf,
With virtues and graces in plenty,
And no failing but loving yourself!

Don't search for an "angel" a minute,
For, granting you win in the sequel,
The deuce after all would be in it,
With a union so unequal!

The angels, it must be confessed,
In this world are rather uncommon;
And allow me, dear Charles, to suggest
You'll be better content with a woman!

I could furnish a bushel of reasons
For choosing a conjugal mate;
It agrees with all climates and seasons,
And gives you a double estate!"

To one's parents 'tis (gratefully) due—
Just think what a terrible thing
'Twould have been, sir, for me and for you,
If ours had forgotten the ring!

Then there's the economy—clear
By poetical algebra shown—
If your wife has a grief or a fear,
One half by the law is your own!

And as to the joys—by division
They've nearly quadrupled, 'tis said,
(Though I never could see the addition,
Quite plain in the item of bread)

Remember I do not pretend
There's any thing "perfect" about it,
But this I'll aver to the end,
Life's very imperfect without it.

'Tis not that there's "poetry" in it—
As, doubtless, there may be to those
Endowed with genius to win it—
But I'll warrant you excellent prose.

Then Charles, be persuaded to wed—
For a sensible fellow like you,
It's high time to think of a bed
And muffins and coffee for two;

So have done with your doubts and delaying,
With a soul so adapted to mingle,
No wonder the neighbors are saying
'Tis singular you should be single!

*A Modle Wife.*—There is a woman in Indiana, on the Wabash river, who takes it into her head, and sometimes practices (while her old man has gone to town) plowing, nursing, and fishing all at once. She first yokes an ox and her cow to the plow; then puts her two twin babies into the corn basket and suspends it on a tree; then takes the bell off the cow and attaches it to the end of her fishing pole, which is stuck in the ground at the water's edge; she then commences her plowing around the field; at every revolution she gives the aerial cradle a send, which lasts until she gets round again, at the same time keeping her ears open so that when any rash member of the finny tribe swallowed the hook, she might hear of it, for under her arrangements the calamity is announced by the ringing of the bell.

Our informant says that she is a pattern of the kind they have there.

*Laughter.*—Laughter very often shows the bright side of a man. It bring out his happier nature, and shows of what sort of stuff he is really made. Somehow we feel as if we never thoroughly know a man until we hear him laugh. We do not feil 'at home' with him till then. We do not mean a mere snigger, but a good, round, hearty laugh. The solemn sober visage, like a Sunday's dress, tell us nothing of the man. He may be verry silly or very profound; very cross or very joly.—Let us hear him laugh, and we can decipher him out at once, and tell how his heart beats. Carlyle says—'That no man who has once heartily and wholly laughed can be altogether and irreclaimably bad.' Much lies in laughter, the cyphep key wherewith we decipher the whole man! Some wear an everlasting barren simper; in the smiles of the others lies a cold glitter as of ice; the fewest are unable to laugh, but only sniff and titter, and snigger from the throat outwards, or, at best, produce some whiffling, husky cachination, as if they were laughing throught wood; of none such comes good. The man who cannot laugh is only fit for treasons, stratagems, or spoils; and his whole life is already a treason and a stratagem.

Great excitement was caused at Valparaiso, by the arrival of the British steamer Virago, having on board the murderers from the Straits of Magellan. There were 340 in all, and among them was Cambiaso, the blood-thirsty leader of the gang, who appeared quite unconcerned, twirling his mustach, and nodding to acquaintances in the crowd. It is said that he had formed a plan for taking the steamer, as it passed through the Straits, by inviting the officers to a banquet on shore, there giving them poisoned drinks, and sending poisoned provisions on board. The apothecary at the place refused to be a party to the devilish plot, and even the threat of death did not move him to compliance with the wish of the demoniac Cambiaso.

## ROSANNA, THE UGLY ONE.

(FROM THE FRENCH:)

"But look, then," said Mrs. Moore, to her husband, "how ugly that little one is; is she not, William?"

And Mr. Moore, who was sitting in a rocking chair, amusing himself with poking the fire, laid down the thongs he held, and gravely answered his wife.

"But, my dear, you have already said so one hundred times, and were you to say it one hundred times more, Rose would not become less ugly for your saying so."

Rosanna was a little girl of about fourteen. She was their child, and to do her mother justice, was really very ugly—nay, almost revolting, with her little grey eyes, flat nose, large mouth, thick protruding lips, red hair, and, above all, a form remarkably awry.

Rose was, then, very ugly—but she was a sweet girl, nevertheless. Kind and intelligent, she possessed a mind of the highest order.—Nature seemed to have compensated her with every good quality of the heart for the want of every beauty of person.

The poor little thing was profoundly hurt, as she listened to her mother's observation, "Oh, you little fright, you vill never get a husband."

Eight o'clock struck; Mrs. Moore was sorely vexed.

"Go to bed, Rosanna."

Tremblingly the little girl approached her mother, to give her the kiss of good night.

"Tis useless, you little monster," said her mother.

A tear rolled from the little one's eye. She hastily wiped it away, and turning to her father, presented him the yet mumid cheek.

He hissed her tenderly.

"I am not altogether miserable," she murmured, leaving the room.

Retired to her chamber she commenced embroidering a scarf, and worked thus part of the night, for she desired to be able to present it to her mother when she rose in the morning. The clock struck twelve. She had just finished, and putting it by, the little girl calmly resigned herself to rest. Her repose was undistubed.

On the morrow Rose presented the scarf to her mother. What was the pain the little one experienced, when her mother received it coldly, and expressed none of those tender senti ments which were to have been the sweet little one's reward.

Her eyes, by chance, glanced over a neightboring mitor.

"Yes," she said, internally, "I am ugly—they are right," and she sought in her young head to find a remedy for ugliness.

And then in the world—new pangs wounded the little one's heart. A first impression alienated all the young girls of her own age—but then she was so good, so aimable, so amusing, that they approached, then listened, then loved her. Now, indeed, our little one was happy.

One day Mr. Moore went home in a violent passion, and became, in consequence of some trifling prevarication, highly incensed against his wife. Their domestic felicity was troubled for eight long days—for eight long days Mrs. Moore was continually crying. Rosanna in vain racked her young brains to discover why, but her father still continued angry, and her mother still continued weeping. At last she reflected in her mind how to reconcile the parties.

They were all three seated in the parlor—Mr. Moore was arranging the fire—when this was concluded, he threw the tongs from him, snatched a book from the mantel, and opened it abruptly; but after a moment's perusal, he closed it again, in a violent humor, cast a fierce glance at his trembling wife, and hurriedly rose from his chair.

Rosanna, deeply moved, clasped her arms about his neck, as he was about to rise, and affectionately caressed him. He could not reject her innocent coaxing, and the little girl thinking she has succeeded in touching his heart, took in her hands the moistened handkerchief wherewith her mother has been drying her weeping eyes, and dried them a second time therewith; she then tenderly embraced her mother, whe returned her affectionate caress with all a mother's fondnes.

The parties being now favorably disposed, naught remained but to establish the peace. This was no easy matter—neither would make the first overture—and without the penetration of little Rose, the reconciliation would not then have taken place.

She took her father's hand between her own little hands, and pressed it to her bosom; she she then took her mother's hand, and joined it into her father's as it lay near her heart.—Human pride could resist no longer—the alienated parents rose at the same moment and cordially embraced each other.

From that hour Rose was the idol of them both.

Six years after this, Rosanna, the ugly Rosanna, was the *ornament* of every society to which her mother presented her. Aimable, witty and observing, her conversation was universally courted.

One summer evening, the sun, which, during the day, had shed over nature an *intense* heat, had just disappeared, leaving the horizon covered with long, white bands of red—clouds more and more dark were heaping themselves on the eastern sky—the atmosphere was suffocating, and one would deem the earth was retusning to the sun the heat she had been receiving from the latter during the day. All was heavy and weary—the air inhaled seemed rather to suffocate than to nourish. A drowsy langour overcame every one.

In a salon whose every window was thrown open, might be seen gliding here and there, in the darkened light, groups of young females, whose white dresses, slightly agitated by the rising breeze of the evening, offered something mysterious and poetical whereon the imagination loved to dwell. A low, languishing whisper was then heart, like the soothing murmur of some distant rivulet. A young woman, seated before a piano, was expressing her heart's sentiments by an extemporary melody, now smooth and tender, now deep and trembling.

No more whispering, but a general silence took place; for here was an enchanting symphony, a beautiful song.

Lord Underwood, a fine blue eyed young nobleman, was deeply touched by the melody. He listened to the rich voice, so sweetly harmonizing with the sweet tones of the instrument, and left an indescribable sensation thrill through his frame.

The music ceased, but the sweet woice still vibrated on Underwood's ear, and there was a charm in the whitty and original trifle to which he listened, that transfixed him where he stood.

"How beautiful must that young girl be." thought Underwood. "Happy the man on whom may fall her choice," and he involuntarily sighet.

Lights were brought in. The young woman was the ugly Rosanna.

Lord Underwood was stupefied—he closed his eyes, but the charm of that voice haunted his memory. He gazed on her a second time, and found her less ugly; and Rose was indeed less ugly. The beauties of her mind seemed transferred to her person, and her grey eyes, small as they were, expressed wonderfully well, her internal sensations.

Lord Underwood wedded Rosanna, and became the happiest of men in the possession of the kindest and most loving of women.

Beauty deserts us, but virtue and talents, the faithful companions of our lives, accompany us to the grave.

## HIGGLEDY-PIGGLEDIES.

Women that are least bashful are not unfrequently the most modest; and we are never more deceived than when we would infer any laxity of principle from that fredom of demeanor which often arises from a total ignorance of vice. Prudery, on the contrary, is often assumed to keep off the suspicion of criminality.

A child must get by baby hood before it comes within the sphere of a father's authority. A man should think of this in choosing the mother of his children, and be careful to select one who has sense enough to take care of the baby, for if she lack it, no wisdom of his can supply the deficiency.

It is sad to see so many fine looking "females" dying old maids—there is such an immense portion of our glourious country to be seeded down with boys and girls and civilization. Patriotism, if not love, should make all men shun bachelorism as they would treason.

A fellow out west recently told the book seller that he had understood that Shakespeare was "a pretty smart writer, and if he would give him a copy of his writings, he would try to bring them into notice among his neighbors."

"You have a bad cold, Mr. Brambel," observed an acquaintance to the prince of dandies "Why, do you know," said he, "that on the Brighton road, the other day, that infidel Weston, my valet, put me into a room with a damp stranger!"

Ancient christianity seems to be entirely obsolete. No wealthy christian of our time thinks of distributing all his property among the poor. Many of them expect the influence of the church to assist them in gaining property.

"Why is the letter *d* like a ring?" asked a young lady of her lover, who was as dull as the generality of his sex in such a situation. "Because," added the damsel, with a modest look, "because *we* can't be *wed* without it."

A man took off his coat to show a terrible wound he had received some years before: "Oh!" said he, not being able to find it, "I remember now, it was on my brother Bill's arm."

Be not ready to pronounce that what you think a bad youth will necessarily become a bad man. Yonder sturdy oak may have grown from an acorn that has been rejected by a hog.

A New Orleans paper asks this question: "If a false set of teeth cost one hundred and fifty dollars, what is the value of a *falsetto* voice?"

The last way of vending liquor in Maine, by saturating a sponge with the forbidden drink, and charging sixpence per suck.

They have got to growing chickens so large in Massachusetts, that farmers have to sell them by the quater, like pork. These are chickens to crow over.

Where is happiness always to be found?—D'ye give it up? In a Dictionary.

☞ Every man that has business ought to advertise it and if he has none he ought to advertise for some.

An advertisement in a newspaper, like a handsome woman, draws the attention of every body.

☞ Good humor is the blue sky of the soul, in which every star of talent will shine more clearly.

☞ A man should never put a fence of words around his ideas, because many who could otherwise give him a fair hearing, lack resolution to climb over such a rugged inclosure.

☞ Busy not thyself in searching into other men's lives, the errors of thine own are more than thou canst answer for. It more concerns thee to mend one fault in thyself than to find out a thousand others.

☞ There was a rule in an old debating society which might be advantageously recommended to some of our public bodies—"that any gentleman wishing to speak the whole evening should have a room to himself."

☞ Dr. Stevens, in his address to the graduates, said that "notwithstanding the toils connected with a medical life, it is a happy calling." This is just our opinion, and has been ever since we saw Dr. Rhubarb charge a dollar for shaking his head at an inflamed ankle.

☞ The following good hit at those who do business on the shadows of their grandfathers we find in a toast given at the Printer's Celebration at Richmond on the 17th of January.

"The first families of Virginia—like the stars seen in the ocean—they would not be there were it not for their bright originals in Heaven."

☞ The most useful, honest, and worthy *portion of the population of a State,* is its farmers and mechanics. They are the great mass of the people, and the foundation of the government. They silently work out the greatness of the nation; and it is to their arms that we owe our protection against foreign assaults, and to their votes, our safety from the machinations of internal foes.

Why are Mr. Ellis' writings like the muddy condition of streets? Because they tend to elevate female habits.

Fashionable society generally has but two faults; first, in being hollow headed; and secondly, hollow-hearted.

There is a young lady up town who says that if a cart wheel has nine fellows attached to it, it's a pity that a woman like her cant have one.

Why is a hen walking like a conspiracy? Because it is a fowl proceeding.

*Bushing Tomatoes.*—Those who love good tomatoes will take pains to cultivate them so as to insure them as near as may be in their full perfection. There is no fruit that delights more in air and sunshine than the tomato.—They should have, therefore, abundance of *room,* and the vines be sustained from falling to the earth. I have found stout brush, firmly set around the plant, to answer the purpose better than any other method. The branches have room to extend themselves as they like, while the limbs of the brush keep them in their positions. By this method the fruit is more fully exposed to the genial influences of the air and sunshine, whereby it attains a more delicious flavor, larger size, and comes quicker to maturity.—*Rural New Yorker.*

*From the Indiaan Statesman.*

### *Platforms.*

"The people want no platforms, as politicians call them," says the Indiana State Journal. On behalf of the Whig party of Indiana, the organ declares that the people (we presume he means the Whig people) want no platform, no declaration of principles. As Bennett of the Herald once said, "talk of principles, principles are things we despise." So with the Whig party, who can support Gen. Scott. Nicholas McCarty, the Whig candidate for Governor of Indiana, like a candid and an honest man, is traveling over the State and avowing his principles. The Convention which nominated him laid down their platform; so have the Whig conventions in most of the States, but no avowal of principles for the public eye seems to suit them best in a Presidential election. The reason for this dark and double policy is obvious. No Whig can be elected on a truly Whig platform. Their object is then to cheat the people, and then after they have succeeded, to fasten on the country the policy of the party.

In the great contest between Jefferson and the elder Adams the platforms of the Republican and Federal parties were clearly defined. The distinguished leaders of that contest had filled high and important positions in the government. Their opinions were on record.—Such was the character of all the political contests down to 1840, when the committee at Cincinnati announced that the whigs must take Gen. Harrison with a generous confidence and required no declarations for the public eye.—Harrison and Tyler were elected and the sequel proved that the whig party who attempted to cheat the democrats, were themselves cheated. Gen. Harrison died and Tyler made a bad whig President. His history and the history of his administration will not soon be forgotten. Tired of this system, the whigs in 1844, nominated Henry Clay and made their platform clear and distinct. It was a contest on principles and resulted in a triumph of Mr. Polk and Democracy and the defeat of Mr. Clay and Whiggerry. In 1848. Gen. Taylor, who had written all sorts of letters, and on all sides, was nominated for President. Taylor had 300 negroes and lived in the south, and Fillmore, who had repeatedly expressed anti-slavery views, was put on the the ticket to honey-coat the pill for the north. They were elected and both wings of the party have been cheated. Taylor, under the lead of his Secretary Ewing, adopted the northern or anti slavery policy, and pursued it until he brought the country to the verge of civil war, and at the very crisis when this bomb was about bursting in the whig camp and scattering it to fragments, the fuse died out by the death of President Taylor.

Then followed Mr. Fillmore, who adopted a new line of policy, dismissed the old cabinet and attempted to cleanse the Augean stable of Abolitionism: and doing this, he disappointed and enraged the northern wing of the whig party, and they now stand united as a Roman legion in opposition to him. So that during the last four years both wings of whiggery have been cheated and disappointed. The south by Taylor and the north by Fillmore. So much for no platform. Now there is an effort with the northern whigs, backed by the office-seekers and bottle-holders, to elect Gen. Scott without any expression for the bublic eye. He has military fame but no civil reputation. Has never held a civil office. Never gave a vote in a legislative body. His letters have all been military except one which he wrote in favor of and another against Native Americanism. Where has he ever uttered one word on the Tariff or Currency questions or on the subject of the Compromise! A question which has overrode everything else for two years past. He is perfectly silent and his friends even refuse to construct a platform for him to stand on. Had he been a civilian like Mr. Clay, Mr. Fillmore, and Mr. Webster, there might be some show of reason for this silence. Their political acts and opinions are part of the written history of the country.—Their record is made. They stand on the national whig platform, and standing there, have no chance of success. Hence the necessity of selecting a candidate who has no political record, whose opinions may be construed to suit circumstances, and whose political thermometer will rise and fall with the latitude and the degrees of heat and cold. For this reason the whigs now oppose a platform—They want offices, and to obtain a boon so desirable, they are willing to throw measures and principles to the dogs. They have been in power four years and no effort has been made to change the democratic policy adopted under the administration of Mr. Polk. The scheming and wire-working whigs have got the offices, and the honest whig voters who desired a change of measures have got nothing.

*A Temperance Appeal.*—Nobody in Connecticut, and surely nobody *out* of Connecticut, took so much interest in having the Temperance question made a kind of "decoy duck" in their late election as did Mr. Greely, in his Tribune. Here is a notable specimen of his strong appeals just on the eve of the election:

"*Temperance Men of Connecticut!* do you realize that it is *your* battle that is to be fought at your election on Monday?

Idle is the attempt to misstate or obscure the question at issue. *You know* that the Maine Law is the real matter in controversy—that if the whigs triumph, that Law will be passed; if they fail, it will be defeated. If you *mean* Temperance, or ever did, prove it by your steadfastnes now! How can you be humbugged by assertions that this or that candidate is personally temperate or respectable—what is that to the purpose? Will he support the Maine Law? If not, his temperance may be a good thing for him, but it is good for nothing to you."

It was all to be done for the benefit of *Whiggery;* but how much was gained, in the result, either for whiggery or political temperance, anybody can estimate who has heard of the overwhelming triumgh of the Democratic party.—*Cin. Enq.*

*A Good Example.*—Whe think the whole country will think Messrs. Wilcox and Brown, of Mississippi, for setting a most excellent example, which their brother Congressmen should not hesitate to follow. It is in this: One day last week, Mr. Wilcox gave the House notice that as it was busily engaged otherwise, he would write out and publishes a speech on a subject on which he desired to be set right, in relation to certain matters of difference between himself and his colleague, Mr. Brown. The latter gentleman, following Wilcox's example, wrote out his rejoinder, and informed the House that he would not occupy their time in reading it, but would have it published and sent to its constituents in Mississippi, along with Wilcox's. This is just what should be done with nine-tenths of all the speeches made. They are for home consumption and not for Congress. The members scarcely ever listen to the harangues. In future let each member write out his views on questions as they arise, print them, and send them home to his constituents, but not consume the precious time of Congress and the precious lungs of the members themselves, with reciting them. We have been a long time looking for any thing good to come from Missis-inpi, and had well night given up in despair; but we have it at last, and in the name of a small portion of the people, we return our thanks to Wilcox and Brown, and freely forgive them for that little fisticuff affair in the Halls of the House.—*New Albany Ledger.*

*South Carolina and Secession.*—The secession convention of South Carolina assembles on the 26th instant, and those who have been instrumental in calling it are evidently alarmed at their own folly, and now look to public opinion to check it in its mad designs. There is a wonderful change, of late, in the tone of the secession journals of that State. The State Rights Republican has an article (which the Charleston Mercury copies,) in which, speaking of the convention, it says:

"In the first place, we may fairly conclude that it will not attempt in regard to Federal relations any separate or solitary action, for *the State has positively negatived such a proceeding.* In the second place, we may conclude that it will not meddle with our internal organization, for that department has not been entrusted to it by public sentiment, but tacitly withheld. In truth, the convention is *an accidental body elected by a very small portion of the people.*"

*The Gardner Fraud.*—Disclosures will soon be made, in an official form, which will show conclusively that the Gardner claims, out of which Mr. Corvin is admitted to have received some $80,000, were utterly baseless.—In a letter to the New York *Tribune*, written on the 6th March, in the Mexican capital, we are advised that an agent appointed by our Minister, Mr. Letcher, has made an investigation to find out where the valuable *silver mines* were located, which Gardiner and his partner says they were forced to leave by the Mexicans, and for which they where paid an immense sum by the Mexican Claim Board.

This agent, who made a thorough inquiry among the Mexicans, having all the aid they could give him, asserts that these claims have no foundation, there being not even the sign or indication of any sylver mine anywhere within the territory asserted by these claimants.—Evidence, through him, is promised to show conclusively that all the proofs of the claimants were barefaced frauds. It is believed now that the depositions adduced by Gardiner and Mears, in support of their claims, are all forgeries, because the agent could no satisfy himself of the existence of one of the persons who testified in their favor, but on the contrary, of many who assert that none of them ever lived, or were known in the places in which it is pretended they gave their depositions.

When all these facts come out, what will Er Corwn do, having lost none of his plunder in the crash of the Colombus Insurance Company?—*Cincinnati Enq.*

*Extraordinary Disclosures in the New York Legislature.*—Albany, April 14.—Mr. McMurray, in the Senate, this afternoon reported the testimony taken by the Select Committee as to the black mail paid by certain banks to obtain Canal deposits. Some six or eight cashiers were examined, and four or five admit the payment of money to prominent politicians of the West, either directly or by discounting notes with the understanding that they should not be collected when due. One cashier paid an agent $1,000 in a single year, and during the next year discounted his note for another $1,000 on the above understanding in consideration of his political influence with the canal board. There is some correspondence submitted with the testimony, that will surprise the public.

*Mr. Gaines' Case.*—The U. S. Supreme Court, which recommenced its session in Washington last week, it is stated has refused a rehearing to Mrs. Gaines, widow of Gen. Gaines, by a vote of 4 to 2. This we suppose ends the chapter. Had her claims been sustained, she would have been probably the wealthiest person in the United States. There have been times, during the progress of the suit, when, it is said, she might have compromised for half million of dollars.

*The Public Printing.*—Washington, April 8.—The joint committee of the two Houses on printing have decided that the contractor has failed to fulfil his contract as authorised, and have therefore given the Senate printing to the Republic, and the House to the Union newspaper. Messrs. Gorman, Stanton, of Ky., Haven, and Truman Smith, voted in favor, and Hamlin and Borland against the new contract.

### *Management of Fowls.*

Many farmers keep a large number of fowls running at large, paying little or no attention to them, presuming that food sufficient for them will be found about the barn, or in fields adjoining it. The result as a matter of course, is, that they are unprofitable stock. Others again keep comparatively few, which are kept in a yard, well fed, and cared for, and during the season when they could damage crops are permitted to range at large. Facts prove that the smaller, but better fed stock is the most profitable.

Now the whole secret of making fowls profitable lies in a nut shell. Where a large number is kept, the amount of animal food they find in the barn yard, &c., is wholly insufficient to make them good layers. This is especially the case during the winter months and hence the necessity or supplying the deficiency. This can be done by giving them a small quantity of meat. The offal from the table should always, instead of being thrown into the slop barrel and given to the pigs, be readily. When the quantity of scraps is not large, a little fresh meat should be thrown to them occasionally.

During the moulting season they should be particularly well fed, and comfortable shelter provided for them. The food should also be varied somewhat; as chickens love a change occasionally. If fowls are neglected through the moulting season, (during which time they always cease laying) they rarely commence laying, again before the spring months, when eggs are cheap. The object of the farmer should be to keep his fowls laying through the winter months when eggs command a good price.

By pursuing this plan, chickens will generally lay during the whole of the winter months and prove profitable, and a small number well fed will be more valuable, than a larger number badly kept.—*Penn'a Farm Journal.*

*Lock Jaw.*—We have noticed in the lately, notice of several deaths by this disease, one of them in this neighborhood. We have published several times a certain preventative and remedy, in the application of beef's gall to the wound. Will not our editorial brethren circulate the information, and thereby save many valuable lives? Besides its anti-spasmodic properties, the gall draws from the wound any particles of wood, glass, iron, or other substances that may cause irritation, when other applications have failed to do so.—*Lancaster Gazette.*

*The Good Properties in Coffee.*—M. Payen, a distinguished French chemist, in a late lecture in Paris, on the properties and composition of coffee, after describing its component parts, says, of its properties as an article of nutrition:

He entertains a high opinion of its qualities as a safe and agreeable stimulant, and states that it has a notable effect upon the nutrition of the body, not by furnishing nutrition of itself, but its beneficial action on the tissues. It is, he says, less by furnishing assimilating substances than by preventing exhaustion and *denourishment* that coffee exercises upon the health a beneficial influence.

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

**SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1852.**


☞All legal advertisements sent to this Office for publication, hereafter, must be accompanied by the CASH to insure an insertion.

The charge of $1 00 per square for 3 insertions, would average about $1 25 per folio of 100 words. Those sending advertisements can easily compute the cost by this rule.

### *Democratic Electoral Ticket.*

STATE AT LARGE.
JOHN PETTIT, of Tippecanoe County.
JAMES H. LANE, of Dearborn County.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
*First*—BENJ. R. EDMONSTON, of Dubois County.
*Second*—JAMES S ATHON, of Clark County.
*Third*—JOHN A. HENDRICKS, of Jefferson County.
*Fourth*—EBENEZER DUMONT, of Dearborn County.
*Fifth*—WILLIAM GROSE, of Henry County.
*Sixth*—WILLIAM J. BROWN, of Marion County.
*Seventh*—OLIVER P. DAVIS, of Vermillion County.
*Eighth*—LORENZO C. DOUGHERTY, of Boone County.
*Ninth*—NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph County.
*Tenth*—
*Eleventh*—JAMES F. McDOWELL, of Grant County.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Bishop of the Episcopal Church in Indiana, Rt. Rev. GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D., will preach in Trinity Church in this city, this evening, and to-morrow, at the usual hours of service.

*The Campaign Sentinel.*—Our thanks are due Mr. G. Walker of Whitley Co. for a club of subscribers to the Sentinel for the Campaign. Those having Prospectuses with names of subscribers are requested to hand them in.

*Passage of the General Railroad Bill.*—The General Railroad Bill introduced by Mr. Nelson, passed the House by the decisive vote of 60 to 30, without any material amendments. It is a fair and liberal bill, affording every proper chance for the construction of such works as the business facilities of the state may require. The whole canal, railroad, and monopoly interest was marshalled against it, and every means used to defeat it or impair its usefulness by engrafting on such amendments as would virtually destroy it. But all was of no avail Every objectionable amendment was voted down, and the bill triumphantly passed. Our Representative participated largely in the debate on its passage, and jealously watched every attempt on the part of the opponents of the bill to defeat or spoil it. It is fortunate for us that Allen County is so ably represented this session.

*Reduction of Canal Tolls.*—The bill introduced by Mr. Nelson into the House, providing for a reduction of tolls to be made on the Wabash & Erie Canal, in accordance with the provision in the Butler Bill reserving that right to the State, has, we are glad to learn, awakened the Board of Trustees to a sense of their duty. A meeting of the Board is to be held at Indianapolis on the 10th inst. to which committees of business men along the canal line are invited, to take the matter into consideration, and make such a reduction as may be satisfactory to all concerned. In the meantime further action on the bill will be postponed until the Board meets; but if the Board should fail to meet the reasonable expectations of the public, we are assured the bill will pass without difficulty.

The business men, and indeed the whole community along the canal line, are under great obligations to Mr. Nelson, our Representative, for the prompt manner in which he has brought this matter forward.

*Whig National Convention.*—A caucus of the Whig Members of Congress resolved to hold the Whig National Convention at Baltimore, on the 17th June. They had rather a stormy time of it, on the subject of the compromise measures. The caucus refused to endorse them, whereupon all the Southern members except seven withdrew, resolving not to have any thing to do with the proceedings. Whiggery does not seem to be very harmonious; the cunning scheme to carry out the mum policy, and have the friends of the whig Presidential candidate at the South represent him as favorable to the compromise, and those at the North to assure the abolitionists that he was opposed to it, does not seem likely to work well. It is a hard matter to carry water in both shoulders; and Gen. Scott will have to define his position if he expects the nomination. At present Scott stock is getting below par.

☞ The State Central Committee have refused to take the any action in the case of R. J. Dawson, the elector for this district. At a meeting held at Indianapolis on Saturday last, they resolved that they had "neither the power or the inclination to create a vacancy by the removal of Mr. Dawson, and without such vacancy the committee have no right to make an appointment." If this is to be the final action of the committee, it is much to be regretted. We hope they will reconsider the matter, and refer it to a district convention. If Mr. Dawson was a good democrat, and felt any interest in the success of the democratic cause, he would himself recommend such a course. But as it is, we have no expectations that he will do so; and the result will be that he will remain on the ticket and fail to receive the votes of hundreds of democrats in this and the neighboring counties, who are so satisfied of his political delinquency that they are unalterably resolved not to vote for him.

*Gen. Cass in Michigan.*—The Michigan Democratic Convention assembled at Detroit on Wednesday last. On motion it was unanimously resolved that the roll of the delegates be called by the Secretary and that each member of the convention on his name being called, announce his preference as the Democratic candidate for President of the United States. On the call of the roll, every member of the body announced Lewis Cass of Michigan, his preference. There was not a dissenting vote.

MIAMI CANAL—*Open of Navigation.*—By a telegraphic dispatch from Mr. Doyle, dated on Thursday, we learn water will be let into the Miami Canal to-day. The Cincinnati packets will commence their trips to-morrow or Monday.

RAIN! RAIN!! *Rain!!!* appears to be the order of the day—and night too. We have rain almost every day, occasionally diversified with a thunder storm at night. The ground is completely saturated with moisture, and our farmers are unable to make any progress with ploughing or other spring work. It is, beyond all doubt, the most backward and unfavorable spring experienced here for a great number of years. The wheat crop, however, we are gratified to learn looks well; much that was thought to have been winter-killed has taken root and is again growing finely. Should the season prove favorable the prospect now is that we shall have a first rate crop of wheat; but unless we speedily have drier weather the spring crops must prove deficient, as the farmers will not be able to get them in the ground in season to arrive at maturity.

☞ Mr. Dawson's champion *Q. in the Corner* seeks to justify his assertion that he was authorised by Mr. Dawson to deny a charge made by us in our paper printed the day after he (Dawson) left here, and which he could not therefore have seen, by saying that it was the same in substance as we had made on previous occasions. This may be so; but Q. said he had Mr. Dawson's authority to deny the charge "contained in *the last* Sentinel." However, if he sees fit to deny it over his own name, we will give our authority for the charge. Come out, friend Q. and show yourself to the public; a Dawson man in Fort Wayne would be a spectacle worth looking at.

The last communication of Q. shows in its tone a good deal of what a late *improved* version of Shakspeare calls the "wincing of the jaded nag." This is wrong, and not what might have been expected from such a gentlemanly personage as he is represented to be. Keep your temper, friend Q; there is no necessity to *get rily*; this uncalled for heat shows a consciousness of a bad cause.

Could not Q. while his hand is in, also give us a "by authority" denial of the charges made against his injured *protege* by a De Kalb Democrat in our last? The people here generally believe them to be true, and that they clearly show Dawson to be no democrat, and unworthy a place on a democratic ticket. A denial "by authority" under the august sanction of Q's. proper name *might* work wonders in Dawson's behalf. At all events it would be a gratification to the public, who would like to see how far his *disinterested* zeal for Mr. Dawson would lead him. Let us have it, friend Q.

The money market at the East continues easy. The specie current has changed, and it is now returning from Europe in large amounts. Letters from California announce the coming of large amounts of gold by the next steamers. The Cherokee will bring $1,500,000, and the following arrival over $2,000,000.

CONCERT.—The Eddy Family gave a Concert in this place on Tuesday evening last to a crowded and highly respectable audience, who were highly delighted with the rich musical treat furnished by these popular Vocalists. It has seldom been our fortune to listen to any thing approaching the richness and melody of the warbling of the Misses Eddy, and rarely if ever has a performance given such unmixed satisfaction as this concert.

In place of any further remarks of our own, we give place to a communication, which we believe correctly expresses the feelings of all who were fortunate enough to attend the Concert.

*For the Sentinel.*

### *The Eddy Family.*

*Mr. Editor*: Tuesday evening last I was one of the numerous persons who had the pleasure of hearing this well known family give one of their happy concerts. Taking into consideration the unfavorableness of the room which they occupied, I feel that I but express the sentiments of every one present when I say that for melodiousness and distinctness they are unsurpassed among all the Vocalists extant. Their appearance on the stage bespeaks for them a high degree of intelligence and nobleness of character; their every motion is natural—no assumed *airs*, nor pretence to superiority. Their social qualities are commendable—none of that haughtiness about them that too frequently characterizes those who have gained notoriety. Their benevolence in charitable purposes commend them wherever they go. I hesitate nor in saying that the *clear sweet voices of the Ladies reached the hearts of many of the Young Gentlemen in attendance.* The pleasure of witnessing their *beautiful countenances and charming smiles* double pays expenses, as all will bear testimony who have heard them sing. They are deserving of patronage wherever they may go.

VOX POPULI.

NEW GOODS.—Our merchants are now receiving their spring supplies; their shelves are being filled with beautiful and tempting articles; and if the weather would only clear up and give the ladies a chance to get out, we make no question they would enliven our streets with their presence, and delight the hearts of the merchants with their gratified smiles, and heavy purchases of the articles laid in for their especial use and benefit.

First on the list, we will mention our old favorite, Capt. MOSES DRAKE, at the world renowned No. 3, who is always among the first in providing for the wants of his customers. His urbanity and courtesy to his customers is proverbial, and all that is necessary for us to do is merely to announce the fact that he is now opening his new goods.

The *Farmers' Depot* is also filling up with the spring purchases made by Mr. SCHWEGMAN, the junior of the establishment—and, by the way, a bachelor—who has taken especial pains to show his devotion to the ladies, by making such a selection of goods as must meet their approbation, and insure their custom—if nothin gmore. Orff & Schwegman's is one of the best stores in the place, and this year it will fully maintain its high reputation.

WILSON & TRESSELT are receiving their goods—and a beautiful assortment they have, too, selected by the junior with great taste and judgment. The most fastidious could not fail to be suited here, nor could the most economical, or the greatest bargain-hunter find fault with the extremely low prices at which the goods are offered.

☞ "Them goods have arriv" at TOWNLEY & FREEMAN'S. They, too, have been selected by the *Junior*. It may seem a little singular that all the purchases this year have been made by the *Juniors;* but we suppose the reason to be, that they know best what will suit the ladies, which is an important matter in laying in spring goods. A glance at this rich assortment will prove that in this instance at least the above in the true reason. There are few better stores to be found than Townley & Freeman's—and buyers already appreciate this fact.

JACOB FOELLINGER'S new stock of *Boots & Shoes* is ahead of any thing of the kind ever before brought here. He has some most beautiful articles of ladies' wear, of the latest Paris styles. Jacob is a practical workman, and consequently a judge of the articles he deals in; he is therefore likely to have bought *good* articles as well as neat ones, and can warrant them to be all he recommends. He informs us that he is going to sell cheaper than ever this season.

*Agricultural Warehouse.*—Messrs. Comparet & Hubbell have put up an addition to their warehouse, expressly for the sale of Agricultural Implements, a large assortment of which they will shortly have on hand. An establishment of this kind has long been needed here. It will prove a great advantage to our farmers, and by furnishing them with all the newest improvements and labor-saving implements; will do much towards the improvement of agriculture and add much to the wealth and prosperity of the country. The enterprise deserves the most liberal encouragement of the farming community.

*A Costly Army.—Whig Economy.*—The discussion in Congress on the Deficiency Bills reveals some interesting facts respecting the army. The navy used to be considered the mouth that ate up a large portion of the public revenues without rendering any adequate equivalent, but the army seems to be putting in its claims to a considerable amount. The army numbers 10,000 men. Last year Congress made an appropriation of $1,000,000 for the simple purpose of transporting men, provisions and military stores from one post to another. By the mismanagement of the War Department, it has been made to cost us $2,000,000, or thereabouts, at the rate of $200 to every man in the army. The entire expense of our army amounted last year to $10,000,000, or $1,000 to a man.

*Whig Extravagance.*—Truman Smith, a whig U. S. Senator from Connecticut, well known for his indefatigable labors in behalf of Taylorism in 1848-'49, now boldly denounces the reckless extravagance of the Whig administration. Out of the mouths of their leaders let them be condemned. In a recent speech in the U. S Senate Mr. Smith said:

"When I came into Congress the received opinion among members was, that the expenditures of the Government should, in no event, exceed about $21,000,000 per annum; and I remember very well that the expenditures by Gen. Jackson and Mr. Van Buren's administrations, of about that sum, during what is usually denominated the Harrisen campaign, held up in contrast with the expenditures of the administration under John Q. Adams as being perfectly enormous and in the highest degree corrupt. But what now is the state of things! These expenditures have been carried from $21,000,000 up to about $50,000,000; and it is a painful duty for to discharge when I say what I verily believe, that CORRUPTION and EXTRAVAGANCE have increased just about in proportion as the increase of our expenditures—more than a hundred per cent. It is high time that the public attention should be called to this matter."

☞A correspondent of the Madisonian writing from Washington, says:

I am happy to be able to inform you that through the industry and perseverance of Adjutant General Reynolds, the State of Indiana has recovered the balance due her by the United States for the transportation, &c., of the volunteers during the Mexican war. The whole claim of the State, amounting to over $6,000, has been allowed with the exception of $186 39, while the interest collected, General Reynolds informs me, is sufficient to cover his expenses in procuring the necessary vouchers and prosecuting the claim, &c The reason of the disallowance of the $186 39 is because the company for which it is claimed, was never mustered into service, and consequently the Department could not allow it under the law. But Gen. Reynolds says, "it will never do to give it up so," and he is preparing a statement to be brought before Congress for the amount, and really, I would not be surprised if he succeeds.

RHODE ISLAND.—One of the whig members of the Legislature elected from Providence city, is Christopher Colombus Potte. Americus Vespucius Potter, his twin brother was an unsuccessful candidate on the democratic ticket, but there being no choice of a sixth representative, Americus was renominated by the democrats, for the vacancy, and elected. To the other coincidences may be added that these brothers resemble each other so closely that none but their most intimate acquaintances can distinguish them.

THE WHEELING BRIDGE.—What sort of an abstruction to the free navigation of the Ohio river the Wheeling bridge is, the following statement from the Wheeling Gazette of the 8th inst will show:

"The steamer Pittsburg, one of the largest and fastest boats on our river, lowered her chimneys yesterday while laying at the wharf on business, and passed under the bridge at good speed, with some 15 feet to spare, although there was 24 feet water,—the highest rise since 1832. Before she was out of sight she had them again in their places. This fus about lowering smoke pipes is all fudge."

*Woman Shot*—The wife of Michael Catt a resident of Decker township, Ind, was shot on Monday of last week by her son-in law, a Mr. Young, to whom she approached disguised as an apparation. Mr. Young had been previously conversing about the spiritual rappings, ghosts, &c, and it is probable was much excited on supernatural subjects at the time. Mrs. C., in a mood of merriment, showed herself to him, when he seized his gun and fired at her. The ball passed through her neck, and occasioned death in a short time.

☞Counterfeits on the State Bank of Indiana, Lafayette Branch, denomination of $10, letter A, have made their appearance in Cincinnati. They are made payble to J. S. Hanna—Cyrus Ball cashier. The engraving is rather coarse and the signatures decidely bad.

FRANCE.—The Paris correspondent of the *London News* says:

"Among the reports which go far to confirm the general expectation of the proximate establishment of the empire, I have heard one to day, which is by no means the least significant. It is said that the President has dissolved his illicit connexion with Mrs. Howard, and reconciled that lady, by the condition of a settlement, to retire from a position, which becomes more scandalous in proportion to the elevotion and spledor of the power to which it is attached by a forbidden link, and from which it receives a glaring reflection."

The correspondent of London *Times* tells a different tale:

The facts mentioned in my letter of Monday last, relative to the reception of the Count and Countess of Chambord by the Grand Duke, at Venice, are confirmed in every respect, by information which has reached me subsequently, and which leads to hope that I sha'l soon have some futher details on the subject. It appears that the intelligence was communicated officially to the government here, on whom it made a disagreeable impression; and I am assured that it was the knowledge of these circumstances that occasioned the allusion to she empire in the President's address to the Judges on Sunday, on their taking the oaths of allegiance. Another incident—the reported interview at Aix la Chappelle between the Duke d'Aumale and Generals Changarnier and Lamoriciere, on the return of the Duke from Italy to England has also contributed, not perhaps to excite alarm' but certainly to annoy the government and as it seldom happens that one trouble comes alone; the death of Prince Schwartzenberg has increased their dissatisfaction. A private letter from Vienna seems to attribute the death of the Prince to excitement occasioned by certain political *contraietes;* and the *coup de sang* under which he suffered fourteen or fifteen days before the first fatal stroke is explained—how truly it is here difficult to say by similar causes. It was in vain that the nearest surviving relatiev, to whom he was tenderly attached, endeavored to claim him, and to dwell earnestly on the weakness of yielding to such anxiety and violet irritation every time that he considered himself slighted by his imperial master, or that he suspected his influence was underminded by an older and more powerful statesman. The impatient and haughty temper of Prince Schwartzenberg could not brook such slights.

All these thing, together with the symptoms of an organized opposition in the legislative corps, more numerous and more compact than the government certainly expected, tend to put the ministers into ill humor. Yet I believe they take these things more seriously to heart than the President of the republic himself.—Whether it be from a superstiious feeling, or from great firmness of character. Louis Napoleon is said to be as confident of his position, present and future, as he is that he exists; and he is under the impression that were he to proclaim himself emperor to-morrow' he would meet with no obstacle at home and from abroad, it may be, a protest, but nothing more. Whether this be self delusion or not, I believe it to be the fact.

*Health of Louis Napoleon.*—It is recently been stated that the health of Louis Napoleon is in a most unsatisfactory state, and some private letters say that the French President has been so seriously ill that he was unable to appear in public. Reports to this effect were probably circulated to account for his non-appearance in public, which some journals have attribued to his fear of assassination. It is known, however, that Louis Napoleon is afflicted with a severe complaint in his head, which, at times, causes great pain. It is stated that, if these attacks should continue, he will be altogether unfit to transact any public business.

*Death of Prince of Schwarzenberg.*—The Daily Tribune of the 19th makes the following announcement:

In another column of this paper is narrated the touching visit just made to the tomb of Washington by Louis Kossuth, the chief illustration of genius, patriotism and misfortune in the tempestuous record of these passing times. We are here to chronicle the sudden death of that Austrian Minister under whose administration Hungary and Kossuth were overthrown, and through whose force of intellect and unscrupulous energy of character the seeming reconstruction of Austrian power was effected, by means of fraud, bloodshed and cruelty, such as the gigantic crimes of Austrian history have perhaps, often equaled, but never surpassed.

Information relative to the Franklin expedition has been received by the English Admiralty. A merchantman states, that in the spring of 1851 he had seen two ships imbedded in the ice drifting apparently towards Davis Straits, ships beyond as he believes, belonging to the lost expedition.

LETTER OF THE HON. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.—The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser contains a letter from the Hon. Humphrey Marshall, member of the House of Representatives from the Louisville (Ky.) district, urging the nomination of Mr. Fillmore for the Presidency. After stating that he made it a point, during his canvass for a seat in Congress, to ascertain public opinion in his district in regard to Mr. Fillmore and Gen. Scott, he says:

'*I assure you there was not a corporal's guard for General Scott in my whole congressional district;* and had the vote been then taken my opinion is he would not have commanded, as against Mr. Fillmore, *two hundred* in the *seven thousand* whig votes of the district. I am assured by my correspondence that *there is no material change* in the views of the people "

The sentiment of his district, Mr. Marshall says, is a true reflex of the sentiment of the whole State, and he adds:

"As to General Scott, it is not a fit time to say more than this: *In his present position he cannot obtain the vote of Kentucky any more than he can command the powers of heaven. What effect a change of his position at this late day* would produce, will be more accurately determinable when the *new* position shall be taken. This determination on the part of our whigs is not the result of prejudice against General Scott. I am sure no such feeling inhabite my bosom "

*The Economites.*—The Pittsburg Journal publishes the long opinions of Judges Grier and Irwin, in a recent chancery suit, brought against the Economy Society of Socialists, by an expelled member, for the recovery of his share of the property owned by the Society.—The complainant was a member for twenty-seven years, working faithfully, receiving nothing but board and clothing. He claims that, in 1846, he was wrongfully excluded, and deprived of his share of the accumulated wealth of the Society, alleged to have been worth $2,000,000 at the time they expelled him. The complainant claims $60,000 as his share, and the Court ordered that the case be referred to a commissioner, to take an account of the value of all the estate of the Harmony Society, as it was held in 1819 and in 1846, the number of persons entitled to community, of property, and also what would be a fair compensation for the labor of the complainant for twenty-seven years, deducting money paid, and others property taken by him at the time of his expulsion. Witnesses estimated the property of the Society as high as seven millions.—*Cleveland Herald.*

*For Wright*—The Centerville Whig a short time since held the following language wih reference to the re-election of our present efficent and popular Governor:

"So far as our state policy is concerned there is no difference between Whigs and Democrats; and as Gov. Wright has taken the first efficient steps for the development and encouragement of the Agricultural resources of Indiana, we again say that we hope he will be continued in the Executive Chair."

*From the Pittsburgh Journal of April 27th.*

### *Great Flood in the Ohio!*

From the time we closed our article of yesterday, until we commenced this one. 10 A. M. the waters have continued to swell steadily at a rate ranging from 6 inches per hour to 10 inches, and during all this period the rain has continued with occasional interruptions, but with no intervel exceeding ½ of an hour.

At the time we write, the water has attained the height of 32 feet, being about 3 feet as yet below the great flood of 1832, and one foot below the Pumpkin flood of 1810.

We met with an intelligent man from Booksville, Jefferson co., yesterday, who came down the Alleghany in a skiff, and he gives sad account of the loss of lumber along that river, and its triubutaries. He left Booksville on Saturday for Kittaning where he remained over night, resuming his voyage on Sunday and his report is of heavy rains increasing rapidly the flood in the river. All the way he witnessed wrecks of rafts, which he could not number, and represents that the lumber on Red Bank, prepared for market had all burst away.

His estimate is that 150 rafts were swept out of Red Bank. Of these, a number would be caught and landed in the eddies, but the greater portion would go clear. Mr. Bardy, also stated that the number of rafts, carried off from Mahoning would equal those from Red Bank. Here is proof of very serious loss of property, from the two rivers. What must the aggregate damage along the Alleghanies to the head waters, on which kindred representations are coming in. Mr. Brady confirms the report we alluded to yesterday that up the Alleghany the valleys were laden with snow two feet deep.

The Cleveland True Democrat of Wednesday morning, gives but few additional particulars, and says there was:

"No mail from Pittsburgh last night no telegraph either! So that we are not informed whether the flood was on the increase or not. The details, however, as far as we have seen them, show an immense loss of property.—Rafts of lumber, lumber in yards, and other valuble property have been swept away by the flood. We rejoice, however, to say, as far as can be ascertained, that the sacrifice of life has not been so great as rumor stated it to be.—Still the calamity is a severe one, and will be severely felt by those who dwell upon the Belle River and its tributaries."

The rise commenced at Pittsburgh on Saturday.

A great number of men, in their efforts to save the rafts been drowned, when the rafts smashed to pieces. Quite a number of persons were seen floating on boards down stream. A raft, without a sweep struck against the Mechanic street bridge, and was shattered to pieces. All on board perished, and in sight of thousands of awe struck spectators, unable to help them.

A correspondent of the Cleveland Herald, writing from Wellsville, 20th describes the codition and distress of families located on the lower part or bottom lands at Wellsville, and the Virginia shore as "awful." He adds:

"The dwelling houses (some of them) on the opposite side of the river, on the Virginia bottom lands, the foundation of which are usually 20 feet above the water in the Ohio, are now so nearly inundated that nothing but about three feet of the peak of the roofs and the tops of the chimneys are visible. Yesterday afternoon the Steam Ferry Boat was employed in taking the families and furniture from the second story windows (the best being made fast to the house) and conveying them to the foot of the hill, about a quarter of a mile, *sailing directly over the entire farms* on which the houses stood. In the lower part of this city, the water is from one to four feet on the first floors of many of the dwellings, and in some cases up to the second story windows. A large building, apparently a work shop, floated out of the city this morning, at 9 o'clock, got out into the main river and was carried down the current with great velocity, occasionally rolling over and over, and being crushed as it past along. Bridges and rafts, buildings, hen coops and *live* chickens sitting on the tops of them, are constantly floating by. Some of the rafts, lamentable to say, have a number of men on board of them, being drenched with rain, which is still falling in torrents, and unable to land their crafts or make the shore."

### *The Dawson Difficulty.*

Immediately upon his return from Washington, Brown, the chairman of the State Central committee, made a few remarks upon the Dawson affair, not officially, but editorially, in which he states that the central committee have no power to act in the matter. We never really supposed that they had sufficient power to warrant them in decapitating Dawson without appeal, but we did think they would take sufficient interest in the success of the entire Democratic Electoral ticket of the State to officially recommend some plan by which the difficulty might have been settled. They certainly had that much authority, and it is all any one expected of them.

Brown thinks the difficulty might be settled by submitting it to a Convention of the Democracy of the District. As this is all we are likely to get from that quarter, we must even make the most of it, the more so as it is the only plan left which promises anything like an amicable adjustment. It is the best plan, most certainly, but we fear it will not cover the entire ground. If both parties mutually pledge themselves to abide by the decision of the convention, it will all work well enough; but this is what we fear the most bitter will not do. However, we shall see.

Let the matter be referred to the Congressional Convention which must soon be held. If Dawson will consent to this, and pledge himself to abide by the decision of the convention, we, as one of the "indignants," will agree to give him at least a silent support if he is sustained, and think we can safely promise him the united vote of the democracy of this county, believing that they look at the matter as we do, and sooner vote for him with all his imperfections on his head, for *such* an office, than vote indirectly for a whig President. But if he refuses—if he throws himself back upon his fraudulently obtained nomination by the State convention, and defies the democratic party—then we wash our hands of the consequences. Though his egotism almost blinds him, Dawson is not entirely destitute of sense, and must see that this is his only chance for putting a stop to a matter which so far has made him famous, but which, if continued to the end, must inevitably render him infamous.

Will some of our friends at Fort Wayne, take the responsibility of writing to Dawson upon this subject? As we do not live in the district, and can have no voice in the final settlement of the question upon the plan proposed, it would be rather out of place for us to interfere, or we should have taken the necessary steps some time ago.—*Huntington Observer.*

KILLED.—During the violent storm of wind and rain which raged on Sunday evening last, Wappasippen, a Miami Indian, was killed by a falling tree. He and Young Squirrell had been attending the funeral of Mazequa, a chief of the tribe, and were on their return when the accident occurred. The numerous friends of *Young Squirley* will be gratified to learn, that though much bruised and hurt, he is likely to survive his injury.—*Peru Sentinel.*

MAZEQUAH, a Miami Indian, well known to all our old settlers, died at his residence on Saturday last, and was interred according to the rites of the tribe on Sunday. By arrangement he had been exempt from removing west as stipulated in the treaty of 1840, and having purchased land, had become a tiller of the soil, and in may other respects had adopted the manners and customs of the whites.—*Peru Sentinel.*

## LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

SENATE.—*Friday, April* 23—Petitions favoring temperance, and upon other subjects, were presented and referred to committees.—S. S. Mickle was elected president protem. of the Senate. Mr. Lane being absent. Most of the forenoon was devoted to the consideration of the bill providing for courts of common pleas.

In the afternoon the bill enacting courts of common pleas, as amended, was ordered to its engrossment. The following bills passed: providing for election of State Printer and for the public printing and binding; establishing general provisions respecting corporations; to incorporate manufacturing and other companies; to definite misdemeanors and provide punishment for the same.

HOUSE.—Eighty-five members in their seats. A great number of petitions in reference to the sale of intoxicating liquors were then presented, all of which asked for stringent laws for the suppression of the traffic therein. Mr. Nelson, from the select committee to whom was referred a bill relating to tols on the Wabash and Erie Canal, reported the same back with amendments, when, on motion of Mr. Gookins, it was laid on the table. The select joint committee on revision, through Messrs. Owen, Gibson, and Stover, reported several bills in relation to the incorporation of railroad companies, plank road companies, divorces, prosecutions for bastardy, official bonds and oaths, taking up and impounding estrays; which last bill was laid on the table. The committee also reported back House bill in reference to fencing the Tippecanoe Battle Ground, without amendments; and it having already been twice read, it was read a third time, and passed almost unanimously.

In the afternoon the report of Mr. Holman of the judiciary committee in relation to the bill concerning mortgages was finally adopted. The bill providing for the colonization of Negroes and Mulattoes, was read a third time; but failed to pass for want of the constitutional majority. Mr. Withers then moved to take up the joint resolution in relation to declaring the bridge over the Ohio river at Wheeling, Virginia, a post route, which was carried, and the resolution ordered to a third reading, when the House adjourned.

SENATE.—*Saturday, April* 25.—A bill from the committee on reviision, providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, was read a first time. The bill establishing courts of common pleas was finally passed, 26 to 15.

In the afternoon, the bill prescribing who may make a will, &c., was read a third time, amended, and passed. The bill for the organization of circuit courts, was taken from the table, amended, read a third time and passed, 22 to 4.

HOUSE.—Eighty-seven members in their seats. A number of petitions praying for the passage of the Maine liquor law was presented and appropriately referred. Mr. Holman, from the judiciary committee reported back House bill relating to apportionment of estates, with amendments, which were concurred in. Mr. Owen, from the joint committee on revision, reported bills on promissory notes, the growth of silk, inspectors of salt, beef, &c., the detention of lands and manner of recovering the same, and electric telegraph companies; which were read a first time.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Governor, announcing the resignation of Hon. L. Harrison; also, a remonstrance from several citizens of Jefferson county, against the passage of the Maine law. Bill providing for the maintainance of illegitimate children was then taken up, and after undergoing amendments, and discussion was engrossed. A petition presented from citizens of Clay county, by Mr. Mudgett in reference to certain alleged frauds and forgeries in relation to petitions which have been presented to this House for a re-location of the county seat of said county, was referred to committee on elections.

SENATE.—*Monday, April* 26.—Petitions were presented by Messrs. Athon and Scoby, favoring abolishment of book peddling license and favoring the Maine liquor law; referred to committees. Resolutions were adopted of inquiry whether Wabash & Erie canal lands are taxable before 5 years after purchase; authorizing proof sheets of the Senate's journal to be furnished the Senate previous to correction; requesting the revision committee to superintend the arrangment of amendments to certain bills; also a joint sesolution in regard to procuring a grant from Congress of land for a State Female Seminary. Bills for the incorporation of high schools, &c., and for the organization of a Supreme Court passed.—Various bills were read a second time. A communication from the Secretary of State was laid before the Senate, stating that the M. & I. R. R. Co. has filed a resolution in his office accepting the proposals of the act in regard to the State's interest in the M. & I. R. R, &c. A bill making radical changes in the present mode of doing township and county business, failed to pass, 26 to 17.

The following bills were introduced and read a first time: to provide for choosing electors for President and Vice President of the U. S.; providing for the election of Prosecuting Attorneys, defining their duties, &c., prescribing the manner of empanneling petit jurors, the number and compensation thereof, &c., and for laying out and vacating towns, streets and alleys, &c. The death of Mr. Glazebrook, representative from Putnam, being announced, resolutions of sympathy, adjournment, &c., were adopted, when the Senate adjourned till morning.

HOUSE.—Eighty six members in their seats. The usual amount of Temperance petitions presented, and referred. The committee of revision then reported a great number of bills on various subjects, which were read at first time. A resolution in favor of the Maine law was voted down, by a vote, approaching unanimity. The General Rail Road bill was taken up, and made the special order of the day, for to morrow at 10 o'clock A. M. The colonization bill was then taken up, and passed; Ayes 60, Noes—28. It appropriates $5,000 to colonization purposes.

SENATE.—*Tuesday, April* 27.—The following bills passed: to form voluntary associations: bills for electing clerk of Supreme Court, and county surveyor, and prescribing their duties; providing for deputies to certain offices; touching townships and their boundaries; enabling trustees to receive and convey donations, for religious and other purposes; providing for appointment of Supreme Court Sheriff; regulating tolls of grist mills, and prescribing duties of millers; to establish county libraries; transferring county agent's duties to county auditor; in regard to Attorney of State for Supreme Court; for the electing &c. of Circuit Court Clerks and county Sheriffs and prescribing their duties; do. of State Agent; and prescribing the manner of compelling officers to give new bonds and additional sureties.

The afternoon was devoted to bills upon their second reading.

HOUSE.—The committee on revision reported a number of bills, which were disposed appropriately. The usual quantity of petitions for the Maine liquor law was then presented and read; also, a remonstrance against its passage. Several bills from the Senate were taken up, read, amended and referred. The bill regulating descents came up, and Mr. Gookins offered an amendment, upon which he spoke at some length, and ordered to a third reading. House adjourned.

The general railroad bill was read a third time, and passed; also the bill concerning mortgages. House bill for the regulation of the traffic in intoxicating liquors was taken up, and amendments being offered, was laid on the table. Mr. Owen offered a bill for the regulation of the traffic in spirituous liquors, which was read a first time. House bill on the same subject was taken up, debated, and referred to the temperance committee. The House then passed, with amendments, the bill concerning descents and apportionment of estates, when the House adjourned.

*A Compliment to the Craft.*—The following is from a letter written by John C. Rives, of the firm of Blair & Rives he says:

"I have seen the manuscript writings of the great men in this country during the last twenty years, and I think I may safely say, that not twenty of them could stand the test of the scrutiny of one half of the journeyman printers employed in my office. Your true printer is not only a moral and intelligent man, but has a very considerable tinge of romance and chivalry in his composition. His patriotism is one of the most honest and enthusiastic kind far purer and more intense than that of the public men of the country."

WASHINGTON, April 23.

Chevalier Hulsemann has obtained leave from his Governmen, for an indefinite period, and will shortly leave for Europe. This has been granted him in consequence of his representations, that he could hold no intercouse of any kind with Mr. Webster. He will, therefore, absent himself till Mr. Webster retires from the State Department. The friendly relation between the two Governments are not, however, interrupted.

*For the Fort Wayne Sentinel.*

INDIANAPOLIS, April 22, 1852.

*Dear Sir:*

I observe in your paper of last Saturday just received, you mention that "the fruit trees are mostly killed." That was the impression I had before I left home. Knowing the great solicitude felt throughout our region on this subject, I lost no opportunity in my travels here to ascertain what I could in regard to the matter. The injury is uniformly the same throughout this state, Ohio, and perhaps other states. Peach trees are pretty generally killed every where—The injury sustained by apple trees is very serious, but, I am inclined to think, not fatal generally *anywhere.* On my arrival here, the day before the session commenced, I went immediately out to see how matters stood with Mr. Alldridge's extensive orchard and nursery, near this city.—I found all his Peach trees and nearly all his Pear trees killed; all his Cherry, except the Morello, more or less injured. In regard to his apple trees (a fruit that we have a hundred fold more interest in than all others combined) we made a most critical examination. I found them affected about in the same manner and to the same extent as with us, with the addition that he showed me several trees he found on the next morning after the first freeze, that were burst open, extending into the heart of the tree, so that he could put his whole hand in anywhere from the lower limbs to the ground. These trees closed up as soon as the frost came out, and now show evident signs of the bark uniting—Upon a close examination about six inches above ground, where the injury appears to be greatest, we found the sap moving freely and the bark not sour, although much discolored. Mr Alldridge is decidedly of the opinion, that although considerable damage is done to apple trees, they are by no means generally killed; and from his long experience and thorough knowledge of fruit trees, added to my own observation here, I am inclined to give much credit to this opinion. No intelligence that I can communicate I know will be as acceptable to the people of our county as this, for when I left a general gloom prevailed in regard to the matter.

I will make a suggestion that may be of service:—mutilate the trees as little as possible and if the bark in inclined to burst or open, it would be well to confine it by tieing some lynn bark or something of the kind around the tree.

Very Respectfully,

I. D. G. NELSON.

*T. Tiger, Esq.*

SENATE CHAMBER, April 27th, 1852.

*Editors State Journal*—The near approach of the time for planting corn, induces me to make a suggestion to our agricultural friends in regard to *seed corn.* I am informed by one of the most intelligent farmers of Wayne county, that he has tried five different experiments, during the last few weeks to sprout corn, for the purpose of testing its vitality. In the five experiments he have made by planting in a rich soil, in a box kept in a warm and light room, not one half of the grains planted sent fourth sprouts. He was induced to test the matter from the fact, that some thirty years ago, after a very severe winter, similar to that of our last, a large amount of corn planted in the White-water valley failed to come up, and the farmers were put to much inconvenience for seed that would grow, and many of them sent to Kentucky for corn to plant. I am told by another gentleman that a similar effect followed the cold winter of 1832 or 1833, in the section of the State in which he resided.

This may not by the case here and now, but I make the suggestion for the benefit of those interested. If the fears entertained are groundless, so much the better; but it will not be much trouble to test the matter, in time.

Excuse the apparent gratuity of the above suggestion. D. P. HOLLOWAY.

## COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852.

There is not much doing. Wheat remains at 50 cents. Corn 33a35; Oats 33a37; Potatoes 60a65; Butter 15; Eggs 8; Bacon 8a9.

All kinds of marketing is very scarce, and sells readily at high prices.

*New York, April* 28.—Flour, common to straight, 4 04 a 4 18; mixed to fancy Indiana and Michigan 4 25a4 62; Corn 62a65; Pork, mess, 18 50; prime 16 87 a 17 00; Lard 10 a 11; Ashes, pot, 5 00 a 5 06; pearls 6 25 a 6 31.

*Toledo, April* 28.—Wheat 67; Corn 40.

MARRIED,—On the 4th inst., by M. Whitmore, Esq., Mr. ALBERT N. CROMLEY, Printer of the Bluffton Banner, to Mis MARY F. HINCHMAN, of Wells county.

Another Printer rewarded! Success attend thee, Albert. May thy *case* never *run out of sorts;* thy partner prove a *capital nonpareil,* and in due course of time furnish thee a *minion* fount of SMALL CAPS.


**Petroleum and Rheumatism.**

NOBLE CO., IND., Jan. 30, 1852.

To the Proprietor of the Pittsburgh Petroleum:

I take pleasure in stating that I have been benefitted by the use of your Rock Oil—the Red kind—the same that is now sold by Mr. H. B Reed and Mr. W. Wall, in Wayne. I was seized in August last with a violent attack of *Rheumatism* in one knee and leg, with tormenting pains, so that I could not walk, except with difficulty. After suffering for about two months, I applied your Petroleum, which commenced at once to drive off the pains, and in a week was almost entirely well and am now well. I consider this Oil worthy the attention of the afflicted. Having an opportunity by being in Wayne to day, I have just bought another Bottle to try for partial deafness of a little girl. I reside at the old "Gordon Stand" on the plank road, 17 miles north from Wayne. J. MACKEY.

## DRESS MAKING.

MISS L. FORD, late of AUBURN, New York, respectfully informs the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced the Dress Making Business, at the house of Mrs. Bowen, on Barr Street. All work entrusted to her will be promptly executed in the neatest and most fashionable style.

*. * *The latest Fashions regularly received*

May 1, 1852. 43.

*Dr. Hoffland's German Bitters*—This celebrated medicine is one of the very best in the country, and its good qualities only need to be known, to give it precedence over all others now in use. We have seen its good effects lately, after the total failure of many others. This is saying more than we can for any other medicine within our knowledge, and we feel it a duty to recommend the Bitters to the notice of our friends. The genuine is prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Phila.

**S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.**

We would call special attention to this excellent Family Medicine, with the satisfaction one feels in praising a benefactor. Its established reputation recommends it in preference to any new preparation, and whoever requires a genuine approved medicine should read the Doctor's advertisement and try his Shaker Sarsaparilla. ☞ See advertisement in another column.

## Them Goods Have Arriv'd!!

WE have just received a part of our New Goods—and more daily expected. No time for particulars this week—suffice it to say they are Cheaper than the Cheapest, and Better than the Best. We are bound to sustain our reputation, of being the cheapest Store in town. Call and see—no charge—if you don't buy.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.
No. 27 Columbia Street.

Apr 30, 1852.

**200** Bushels DRIED APPLES, a most splendid article, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

**50** Half Bbls WHITE FISH, just received and for sal by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

## Old No. 3 again in Advance!

TWELVE DAYS FROM NEW YORK!

MOSES DRAKE Jr has received by express another of those

**Splendid Stocks of Goods**

for which the old stand is so famous. It embraces every thing needful—all of the best qualities and NEWEST FASHIONS, of course nothing else is ever to be found there. They will be sold at the usual No 3 LOW PRICES

May 1, 1852

## Goods by Railroad.

THE FARMERS' DEPOT is now receiving a full assortment of the Latest and most desirable styles of

**Spring and Summer Goods**

of all kinds, including a beautiful stock of Berages, Lawns, Ginghams Delaines Barage Delaines and White DRESS GOODS: Prints Summer Shawls, Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Mitts Bonnets, Ribbons, &c &c.

For the gentlemen we buy Summer Cassimers Linens, and all the new styles of Summer Goods. Fur and Plush Roseuth Caps, Palm Leaf and Leghorn Do In short, we have great, grand, and glorious assortment of Dry Goods, selected with unusual care, which we intend to sell at the very smallest possible advance on

*New York Prices!*

We are also receiving our usual supply of

**Groceries, Hardware, & Queensware.**

We intend doing a strictly Cash and Barter Business, by which means we can sell at much less advance on cash prices than here-to-fore. Small purchases will give us a call will be thankfully received, and if our terms suit their own interests, and secure good Bargains. Call and try.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

May 1 1852

## New Goods, New Goods!

**FIRST ARRIVAL.**

We are now receiving a Splendid assortment of

*Spring and Summer Goods,*

to be sold at our usual Low Prices, for CASH or BARTER

WILSON & TRESSELT.

## FIRST ARRIVAL OF Boots, Shoes & Leather, &c.

*At No. 6, Phenix Block, Calhoun Street.*

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

JACOB FELLINGER has just returned from the East, with a very full and well selected assortment of SHOES and BOOTS of all kinds—including Ladies' Gaiters all colors; Men's Boots, half & quarter Gaiters Excelsiors, Buskins—in fact all varieties. Misses and Children's Wear in great variety; Gentlemen's Fine French Boots; Calf Boots, all qualities, from $2 75 to $5 50. Congress Gaiters and Boots, Bucksskin Taylor Ties, &c &c.—Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, and Brogans of all sorts. Boys' and Youths' Wear in great variety.

These goods having been carefully selected at the best eastern establishments, and by a practical shoemaker, customers may rely on getting super or articles, and they will be sold on the most favorable terms—

*Far Cheaper than ever before!*

He still carries on the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and will make any article to order on the shortest notice. A full assortment of

*Home-Made Boots and Shoes*

kept constantly on hand.

A large stock of SOLE and UPPER LEATHER, Calf and Kip, Linings, Binding, Lasts, Pegs, and a full assortment of SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, will be sold by the trade as cheap as they can be bought at any other place in the West.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852. 6m43

1852. 1852.

## COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.

**Forwarding & Commission Merchants,**

*Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,*

FORT WAYNE, IND.

AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Erie Mills,
Franklin Glass Works,
Oswego Cotton Mills,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

*And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Sash &c.*

CASH paid for GRAIN and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments

May 1, 1852.

ALLEN COUNTY

## *Agricultural Warehouse*

**COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.**

*Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,*

HAVE completed an addition to their Forwarding and Commission House expressly for

**Agricultural implements,**

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Machines so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st, 1852.

**20** Bales Heavy SHEETINGS for sale low. COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

## Caution.

WHEREAS, my wife Eliza Duffy, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting

3w43] OWEN DUFFY.

Lake Township, Allen Co., April 30th, 1852

## *CARPETS.*

A Good assortment of CARPETS on hand and for sale *very cheap.*

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

## Wonderful Discovery.

THE subscriber has discovered that those indebted to him, are determined not to pay him until compelled by law, and he has determined to give them a hearing in that way, as soon as he can see the proper officers. He will be found at the store of Bayless & Co.

B. MASON.

Fort Wayne, April 2, 1852. 39tf

## To the Public.

*A New Discovery in Chemistry*

DR. DANIEL MULLIER will give attention to those that will give him a call. He will at all times have a variety of medicine for all the diseases mentioned below; he invariably cures the following in the given time: Sick or constitutional Headache in five minutes, so as never to return; if inflamatory not quite so soon; break ague and fever of the worst kind, in one day; break fevers of any kind, in from one to three days; cure diarrhœa of the worst kind in one day; cure jaundice, dyspepsia, liver complaint, asthma, salt rheum or tetter, gravel, enlargement of the spleen (called ague cake) sore or weak eyes, deafness, and palpitation of the heart, in from five to five days; cures dropsy, rheumatic affections, neuralgia, bronchitis, Tic Doloreaux, milk leg, and piles, in from three to twenty day; cures Erysipelas of the worst kind in from two to five days, if called on before suppuration; cures bilious cholic of the worst kind in one hour; a medicine for all female complaints, which cannot be particularized in print, and all secret diseases cured in shortest time; and a medicine for tooth ache, ear ache, and corns.

Persons living at a distance can send for the Medicine, as it is all labeled, and if used as prescribed it will not fail. The above Medicine is entirely clear of Calomel, or Quinine. Hundreds of certificates might be placed here, but the public have become tired of such humbuggery. If the public will call on me, and go by my prescription, I have no fear of their being disappointed. The last six years of my practice was in Dayton, Ohio; Lafayette, Ind.; Fort Wayne, Ind.; Maumee City, Ohio; Adrian, Michigan; Chicago, Illinois; Laporte, Ind.; Logansport, Ind.; South Bend, Ind.; and back here to Fort Wayne—most of the time in good practice. It would plague those that are hostile to me, to find or hear of one patient that died under my treatment, in any of the above places; although one-fourth of them have been cases that were failures of the best of physicians. I have not failed doing good, when proper attention was given me; and as I am getting old, and fear the science will die with me, I am willing to give a recipe to one individual of a place for the good of the afflicted public. Let those creatures that are in the habit of representing me wrong; let them interrogate the above, and let them contradict it if they are solvent enough to back what they say.

Calhoun Street, second door south of Public Square.

April 23d, 1852. DR. DANIEL MULLIER. p3w42

## DR. VON BONHORST, SURGEON DENTIST,

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, one door north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day.—Several years successful practice in this profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

*Old Gold* wanted, for which the full value will be given

Sept. 20, 1851 y41

## *Fort Wayne Female College.*

The Summer Term of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, May 5th, and continue its session thirteen weeks.

A. C. HUSTIS, Act. Prest.

Fort Wayne, April 12, 1852.

## WOODRUFF HOUSE,

*Sycamore Street, between Third and Fourth*

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

R. E. TUTTLE,
G. P. TUTTLE,
*Proprietors*

4i

THOMAS WATKINS, Jr.,

*Forwarding and Commission*

**MERCHANT,**

6m43] TOLEDO, OHIO.

## Prince's Melodeons,

*(The best and cheapest Musical Instrument in use)*

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

GEO. A PRINCE & CO.'S celebrated Melodeons are almost universally acknowledged to be the best instruments of the kind manufactured in this country. The many improvements they have made in this hitherto inferior instrument, now make it one of the most desirable and useful articles of furniture that can be used in a family. In families, especially, where Sacred Music is taught or practiced, The whistling, wheezing or squeaking tones these instruments used to possess, have now given place to a clear, pure, round tone, nearly resembling that of the "Flute Stop" in the organ. Probably no musical instrument of any description ever made has met with so extensive and unprecedented a sale as the "Prince Melodeon."

They are warranted *never to get out of tune*, are better adapted to the human voice than any other instrument, and wherever they have been introduced are rapidly superseding Pianos. They are offered at prices so low as to place them within reach of all lovers of music, and being furnished in the first style, form a beautiful article of furniture. For small churches, these instruments have no equal. One of them is in use at the German Reformed Evangelical Church in this city.

Prices.—Four Octave, $45; Five Octave, $75; Do, Do, Piano Style, $100

The subscriber is appointed Agent for the sale of these instruments, and will furnish them at manufacturers' prices.—He has on hand one four octave instrument, which may be examined at his residence. Any other size furnished to order.

THOMAS TIGAR.

April 24, 1852.

## *Election of Railroad Directors.*

THE Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE & SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, will meet at Bluffton on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, to elect a Director. Stockholders to be entitled to vote, must subscribe for stock at least 30 days before the election. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the board of Corporators.

W. ROCKHILL, *President.*

S. G. Upton, *Clerk pro tem.* 6w42

State of Indiana } In the Court of Allen
Allen County, ss. } County, May Term, 1852.

Henry Dickickson, Administrator of Castleman's Estate, vs. Henry Castleman, et al.

BE it remembered that on this 16th April, 1852, it being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court on affidavit filed by a disinterested person, that Henry Castleman, one of said defendants, is not a resident of the state of Indiana: It is therefore ordered that said Henry Castleman be, and he is, hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said petition, and that he is required to be and appear before the Judge of said Probate Court on the third Monday in May next, and show cause, if any he can, why the real estate of said decedent should not be sold and made assets in the hands of said administrator.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

April 16, 1852. [$2 00] 3w41

## Land For Sale.

THE subscriber offers the following land for sale to wit: the S. W. quarter of the S. E. quarter of section 13, Township 32, north of Range 12 east; containing 40 acres, and the south and east part of 62 30-100 acre tract, supposed to contain 52 acres, known as fractional lot number 2 in section 3, Town 31 north of Range 11 east, adjoining the plat of the village of Kraco, and the equitable interest of the E. half of the S. W. quarter of section 29, Town 31 north of Range 13 east; containing 80 acres.—These lands are all well selected, and a good title will be made to the purchaser. For terms apply to HENRY COOPER, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 14, 1852. 41tf

SHAWLS—A very heavy stock of Brochas, Jenny Linds, long and square Cashmeres, &c. &c. All varieties from $1 00 to $20 00.

MRS. DYKES.

BLANK Deeds, Mortgages, Percussion Notes &c., for sale at the Sentinel Office.

## New Bonnets—Spring Styles.

MRS. DYKES has just received 6 dozen Ladies' Bonnets, of the latest Spring Styles.

Other Spring Goods daily expected.

April 22, 1852.

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: A part of the We-Pe-Ka Reserve, Lying at the Junction of the St. Marys and St. Joseph Rivers, commencing at a stake on the east line of the land he occupied at the time of the execution of the said mortgage, by Clinger's heirs, near a Walnut tree, thence north three chains and seventy-five hundredths to a stake near a Cherry tree, thence east sixteen chains to a stake near a thorn bush, thence south to a stake near a large Sycamore tree, three chains and seventy five hundredths, thence west to the place of beginning: containing six acres, in Allen county, state of Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of William Lytle at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 21, 1852. [$4 25.] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29 h day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: one Town Lot number ten (10) in block number thirty-one (31), in Ewing's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of Samuel Siberts at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 20, 1852. [$2 75] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a fieri facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot number one hundred and four, Original Plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of James Barnett at the suit of Ferguson, Collins & Co.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 23, 1851. [$2 58) 4w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of Vendi Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852 at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot 51 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Henry Cooper at the suit of Joseph L. Clark, Doremus, Suydam & Nixon, et al

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 19, 1852. [$2 75] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number eighteen (18) in Old Plat, and Lots number two hundred and fifty six (256) and two hundred and fifty-seven (257) Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate

Taken as the property of John G Walpole at the suit of Jacob C. Bowser.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C

April 22, 1852 [$3 00] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 15th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the undivided half (½) of the north east quarter (¼) of the north west quarter (¼) of Section forty-three (33) Township thirty-one (31) north of Range twelve (12) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Asa Pierce at the suit of Peter Wagoner.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 12, 1852 [$3 00] 5w41

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry Fieri Facias to me directed, from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 6th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot number one hundred and eighty (180) acres of land in the county of Allen, and state of Indiana, being part of the section of land granted to Josette Bourbon in the Treaty of St. Marys made with the Miami Tribe of Indians, by the United States, on the 6th day of October, A. D 1818; said section is situated on the St. Marys River, in said Allen county; and said one hundred and eighty acres are to be taken from the east side of said section by a line straight so as to include the House and Orchard, where the family of the late Elisha B Harris resides, on said section; and on failure to realize the full amount of Judgment, interest and costs I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 8, 1852. [$3 75] 5w40

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 8th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot two (2), in Lot No. ninety-five (95) in the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest, and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Goggenheimer at the suit of John Hough, Jr.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 8, 1852. ($2 55) 5w40

## *Sheriff's Sale.*

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 8th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the east half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26), and east half (½) of the north-west quarter (¼), and east half (½) of the south-west quater (¼) of section thirty-one (31), range thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Reid and William Reid at the suit of James G. Homer, Bell, and others

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 7, 1852, [$3 00] 5w40

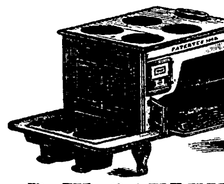
## OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

BOOKS are opened for subscription to the Stock at the Ohio & Railroad Company, at the office of the undersigned in this city, payable in cash at such time, and in such proportions as may be required by the board of directors.

Subscriptions may also be made payable in good agricultural lands, at their cash value, to be agreed upon by the party offering, and the undersigned, at the time of subscribing.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Assistant Treasurer, O. & Ind. R. R.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 11, 1852. tf52



## B. W. OAKLEY,

*No. 79, COLUMBIA STREET.*

STONE FRONT

WOULD respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has now on hand and keeps at all times the best assortment of stoves in the west.

**Cooking Stoves,**

Embracing all the new varieties and latest improved patterns of *airtight* and Premium Stoves.

**Box Stoves,**

The very best of Box Stoves, heavy plates and varying in size from eighteen inches to three feet and a half long.

PARLOR STOVES.

A great variety of the latest style and most improved patterns for beauty and durability.

TIN WARE—At wholesale or retail. He is prepared to fill all orders with promptness and despatch, and his friends may depend upon having their goods put up with care. *All article manufactured by him are warranted.*

*JOB WORK.*

COPPER, TIN or SHEET IRON, WORK and all Kinds of Repairing Done to order and warranted to give satisfaction

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Rags, Roots, Beeswax and Tallow CASH taken in exchange.

HARDWARE—A very heavy stock well selected for this market, and bought with special reference to the *low price of wheat.* Among his stock will be found MECHANICS TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths, Millwrights, and most other branches. Also, FARMERS TOOLS such as Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Scythes, Grass and Grain, Axes, Hammers, Grubbing Hoes, Brush Scythes, Ox, Trace and Halter Chains, all sizes of Black or bright coil Cable Chains.

IRON AND STEEL.—A heavy assortment of American and Imported Iron of all the usual sizes, among which may be found the best quality of Swedes Iron and Russia Nail Rods, also Sanderson and Cast Steel.

NAILS—Eastern and Jauriata Nails of all sizes, from 2 to 40 and Spikes from 4 to 6 inches, also the best Horse Shoe and wrought Nails ever brought to this market.;

Jan. 14th, 1852.

## PLOWS! PLOWS!!

JUST received, and for sale an assortment of the well known *BUCKEYE PLOWS* both Steel and Cast Mouldboards, right and left hands, of the latest improvements, all warranted to perform equal to any in use.—We expect to keep a supply of these Plows on hand.

AYRES, WILLIAMS, & CO.

Feb. 21, 1852 3m23

## WOOL CARDS.

WE have received an assortment of the best Wool Cards from a Manufacturing Establishment East, and will sell the same at Buffalo prices, to wool carders or any other persons who may give us a call.

We use the same kind on our Carding Machine, and find them to be the best we have ever used.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 30, 1852. 3m30

## AGENTS WANTED,

*To Sell new and Popular Books.*

WE are in want of Agents to canvass this part of the State for some new Books.

A small capital of but $10 or $15 will be required to commence with, and an active person can earn from $3 00 to $5 00 per day. Some of our agents make much more.

Those desirous of engaging in this profitable business, may obtain our plan of operation, and a list of our Publications, by addressing post paid.

M. F. TOOKER & CO.
No 162 Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio. 5w39

## H. DURRIE,

*No. 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Pad Lock)*

OFFERS the largest assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever brought to Fort Wayne. Carpenters', Cabinet Makers', Coopers', Blacksmiths', Gunsmiths' and Saddlers' TOOLS in every variety, and of the most approved Makers.

**Farming Utensils**

of all kinds, a large supply.

**BUILDING MATERIALS**

including many new Patterns of *Door Locks* and *Latches*, making the best assortment of this kind of Goods to be found in the West.

*IRON, NAILS AND STEEL*

of all sizes and of *warranted quality.* Blacksmiths will find a large assortment of all sizes, to select from, including Russia Nail Rod, Swedes Iron, German and English Blister Steel, at prices lower than ever.

**Saddlers' Hardware and Carriage Trimmings,**

a larger assortment than ever and complete in every department.

**COOKING STOVES**

of all kinds, consisting of the most desirable Patterns made in Albany, Utica, Buffalo, Dayton, and Cincinnati. Those preferring an *Elevated Oven Cook Stove*, will find a new pattern of that kind got up this season, having many more conveniences than the old kinds. BOX and PARLOR STOVES of the latest Patterns including several styles of *open Stoves.*

***Tinware, Copper & Sheet Iron Work***

in connection with the above is an extensive *TIN SHOP* with Stock sufficient to execute any order in that line.

*Tin Plate and Sheet Iron* for sale by the quantity. Dec 20, 1851.

*Rochester Garden Seeds,*

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,

Fort Wayne, March 10, 1852.

## The Plow that Beats the World.

**JOHN RICH'S**

**Patent Iron Beam Plow,**

TROY, N. Y.

THIS PLOW has become the universal favorite of the farming community wherever it is known, and needs only to be introduced to be in the hands of every farmer in the United States. It has taken the first premium at all the Fairs where it has been exhibited, viz: Saratoga, Montgomery, and Rensselaer Co.; and at the great Fair of the American Institute at Castle Garden, New York, it was awarded the first Premium, a Silver Medal, for the Plow of the best and cheapest mode of construction.

The undersigned having purchased the right of making and vending these superior Plows in Northern Indiana, is now manufacturing them at Freeman's City Foundry, north of the City Mills, Fort Wayne, where they will be offered for sale. Farmers are invited to call and examine them.

WM. B BARTHOLOMEW.

Fort Wayne, March 12th, 1852. 3m36

CINCINNATI

**Stove Depot**

*No. 51 Columbia Street,*

NIAGARA BUILDINGS,

*Sign Red Stove.*

**A. D. BRANDRIFF**

WOULD call attention of the public to his large and well selected Stock of

**Cooking Stoves & Tin Ware.**

Having for a number of years been engaged in the manufacture and sale of Stoves, feels confident that he can make selection that will suit the wants of this community. His Stoves are of the heaviest kind, made of the very best quality of Iron, and for beauty and convenience of construction are excelled by none; all of which are warranted to bake first rate and give general satisfaction.

To attempt a full description of the various styles and qualities with their numerous advantages, would be useless, the only object of this short notice is to induce purchasers to call and examine for themselves. Then I will give them a detailed statement of the different qualities and advantages of each particular stove, and also my

**Very Low Prices,**

which would astonish even the natives.

***Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware.***

A large and complete assortment of Tin Ware at wholesale and retail, at prices that cannot help but to please.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS would do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOB WORK of all kinds done to order by the best of workmen. House gutter and spouting made and put up to order at the shortest notice.

March. 6, 1852. 6m35

HOSIERY—Just received at No. 41 Hanna's Block, a full assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hose, Knitting Yarn, &c

MRS DYKES.

## DR. S. D. HOWE'S SHAKER SARSAPARILLA!

IN quart bottles, the Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

For Female Complaints it stands without a rival. More Evidence! Another Remarkable Cure! Read it!

COLUMBUS, IND., June 11, 1850.

Dr S D Howe & Co.—Gents: I have been afflicted with a cough for the last three or four years, which caused me very near taking me to the grave, despite of all the medical aid from my family physician. I had despaired of ever again being restored to health. Six months ago I noticed the advertisement of Dr. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla Extract—immediately sent and procured one bottle, and, gentlemen, the result of taking two bottles of Dr. Howe's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla has caused me to say to you, and any whom it may concern, that I am entirely relieved from all coughs, pain in the breast, &c.

MRS. NATHAN GRAVES.

Remember it is warranted to be

*Purely and Entirely Vegetable.*

And as a Female and Family Medicine it has no equal.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

Quart bottles $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

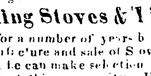
For sale by I. BAKER
(Successor to S. D. Howe.)
Proprietor.

No. 1, College Hall Building, two doors above Fourth, Cincinnati, O., to whom all orders must be addressed, and by

W. E. LANGLEY, Fort Wayne.
Dr A. I. WILLIAMS, Bluffton.
JESSE DAVIS, Huntington.

Dec 27, 1851 1y25y

## NOTICE



**To Railroad Contractors.**

PROPOSALS will be received at Lima, Ohio, on the 1st day of June next, for grubbing and clearing and grading and gravelling road, from Upper Sandusky to Lima, until the 19th day of May next. Also at Delphos, until the 2 day of May, for that portion of said road, from Lima to Van Wert.

Also at Fort Wayne, Ind., until the 25 day of May next, for that portion extending from Van Wert to Fort Wayne, Ind.

Plans, Profiles, and specifications may be seen at each of the above named places five days previous to the time of letting. For further information call on the Engineers who will be in attendance at the said places, with whom bidders may confer.

Pittsburgh Gazette, Massillon News, Shield and Banner Mansfield, Cleveland Herald, and Plain Dealer, Toledo Blade, and Republican; and papers on the Line at Bucyrus, Upper Sandusky, Lima, Delphos, and Van Wert, will copy until time of letting, and send bills to the undersigned for payment at Fort Wayne.

WM. MITCHELL & CO.

Fort Wayne, April 15th, 1852. 6w41

[ 1852. ]

## Troy and Western Line

ON THE CANAL AND RIVER,

*Leaves New York and Buffalo Daily, Running in Connection with Steamers and Propellers on the Lakes.*

NO TRANSHIPMENT AT ALBANY OR TROY.

*Cargo of Each Boat Fully Insured.*

PROPRIETORS:

Rice, Clapp & Co. N.Y., P. L. Sternberg & Co. Buf.

*For Freight or Passage, apply to*

Rice, Clapp & Co. 31 Counties Slip, N. Y.
Chas. A. Folger & Co. 101 Pier Albany,
P. L. Sternberg & Co. cor Front & Dock St, Buf.

Mark Packages "T. & W. Line," and ship daily from No. 31 Counties Slip, N. Y

6m40] T. WATKINS, *Agent, Toledo, O.*

## STRAYED.

A Gray Stallion Colt, 2 years old, about 4½ feet high, mane and tail more dark, and a white star in front of the head, has been missing about three weeks. A liberal reward will be paid to the individual who returns him to

FRANCIS SEVENEICK, or
REKER & BROTHERS.

Fort Wayne, April 23, 1852. p3w42

JOB Printing neatly executed on the shortest notice at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

## Fall and Winter FASHIONS.

JUST RECEIVED

*At No. 54, Columbia St.,*

FORT WAYNE.

MISS WELLS would call the attention of the Ladies to her new stock of

**Millinery Goods and Bonnets,**

of every kind, feeling assured that she has something to please the taste of all. She has a great variety of Costumes, embracing everything new and elegant for Dresses, Cloaks, Mantelletts, &c. Among her

**FANCY GOODS**

are a great variety of beautiful rich Flowers and Plumes, Ribbons, Dress Silks, and Trimmings of different kinds.

Dresses, Cloaks, and Bonnets made to order in the newest and best style, and on the most reasonable terms.

Nov 7, 1851. y18

## Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell farm in Washington township, four miles north of Fort Wayne, near the plank road; it being the east half of the south west quarter of section fifteen (15), containing eighty acres. Said farm has about *30 acres of improvement;* the whole of the land is well fitted for farming purposes, and is well watered and timbered. Any person wishing to purchase will do well to give me a call soon, as I would like to sell before seeding. For particulars call on the subscriber living on the premises

THOS. J. RICH.

August 2, 1851. 4tf

## PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil

*A Natural Remedy! Procured from a Well in Allegheny county, Pa., 400 feet below the Earth's Surface! Put up and Sold by*

**SAMUEL M. KIER,**

Canal Basin, Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

The healthful balm from Nature's secret spring,
The bloom of health, and life, to man will bring;
As from her depths the magic liquid flows,
To calm our sufferings, and assuage our woes.

PETROLEUM.—It is necessary, upon the introduction of a new medicine, to the notice of the public, that something should be said in relation to its powers, in healing disease, and the manner in which it acts. Man's organization is a complicated one; and to understand the functions of each organ, requires the study of years. But to understand that certain remedies produce certain impressions upon these organs may be learned by experience in a short time. It is by observation in watching the effects of various medicines, that we are enabled to increase the number of curative agents, and when we have discovered a new medicine and attested its merit, it is our duty to bring it before the public, so that the benefits to be derived from it, may be more generally diffused, but have no right to hold back a remedy whose powers are calculated to remove pain, and to alleviate human suffering and disease.

*The Petroleum has been fully Tested!*

About one year and a half ago it was placed before the public as a remedy of *wonderful efficacy.* Every one not acquainted with its virtues, doubted its healing properties. The cry of humbug was raised against it. It had some friends. Those that were cured through its wonderful agency. These spoke out in its favor. The lame, through its instrumentality, were made to walk—the blind to see. Those who had suffered for years under the torturing pains of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, were restored to health and usefulness. Several who were blind have been made to see. In writing about a medicine we are aware that we should write truth—that we should make no statements that cannot be proved. We have the witnesses—crowds of them, who will testify in terms stronger than we can write them, to the efficacy of this Remedy, who will testify that the Petroleum has done for them what no medicine ever could before—cases that were pronounced hopeless and beyond the reach of remediate means—cases abandoned by Physicians of unquestioned celebrity, have been made to exclaim "This is the

**MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED!"**

We wish by before you the certificates of some of the most remarkable cases: (see circular with the oil) to give them all, would require more space than would be allowed by this notice. Since the introduction of the Petroleum, about one year and a half ago, many Physicians have been convinced of its efficiency, and now recommend it in their practice.—If the Physicians do not recommend it, the people will have it of themselves—for its transcendent power to heal, will and must become known and appreciated—who is the worst of, the cured speak out; when the cures themselves, stand out in bold relief, and when he who for years has suffered with the tortures and pangs of an incurable fest, that has been shortening his days and shadowing him "to be a grave and a sepulchre appointed for all the living," when he speaks out in its praise, who will doubt it? The Petroleum is a Natural Remedy—It is put up just as it flows from the bosom of the earth, without any thing being added to or taken from it.

It gets its ingredients from the bed of substances which it passes over in its secret channel. They are blended together in such a form as to defy all human competition. The Petroleum in this respect is like MINERAL WATERS, whose virtues in most chronic diseases, are acknowledged, not only by Physicians, but by the community at large. These singular fluids flowing out from the earth, impregnated with medicinal substances of different proprieties, and holding them in such complete solution as to require the aid of Chemistry in order to detect them, bears ample proof to the fact, that they are compounded by the master hand of Nature, for the alleviation of human suffering and disease. It is a *natural* remedy; and as Nature never *half does* her work, it is a medicine of unequalled Power, as we have the most abundant testimony. That it will cure every disease to which we are liable we do not pretend, but when used according to directions, it will cure or materially relieve—Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Mumps, Toothache, Eruptions on the skin Pimples on the face, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm Tetter, Scald Head, Pains in the bones and joints, old Sores, Ulcers, Worms, Acute Erysipelas, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and pulmonary affections of a Chronic nature tending to produce Consumption

Burns and Scalds Diseases of Bladder and Kidneys, Chapped Hands, Excoriated Nipples, Sore and Bunions.

Directions accompany the Oil. Price 50 cents. For sale at wholesale and retail by H. B. REED and W. WALL & Co. Druggists, Fort Wayne.

Dec. 20, 1851. y24

## MUSIC.

**Miss Emma Smallhouse**

INFORMS the Young ladies of Fort Wayne, that she is prepared to give instruction on the PIANO and in SINGING. Her residence is on Calhoun Street, three doors south of the Public Square, east side.

Feb 6, 1852 3:31

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

## CHARLES P. FREEMAN & Co.

(LATE FREEMAN, SHEDGE & Co.)

**IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,**

144 *Broadway One Door South of Liberty Street, New York.*

HAVE now on hand, and will be receiving daily through the season, New Goods, direct from the European manufacturer, and cash Auctions, rich, fashionable, fancy Silk Mercery Goods. Our stock of Rich Ribbons, comprises every variety of the latest and most beautiful designs imported.

Many of our goods are manufactured expressly to our orders, from our own designs and patterns, and stamped on the selvedge. We offer our goods for *cash*, at prices than any credit House in America can afford.

All purchasers will find it clearly to their interest to reserve a portion of their funds and make selections from our great variety of rich choice goods.

Ribbons rich for Bonnets, Caps, Sashes and Belts
Bonnet Silks, Satins, Crapes, Lisses and Tarletons.
Embroideries, Collars, Chemisetts, Capes, Berthas.
Habits, Sleeves, Cuffs, Edgings and Insert

**SIDNEY ALBRA**

Is happily constantly on hand of a first rate article, *made in the good old way,—at cheaper rates only*—at the old stand, next door to the Hall & Orbison's, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

LAMPS.—Camphene & Burning Fluid Lamps —suspension, Side, Solar, Chamber, and other patterns. Also *Burning Fluid* For sale by W. E. LANGLEY.

## NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN at No. 37, Columbia Street, in Hanna's Block, are now receiving a large supply of

## New Goods

direct from the manufactories, which will be sold strictly at reduced prices.

Our store has already the reputation of being the

*Cheapest Store in Town,*

and we are determined that no pains shall be spared to make its name a reality.

Our assortment is complete. Farmers, Mechanics, and Country Merchants may here find everything and every thing that pains to Merchandize, and so cheap, too, that you can get your money's full of goods, and scarcely miss the money from your purses.

The highest price, *in Cash*, will always be paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Rye, delivered at the St. Joe Mills, or at Comparet, Hubble & Co's Warehouse. We shall keep a good supply of Salt always on hand for sale at the very lowest price.

Now is the time for Bargains—and this Store is *the place* to get them. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

Fort Wayne, Oct 31, 1851.

## NEW DRUG STORE

**WATSON WALL,**

*No. 1, Phœnix Buildings, (Sign of the IRON MORTAR,)*

Is constantly receiving fresh supplies of Medicines, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, &c. &c., from New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Pittsburgh. Country Merchants, Doctors and the public generally will do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere. All articles in our line warranted pure and genuine; among which are

| | |
|---|---|
| Sulph. Fate's Quinine. | Pink Root, |
| Sulph. Acet. Morphine | Camphor, |
| Nitrate Silver. | Cream Tartar, |
| Opium, | Dovers Powders, |
| Cinchona Barks, | Gum Arabic(white.) |
| Castor Oil, | Gum Gamboge, |
| Castor Oil, | Turkish Opium, |
| Castor Oil, extra. | Red Precipitate, |
| Cayenne. | Epsom Salts. |
| Rhubarb, | Flor. Sulphur, |
| Rhubarb opt | Spts Nitre. |
| Sulph. Jalap, | Aqua Ammonia |
| Cloves, | Sulph. Ether. |
| Cochineal, | Hon. Sarsaparilla, |
| Fig Sena, | Ref Borax. |
| Castile Soap, | Ground Ginger, |
| Liquorice. | Cider Vinegar, |

**PAINTS, OILS, &c.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Pure White Lead. | Chrome Green, |
| Red " " | Chrome Yellow, |
| Dry Wh. Lead Ore, | Sp. Bl. Indigo, |
| Red " " | Putty, |
| Litharge, | Sand Paper, |
| Red Lead, Venn. Red. | Cider Vinegar, |
| Spanish Whiting, | |

Spirits of Turpentine,
Linseed Oil from Dayton Mills.
Winter strained Sperm Oil,
Summer " " "
Winter " " Lard Oil,
Burning Fluid,
Alcohol, 76 and 92 per cent.
Castor Oil (cold pressed),
Copal Varnish (French City).
Couch Varnish " " "
Japan Dryer,
Paris Green, ground in oil,
" " dry.

ALSO,

Druggists' Glass Ware, Window Glass—all sizes.

Jan. 24, 1852.

1850. A. M. ORBISON

## ORBISON & ORBISON,

*(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)*

**Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.**

FORT WAYNE, IA.

*Liberal advances made on Produce.*

Business Agents:
Cornell & Co. }
Smith, Robinson & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo*
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, }
Park & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Punis, } *New York.*
Coit, Poaz, & Co. }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Lyon Ranch, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

J. J. COMPARET. M. W. HUBBELL. D. F. COMPARET.

1850. 1850.

## Forwarding & Commission.

THE undersigned having taken an interest with J. J. & D. F. Comparet, in the Commission and Forwarding business, it will hereafter be conducted by them, under the name and firm of COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.

Their Warehouse is new and spacious—situated on the Basin, at the east end of Columbia Street, and is entirely detached from any other buildings, thereby greatly increasing its security against fire.

They are prepared to purchase or store grain, and their facilities are not surpassed by those of any other establishment in town. Particular attention will be paid to the COMMISSION BUSINESS, and it will be conducted on the most liberal principles.

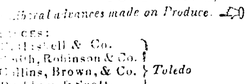
SALT always on hand at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Cash paid for any quantity of good Black Walnut Lumber. M. W. HUBBELL.

REFERENCES:

Kent, Porg & Co., *New York.*
N. Lee, Cashier, *Albany*
J. & C. Hitchcock, } *Buffalo.*
Jno. Hollister, }
H. McCulloch, Cashier, } *Fort Wayne.*
Winfield Smith, }
Brownlee, Pendleton & Co. }
Brown & Dodd, } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott, }
Jas. C. Butler & Co., } *Cincinnati.*
James Hall, }

Fort Wayne, May 8, 1850. 1y45.

1850  1850

## PETER P. BAILEY,

*Storage, Forwarding, & Commission* **MERCHANT,**

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Peas and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,

FORT WAYNE, Ia.

*REFERENCES.*

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " " "
Samuel Hanna, "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
B. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

## Family Groceries.

We are now receiving a fine assortment of GROCERIES for family use, consisting of Rio and Old Java Coffees, Crushed, Pulverized, Orleans, and Muscovado Sugars; Black Imperial, and Y. H. Teas; Capers, Peppers, Spices, &c. All of which we offer at the lowest prices. WILSON & TRESSELT.

Sept. 9, 1851.

## DOYLE & HOSKINSON'S NEW LINE OF STAGES

HAVE commenced running TRI-WEEKLY to ST. MARY'S, Ohio, connecting with SAM'L. DOYLE'S Line of Packets to Dayton and Cincinnati.

Passengers can obtain seats at the Office at the Hedekin House.

Fort Wayne, July 5, 1851. 52tf

## ALBERT E. JONES.

PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN

**SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, &c.,**

*Masonic Hall, Indianapolis.*

I Have the sole agency for the sale of the Celebrated and World Renowned, Grand and square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by JONAS CHICKERING, Boston, Mass. Prices varying from $275 to $1,000. The reputation of these instruments is too well established to require additional comment. Mr. Chickering has an experience of thirty-five years, during which time he has manufactured about twelve thousand Pianos, and has been constantly gaining in the confidence of a discerning public. I have also the sale agency for the State for

*Soddart & Co's Piano Fortes,*

manufactured in New York, and I am happy to say, that in the sale of more than six thousand of these instruments, in the last few years, with an unlimited guarantee, not one has been returned. I therefore offer these Pianos with the assurance that they will give entire satisfaction to purchasers. For constant use in Schools, Colleges, Seminaries, &c., these Instruments are unequalled, varying in size and style to suit all purposes, and in prices from $225 to $800 each.

## Boudoir Pianos.

I am Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Piano Fortes, which for compactness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard. We are also the only Agents in Indiana for the sale of

MURCH & WHITE'S

**Melodeons and Melodeon Pianos,**

which are intended for Parlors, Churches, Lodge Rooms, Singing Societies, &c., and for these purposes my stock embraces every variety and style, varying in price from $50 to $200, in beautiful Rosewood cases, and as finely finished as any Piano Fortes at three times the cost of these superb and unrivalled instruments. I invite attention particularly to these most excellent Parlor Ornaments.

Having located myself permanently in this City, and having opened a house for the sale of

PIANO FORTES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds, and Publishing, and the sale of

**Foreign, Eastern and Western Sheet Music,**

and, in short, all kinds of Merchandise appertaining to my line of business, at wholesale or retail. I beg leave to invite the attention of Seminaries, Colleges, Teachers of Schools and Classes, the Public generally, and *Purchasers particularly*, together with the Trade, to my Stock of Goods. My arrangements are now completed on a constant supply and full stock, on such terms as enable me to offer them at *Lowest Eastern Prices*, at Wholesale or Retail. I say Eastern prices because I can and will sell a very large Catalogue and a very large portion of my Stock at Eastern rates, and am confident I cannot fail to please, if the very best Goods that can be procured, with correct prices, can do it. All orders from the country will receive special and prompt attention, and Goods in all cases returnable if not satisfactory or such as are ordered.

ALBERT E. JONES.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20 1852. 3y31

## ROBINSON'S Tannery, Leather and SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber has enlarged his well known establishment, situated across the WEST end of the principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the foot of the

**LONG CANAL BRIDGE.**

In his enlargement, in addition to his usual *Stock of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Calf Skins, Kips, Linings, Bindings, Morocco, Harness, Trimmings, Skirting, Findings, Lasts, Pegs,*

AND

SUPERIOR BOOTS & SHOES

*Manufactured Expressly for Custom Work,*

the subscriber has added a large and general assortment of

**Eastern Made Boots & Shoes,**

of almost every variety, including Ladies' Gaiters, Slips, Jenny Linds, Polkas, &c.; Misses', Children's and Infants', of elegant Styles; Men's Boys', and Youth's, of all sorts and prices.

Also, India Rubber and Metallic Shoes and Bootees for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, Youths, and Children.

*Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.*

OAK BARK BOUGHT AS USUAL.

It is and will be the object of the proprietor to do a liberal business in all these various branches; and those favoring him with their custom shall, if continued, be fully satisfied that they receive full value for the money they expend with him.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. 1y15

## BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS!

STOPHLET has just received at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS a new and complete assortment of

**School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books, Stationery,**

etc., etc., which he offers for sale at Reduced Rates.

His stock of *Miscellaneous Books* is the best in the city. Among them may be found the following LATE WORKS by the most POPULAR AUTHORS:

Mrs. Leslie's complete Receipt Book, Miss Beecher's Domestic Economy, American Bee Keeper's Manual, Life of Virgin Mary, Catholic and Episcopal Prayer Books, Lives of James K. Polk, Silas Wright, and John C. Calhoun, Colton's Dick and Port, do. Sea and Land, do. Land and Sea, do. three years in California, Writings of Frederika Bremer, Lynch's Expedition to the Dead Sea, Nineveh and its Remains—by Layard, Chester's Sandwich Islands, Georgia Scenes, Rural Letters, Views a Foot, Works of Edgar A. Poe, Cooper's Works, Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy, Brewster's Optics, Letters to Young Men, Irving's Complete Works, Business Man's Assistant, Letters from Italy N. P. Willis' Poetical Works, Mrs. L. S Gourney's Poetical Works, Headley's Works, &c. &c. Also the following

**School Books.**

Davie's Legendre, Algebra, Arithmetic, Geometry.
Ray's Algebra, Arithmetics.
Colburn's Arithmetic.
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemestry.
Robison's Philosophy.
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Elementary Spellers.
Kirkham's Grammar.
Bullion's English and Latin Grammars.
Clark's Grammar.
Wayland's Elements of Moral Science.
Hedge's Logic.

McGUFFEY'S SCHOOL READERS.

PARKER'S SERIES SCHOOL BOOKS.

Fulton & Eastman's Book Keeping, Boyer's and Ainsworth's Dictionaries, German & English Pronouncing Dictionary, together with a complete assortment of all School Books now in use.

**His Stock of Stationery**

cannot be surpassed. Foolscap and Letter Paper, Memorandum Books, Pass Books Steel Pens, Lead Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink Stands, Paper Folders, Port Folios, Pen Knives, Envelopes, David's and Black's Ink, Note Paper, Note Envelopes, Pen holders, etc. etc. Also a select assortment of Fancy Articles.

A large Stock of WRAPPING PAPER *warranted full count*; and a

*Good Assortment of Blank Books.*

Anything that is usually kept by Book Stores can be found at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 15th, 1851.

## Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travelers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15y

B. W. OAKLEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

**Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,**

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

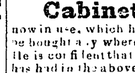
NEW CABINET WAREROOMS.

**B. H. TOWER**

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country generally, that he has opened a Cabinet Shop, in his new three story brick building on Columbia street, west of E. Stutsford's Auction Room where may be found all kinds of

**Cabinet Furniture**

now in use, which he will sell as cheap as can be bought any where, *New York not excepted.*—He is confident that with the long experience he has had in the above business, and by keeping the best of workmen, that he will be able to suit all who may favor him with a call. His work is in the latest and most approved style, as the fashions come in use, and warranted good.



He will keep on hand and make to order, on short notice, SOFAS, DIVANS, WARDROBES, Sideboards, Ottomans and Footstools, common and fancy BUREAUX, Writing TABLES, BOOK-CASES, Secretaries, Centre and Card tables, extension sliding frame Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Pier, Lee and Hall Tables, enclosed Wash STANDS, circular front corner basin Stands wash and light Stands dressing and Toilet Stands, Gentlemen's Shaving Stands, Music Stools, Ladies Fancy Sewing CHAIRS, Gentlemen's Office, Chairs, Mahogany Rocking, Chairs, Cane seat, and Windsor CHAIRS.

FRENCH BEDSTEADS

Of all descriptions. Also Round Right and left Screw Rail which is the largest, strongest and best way that Bedsteads can be made; these take the lead in the largest shops.

COFFINS kept constantly on hand, all sizes and prices. Hearse and Carriage always ready to attend funerals free of charge.

The above mentioned articles will be made of Domestic and imported wood and of the best seasoned materials.—

***Warranted Good or no Sale.***

In exchange for any of the above articles I will take almost anything of produce he farmer raises, and in an extreme case money will not be refused. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fort Wayne, August, 28th 1850 y14

## MOSES DRAKE, Jr

3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE IN

DEALER IN

**Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods**

**GROCERIES,**

*Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass,* FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail, CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

*New Store and New Goods.*

BAYLESS & CO.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, that they are now receiving opening and offering for ready pay, a general and fashionable stock of

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, QUEENSWARE, & CUTLERY,**

all of which have been purchased in New York this fall at low prices and

*Will be Sold at Small Profits!*

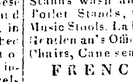
They deem it unnecessary to further particularize, but respectfully request the goods buying public to call before or after purchasing elsewhere, and examine their stock.

They may be found at No. 37, Hamilton's New Buildings, Columbia Street.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. y15

## Daguerreotype Gallery.

**Mr. A. McDonald**



RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he has permanently located himself here, and has just received from the East, a large stock of

DAGUERREAN MATERIALS,

*Fancy Pearl Cases, Lockets, &c.*

which he will sell, either with or without Pictures, as low as can be purchased in New York and warrants will warrant to be equal to any thing of the kind in use.

He would also return his sincere thanks to the citizens of this place for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his residence here; and would say to those that wish

DAGUERREAN PICTURES

that he has more than of acquainted with all the *LATEST IMPROVEMENTS* in this beautiful Art, and feels justified in *Warranting his Pictures* to be unsurpassed by any others in the country, in point of

**Durability or Life-Like Resemblance.**

He would simply say to those that are desirous of having a GOOD PICTURE at themselves, to give him a call before going elsewhere, and if he cannot satisfy them, they are at perfect liberty to patronize transient operators, or others.

Daguerrean Rooms on Calhoun Street, one door South of Taylor's New Store, third story.

Persons in the Profession would find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Daguerreotype Material, before going East, as he can Sell as CHEAP as they can purchase in New York or any other market.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 11, 1851.

*Family Grocery and Provision Store.*

M. HENRY & Co. have extended the area of their usefulness, by taking the store lately occupied by I. Wolf, thus giving them a front on Columbia Street, and have filled it with an entire New Stock of

**Fresh Groceries.**

*Fruits, Pickles, Wooden Ware, &c.*

which they are anxious to dispose of on reasonable terms.

They have REMOVED their

**MEAT MARKET.**

to the rear of the store (the room lately occupied by them on the canal) and will keep on hand at all times the best of meat the country affords.

The highest price paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, sheep, &c.

Sept. 20.

## Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14 849. 2

## Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat.

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or any lesser quantity—delivered at our Warehouse, in the eastern basin.

Aug 3. COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

## Huntington Cottage Inn FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, at a very low price the above well known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. It is well situate for a public house—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not soon sold it can be RENTED for a term of years.

He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town of Huntington.

Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.

F. P. RANDALL.

Fort Wayne, March 0, 1850. tf 39

## OLD LUCKY NUMBER 3.

IS now receiving an unusually well selected and full supply of

**NEW GOODS.**

which have been bought in such terms that they can be sold CHEAPER THAN EVER!

THE GREAT COTTON BUCK

is in good condition, and we will sell

*Cotton Cloths 20 Yards for $1.*

It's no use to try to undersell No. 3. It can't be done.

For Great Bargains apply at the Captain's Office No. 3, Jones's Block.

MOSES DRAKE, Jr., Captain.

CASH paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, and Black Salts.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 20, 1851.

WILLIAMS'

## Cash Grocery Store.

IN Hamilton's New Block, Columbia street where can be found Groceries and other articles of the best quality, at *Wholesale and retail*, as cheap as are to be had in Fort Wayne, consisting in part of the following articles:

| | |
|---|---|
| Chocolate and Cocoa | Whitewash, Dust, scrub |
| Imperial, Young Hyson | Stove and Blacking |
| & Black Tea, | Brushes, |
| Loaf, Crushed, Pulv'd | Bed Cords, Well and |
| & N. O Sugar; | Halter Ropes, Dec'rated |
| Golden Syrup, N. O. | and Buggy Mats, Paint |
| Molasses, Vinegar, Rice | Oil, Sash Putty, and |
| Pearl Barley Starch | Whiting, Glass and |
| Saleratus, Citron, Currants | Nails, Lead, Shot Powder |
| Raisins, Raisins, | and Caps, Screws |
| whole half & qr. boxes | and Lard Oil, Indigo, |
| Candies and Nuts, Dried | Madder, Copperas and |
| Fruit, Codfish, Mackerel, | Alum, Carpet Chain |
| & Herring, Cordials, | and Cotton Yarn Tobacco of All kinds, |
| Soap, Buckets, Tubs, | Axes, Hatchets, Knives |
| Washboards, Clothes | and Forks, Shovels, |
| Pins, Brooms, | Hoes, and Trace Chains, |
| Family Flour best | Brands. |

In short everything kept in establishment of the kind except *Liquors*.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to, and

No Shaving in Prices.

I am determined to make this the CHEAPEST GROCERY of Fort Wayne.

H. WILLIAMS.

Fort Wayne Sept. 14 1851. y13

## GREAT BARGAINS

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAIL ROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates and on Better Terms* than ever before offered.—The Lands embrace **40,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. Terms, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known HARRISON LANDS in this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

CLOCKS—A new article of Brass 30 hour Vine Pieces—warranted to keep good time. Only $2 00 each.

August 15th 1851. W. E LANGLEY.

WE are selling the best of Rio COFFEE at 10 cents per lb., prime N. O. SUGAR at 8 cents per lb. 16 yards of heavy yard wide SHEETING for $1. The prettiest CALICOES you ever saw from 5 to 10 cents per yard; and every thing else in proportion.

The fact is, the place and *the only place* to buy goods cheap is at TOWNSLEY, FREEMAN & Co's.

No. 1, Hanna's Block, East End.

July 9 th, 1851.

## Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

| HANNA'S ADDITION. | COUNTY ADDITION |
|---|---|
| Lot No. 63 | Lot No 48 |
| " " 80 | " " 49 |
| " " 81 | " " 72 |
| " " 111 | TABOR'S ADDITION. |
| " " 141 | Lot No. 3 |
| " " 166 | " " 29 |
| " " 344 | " " 30 |
| " " 345 | ROCKHILL'S ADDITION. |
| " " 536 | Lot No. 42 |
| " " 538 | " " 61 |
| " " 561 | " " 65 |
| EWING'S ADDITION. | " " 66 |
| Lot No. 3 Block No. 27 | " " 118 |
| " " 4 " " 27 | " " 119 |
| " " 8 " " 21 | " " 120 |
| " " 9 " " 21 | OLD PLAT. |
| " " 4 " " 26 | Lot No. 28 |
| " " 3 " " 28 | " " 59 |
| " " 8 " " 30 | " " 62 |
| " " 4 " " 32 | " " 89 |

Out Lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, ¼ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

## Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber, having greatly extended his operations, still continues the business in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a Systematic and

*GENERAL LAND AGENCY.*

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana,—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, soil, location, and value of* LANDS, which will be afforded *gratuitously* to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

*Large Tracts of Valuable Land,*

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

| | Acres. | | Acres. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allen County | 17,706 | Noble County | 7,747 |
| DeKalb " | 7,924 | Whitley " | 7,797 |
| Steuben " | 2,767 | Huntington " | 5,974 |
| Lagrange " | 1,965 | Wabash " | 7,703 |
| Kosciusko " | 7,170 | Miami " | 1,727 |
| Blackford " | 2,774 | Carroll " | 1,920 |
| Jay " | 1,696 | Cass " | 2,640 |
| Wells " | 2,720 | Fulton " | 1,979 |
| Adams " | 2,996 | Marshall " | 1,329 |
| Elkhart " | 1,720 | White " | 1,549 |
| Fountain " | 2,747 | Montgomery " | 1,770 |
| Putnam " | 1,797 | Clinton " | 1,707 |
| Parke " | 1,535 | Marion " | 1,020 |
| Boone " | 1,970 | Porter " | 2,230 |

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

**Improved Farms,**

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850

ESTABLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN 1840.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

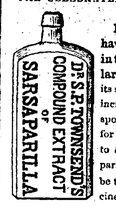
**Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,**

IMPROVED

And manufactured under the supervision of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

THE CELEBRATED CHEMIST OF NEW YORK.




Many valuable Improvements have been made by Dr. CHILTON in the mode of preparing this popular Medicine. Under his skillful hand its sanative powers have been so much increased, that only one or two teaspoonfuls of the Extract are required for a dose, which is an important item to those using Compounds of Sarsaparilla, as this fact alone proves it to be the **Strongest and Cheapest** medicine ever invented to

**PURIFY THE BLOOD,**

AND PERMANENTLY CURE

| | |
|---|---|
| STUBBORN ULCERS, | COSTIVENESS AND PILES, |
| RINGWORM, OR TETTER, | HEART DISEASE, |
| RHEUMATISM, | GENERAL DEBILITY, |
| SCROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL, | FEMALE DO. |
| ERYSIPELAS, | COUGHS, COLDS, ETC., |
| EFFECTS OF MERCURY, | ENLARGEMENT OF THE JOINTS, |
| DROPSY, | ULCERS AND FEVER SORES, |
| PIMPLES ON THE FACE, | LIVER COMPLAINT, |
| DYSPEPSIA, | |

NEURALGIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

**IT MUST BE REMEMBERED that with but few** exceptions all the above frightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and causes; for they spring, directly or indirectly, from a CORRUPT FOUNTAIN. If the blood were in a pure, healthy, and active state, it would drive all such complaints from the system, and

CHRONIC DISEASE WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE.

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON has had charge of the Manufactory for more than a year, and every bottle prepared since February, 1850, has his Certificate and Signature, as well as the Signature of S. P. Townsend, on the steel plate label on the outside wrapper.

**Beware of Counterfeits, and buy that only which has Dr. Chilton's Certificate on the wrapper**

PROPRIETOR'S OFFICE,

82 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

For sale by H. B. REED,

51 Druggist Fort Wayne, General Agent

## Furniture and Chair Warehouse.

W. & J. PAUL are manufacturing and keep on hand every variety of

*Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.,*

made of well seasoned lumber, finished in the best style, warranted equal if not superior to any in the place, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

**LOOKING GLASSES.**

We have also a large stock of Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates of all sizes and styles, which we sell whole sale or retail much lower than ever before offered here.

Persons wanting any thing in the line would do well to give us a call, as we always have a large stock of all kinds on hand, which will be sold CHEAP.

Warehouse on Columbia Street, opposite H. B. Reed's Drug Store; and Chairs Store, opposite Collector's Office. W. & J. PAUL.

Fort Wayne, August 16, 1851 6m6

## CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work* or *Grist* to grind will always find one or more Runs of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 5, 1850. y5

W. H. BANKS. [1851.] P. ONHECK.

## BANKS & ONHECK, HOUSE, SIGN, AND Ornamental Painters.

*Under the Times Office, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana*

MASONIC and Odd Fellows' Aprons, Gilding on Silk and Satin, Transparent Painting on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Imitation of Wood and Marble, Glazing, and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851.

THE "GREAT"

## Indiana Land Agency

**GOT DONE!**

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company*."

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorised sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay anyone to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [tf10] F. P RANDALL.

## Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

*For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.*

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

**Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,**

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,

General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

## S. H. SHOAFF, CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

(UNDER THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL)

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE.

*Patent Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c., &c., Wholesale & Retail.*

## The Croton Antibilious Pills.

THESE Pills are of a purely vegetable construction, having gained the commendation of the most eminent of the medical men of the present day, their reputation as an antibilious cathartic, tonic and digestive medicine is daily strengthened, and more widely circulated, they require no alteration in diet or interruption from business, they act kindly but surely, and may be taken by both sexes, at all times and under any circumstances.

They speedily remove Constipation, Liver Complaint, Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, and all affections arising from a deranged stomach and bowels. Prepared and sold exclusively by SAMPL. H. SHOAFF, Chemist, &c.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne.

June 27, 1851.

## BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.

A. LINTZ, at his old and well known Cheap Shoe Store, east of the Lillie House, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, has now on hand a very large and complete stock of Eastern and Home Made

**Boots & Shoes,**

of all kinds and qualities. Gent's Calf and Kip Boots, Stogas, Brogans, &c., warranted a first rate article. A full assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Polkas, Excelsiors, Shoes, &c. all kinds, sizes and prices, of the very best workmanship and stock, and latest styles.

*Misses' and Children's Wear of all sorts.*

Having had many years' practical experience, he flatters himself that he is a sufficient judge of the article to buy

**NONE BUT THE BEST,**

and he will sell them so low that it will *be Cheaper to wear them than to go Barefoot.* His expenses are small and his desires moderate, he can and will therefore sell

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

Boots and Shoes made to Measure, in the best style, and on short notice.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Findings, &c. of all sorts, will be sold at the very lowest Prices

Fort Wayne, Oct. 23, 1851. tf6

## SHOAFF & COLLINS, *at the City Drug Store,*

HAVE received from the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston a full and complete assortment of

**Genuine Drugs & Medicines**

which having been bought *for Cash* will be sold at rates lower than have ever before been offered in this city.

Some of their friends in setting forth in their advertisements, the vast extent of their stock in trade, having used up so much of the type both of letters and figures, they are compelled to content themselves with but a slight and casual notice of *some of the most important articles* with which they have supplied themselves for the accommodation of their friends and patrons.

Among these will be found Quinine, Opium, Calomel, Morphine, with all other Drugs and Medicines usually enumerated in the voluminous advertisements of the day, together with every other article in the Drug line including Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Druggists' Glassware, Segars, Tobacco.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Perfumery, Tooth Brushes, Medical and Surgical Instruments choice Wines, Pure Juice and Brandies for Medical Purposes also the usually well selected stock of choice

**GROCERIES.**

including Green and Black Teas, of purity and flavor, Rio and Java Coffee, Brown and Crushed Sugars, Molasses, Spices, Peppers, &c., &c.

Agents for Conkling Wood & Co's Fire Proof Paint.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne. Sept. 17th, 1851.

## Liver Complaint

**Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility**

*Diseases of the Kidneys.*

AND all diseases arising from a diseased Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness, or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming in the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the Sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imagining of Evil and Great depression of Spirits, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S

**Celebrated German Bitters.**

PREPARED BY

*DR. C. M. JACKSON,*

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

*120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.*

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled—if equalled—by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skillful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

*From the Boston Bee.*

The editor said Bee, said

*Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters* for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, is deservedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands, and

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 12—No 43. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, May 1, 1852. Whole No. 9 5.

**THOMAS TIGAR,**
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Immediately over Wolf's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.*

**TERMS:**

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and one-fifth that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.



## JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

## Fire! Attention! Fire!

A Few years ago any man could make his thousands in this town; competition was not known; every one charged his own price for his goods. Now he gets up early strives, crowds, pushes, works hard, tells lies, swears that his neighbor can't sell goods so cheap, without he stole them.

So with Insurance Companies. The old Hartford Companies have grown immensely rich—no one to interfere with them. Now we have Insurance Companies starting up all over the land; a farmer can now get his property insured for 1 per ct. for 5 years, when he had to pay that for one year, when we first commenced. The old companies said we must break up; but when we tell them how we do it, they are compelled to say we are doing the only safe way that can reach every farm house and barn in the country.

The Washington County
MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK,

is the largest mutual company in the world. They have issued in five years one hundred and forty-thousand Policies; they take no risks on property but dwellings and barns; thus any one can see that they must succeed over any other company. I would say to all who wish property insured to refer to either the agent's name and the place—Washington County Mutual Insurance Co., CHARLES WHITMORE, Agent for Indiana, at the new Auction Room.

Also agent for the AMERICAN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO. of Amsterdam, New York, capital $300,000, a good company. Also, for the LAFAYETTE INSURANCE CO., joint stock capital $200,000. Also for the HARTFORD LIFE and HEALTH INSURANCE CO. of Hartford, Ct. This company stands as No. 1 in the U. States.

I would urge every man who has a family, not to wait another day, but to secure to his family, his wife, his children, an interest that lawyers and administrators cannot take away. The time has come in the West, and will among us in a very short time, when, if a man dies without his life being insured, he will be censured in the same light as though his house and property burnt down without being insured. The undersigned agent has insured fifty-three lives in Fort Wayne and vicinity since he commenced his agency, and he has the consolation that none can say that they have thrown away their money, but will ever remember him with the kindest regard. I would say to one and all, do not delay for one day longer.

CHARLES WHITMORE,
At the New Auction Room, corner Columbia & Clinton sts.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 8, 1851. 6m5

Ohio Live Stock
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.
CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from Natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at very low rates.

DIRECTORS.—Wm. Burnet, E. S. Haines, S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Person.
S. W. Reeder, Sec. Wm. Burnet, Pres't.
*Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati.*

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.
E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Ind., May 10, 1851. 34tp

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandise or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. 45y

CITY
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE
*Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise generally.*

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| E. B. Reeder, | Wm. Burnet |
| George Carlisle, | J. C. Thorp, |
| J. M. Blair, | H. Rator, |
| J. P. Kilbreth, | E. S. Haines, |

H. L. Hoffman.
G. B. REEDER, *President.*
N. Gregory, *Secretary.*

OFFICE.—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.
EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CHARLES WHITMORE.
Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indiana

CHARLES WHITMORE, agent for the Washington County Mutual Insurance Co.; American Mutual Insurance Co.; Lafayette Insurance Co.; Hartford Life and Health Insurance Co. at the New Auction Room, corner Columbia and Clinton Streets, Fort Wayne. 6m5

READ! YOUTH & MANHOOD.
A VIGOROUS LIFE.
*Or a Premature Death.*
Kinkelin on Self Preservation,
ONLY 25 CENTS.

This Book, just published, is filled with useful information on the infirmities and diseases of the Generative Organs. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE. To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhausting effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who are sinking in declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency, Dr. K. would say—

READ THIS BOOK.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives.

Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.

A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of Third & Union streets, between Spruce & Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid,) and be cured at home.

PACKAGES of MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity. 1y4

PRINTS.

200 PIECES PRINTS, of entirely new styles, just received direct from the factory, for sale a little cheaper than ever, by
TOWNLEY, FREEMAN & Co.
August 23, 1851.


## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW


CHARLES CASE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

OFFICE—On Main Street, nearly opposite the Treasurer's office. y1

J. L. WORDEN. W. S. HOAGLAND.

WORDEN & HOAGLAND,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
August 16, 1851. y6

L. M. NINDE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
*Office on the corner of Main and Calhoun sts.* 47p

WILLIAM H. JONES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLER AT LAW,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit.
OFFICE—At the Indiana Land Agency, Calhoun Street. 43y

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
*Land and Collection Agent,*
FORT WAYNE, IA.

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collecting Debts* in any part of Indiana:

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co., Babcock, Work & Moore, John Steward, Jr. & Co., Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton, Robert Hyslop, Esq., Clark & Work. — *New York.*
Stedman, Maynard & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Wm. A. Brown & Co. *Boston.*
Allen Hamilton, Hugh McCulloch, R. W. Taylor. — *Fort Wayne.*

OFFICE—On Clinton st., opposite the Brick Church.
July 18, 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1848.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.
OFFICE.—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.
Nov. 11, 1849. 90—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will be attended with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.
Hon. David McDonald, Wm. T. Otto, — *Professors of Law Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg *Decatur.*

OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. b17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of E. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis,*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Heslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Joe Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE—Over W. Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, on Calhoun

JOHN HOUGH, JR.
*Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,*
FORT WAYNE, IA.

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to his care; and will give especial attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allen Hamilton, Fort Wayne. | Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y. |
| J. W. Townley & Co. " | David Leavitt, " |
| Young & Waite, Maumee. | Taylor & Hogg, " |
| W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland. | Halstead, Haines & Co., " |
| Hitchcock, Wilcox & Waite, " | Halstead & Buskaw, " |
| W. H. Robbins, Cincinnati. | Edward Kellogg, Esq., " |
| Fox & French. " | Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston. |
| Minor, Andrews & Co. " | Stoddard & Lovering, " |
| Cornis, Tweed & Co., " | McDowell & Day, Philadelphia |
| Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo. | Wood & Abbot, " |
| Hayward & Nave. " | Ballin & Fairthorne, " |

## MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. W. D. STEWART, a graduate in Medicine of the University of Louisville, Ky. and of the University of New York, and late of Jeffersonville, Indiana, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and its vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office—corner of Main and Calhoun Streets—or, at his room at Mrs. Henderson's Boarding House, near the Hedekin House. He will give prompt and devoted attention to all business confided to his care.

May 2, 1851. y43

DRS. AYRES & KOWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Colestoro. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine, and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 13th, 1847. 1f8

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M.D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

PIQUA HOUSE,
JAMES BLAIR, Proprietor.
*Corner of Main and Water Sts.*
6m24p PIQUA, OHIO.

Boarding House.

MRS. A. LAKE, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up the new and commodious brick dwelling opposite Miller's Cabinet shop, for the accommodation of boarders. She has several pleasant rooms now vacant.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Oct. 22, 1851. y16.

CHEESE.—2,000 pounds Western reserve Cheese, a nice article, just received and for sale wholesale or retail by
WILSON & TRESSELT.
Sept. 9, 1851.


## POETRY.

### A Benedict's Appeal to a Bachelor.

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

*"Double! Double!"*—SHAKSPEARE.

Dear Charles, be persuaded to wed,
For a sensible fellow, like you,
It's high time to think of a bed
And muffins and coffee for two!

So have done with your doubt and delaying—
With a soul so adapted to mingle,
No wonder the neighbors are saying
'Tis singular you should be single!

Don't say that you haven't got time—
That business demands your attention—
There's not the least reason or rhyme
In the wisest excuse you can mention.

Don't tell me about "other fish,"
Your duty is done when you buy 'em,
And you never will relish the dish,
Unless you've a woman to fry 'em!

Don't listen to querulous stories
By desperate damsels related,
Who sneer at connubial glories,
Because they've known couples mismated;

Such people, if they had their pleasure,
Because silly bargains are made,
Would deem it a rational measure
To lay an embargo on trade!

You may dream of poetical fame,
But your wishes may chance to miscarry;
The best way of sending one's name
To posterity, Charles, is to marry!

And here I am willing to own,
And soberly thinking upon it,
I'd very much rather be known
For a beautiful son, than a sonnet!

To procrastination be deaf—
(A homily sent from above)—
The scoundrel is not only "the thief
Of time," but of beauty and love.

O delay not one moment to win
A prize that is truly worth winning—
Celibacy, Charles, is a sin
And sadly prolific of sinning!

Then, Charles, bid your doubting good by
And dismiss all fantastic alarms;
I'll be sworn you've a girl in your eye,
'Tis your wish to have in your arms;

Some trim little maiden of twenty,
A beautiful azure-eyed elf,
With virtues and graces in plenty,
And no failing but loving yourself!

Don't search for an "angel" a minute,
For, granting you win in the sequel,
The devil after all would be in it,
With a union so unequal!

The angels, it must be confessed,
In this world are rather uncommon;
And allow me, dear Charles, to suggest
You'll be better content with a woman!

I could furnish a bushel of reasons
For choosing a conjugal race;
It agrees with all climates and seasons,
And gives you a double estate!"

To one's parents 'tis (gratefully) due—
Just think what a terrible thing
'Twould have been, sir, for me and for you,
If ours had forgotten the ring!

Then there's the economy—clear
By poetical algebra shown—
If your wife has a grief or a fear,
One half by the law is your own!

And as to the joys—by division
They're nearly quadrupled, 'tis said,
(Though I never could see the addition,
Quite plain in the item of bread!)

Remember I do not pretend
There's anything "perfect" about it,
But this I'll aver to the end,
Life's very imperfect without it.

'Tis not that there's "poetry" in it—
As, doubtless, there may be to those
Endowed with genius to win it—
But I'll warrant you excellent prose.

Then Charles, be persuaded to wed—
For a sensible fellow like you,
It's high time to think of a bed
And muffins and coffee for two;

So have done with your doubts and delaying,
With a soul so adapted to mingle,
No wonder the neighbors are saying
'Tis singular you should be single!

*A Model Wife.*—There is a woman in Indiana, on the Wabash river, who takes it into her head, and sometimes practices (while her old man has gone to town) plowing, nursing, and fishing all at once. She first yokes an ox and her cow to the plow; then puts her two twin babies into the corn basket and suspends it on a tree; then takes the bell off the cow and attaches it to the end of her fishing pole, which is stuck in the ground at the water's edge; she then commences her plowing around the field; at every revolution she gives the aerial cradle a send, which lasts until she gets round again, at the same time keeping her ears open so that when any rash member of the finny tribe swallowed the hook, she might hear of it, for under her arrangements the calamity is announced by the ringing of the bell.

Our informant says that she is a pattern of the kind they have there.

*Laughter.*—Laughter very often shows the bright side of a man. It brings out his happier nature, and shows of what sort of stuff he is really made. Somehow we feel as if we never thoroughly know a man until we hear him laugh. We do not feel 'at home' with him till then. We do not mean a mere snigger, but a good, round, hearty laugh. The solemn sober visage, like a Sunday's dress, tell us nothing of the man. He may be very silly or very profound; very cross or very joly.—Let us hear him laugh, and we can decipher him out at once, and tell how his heart beats. Carlyle says—"That no man who has once heartily and wholly laughed can be altogether and irreclaimably bad." Much lies in laughter, the cypher key wherewith we decipher the whole man! Some wear an everlasting barren simper; in the smiles of the others lies a cold glitter as of ice; the fewest are unable to laugh, but only sniff and titter, and snigger from the throat outwards, or, at best, produce some whiffling, husky cachination, as if they were laughing throught wool; of none such comes good. The man who cannot laugh is only fit for treasons, stratagems, or spoils; and his whole life is already a treason and a stratagem.

Great excitement was caused at Valparaiso, by the arrival of the British steamer Virago, having on board the murderers from the Straits of Magellan. There were 240 in all, and among them was Cambiaso, the blood-thirsty leader of the gang, who appeared quite unconcerned, twirling his mustach, and nodding to acquaintances in the crowd. It is said that he had formed a plan for taking the steamer, as it passed through the Straits, by inviting the officers to a banquet on shore, there giving them poisoned drinks, and sending poisoned provisions on board. The apothecary at the place refused to be a party to the devilish plot, and even the threat of death did not move him to compliance with the wish of the demoniac Cambiaso.

## ROSANNA, THE UGLY ONE.

(FROM THE FRENCH.)

"But look, then," said Mrs. Moore, to her husband, "how ugly that little one is; is she not, William?"

And Mr. Moore, who was sitting in a rocking chair, amusing himself with poking the fire, laid down the thongs he held, and gravely answered his wife.

"But, my dear, you have already said so one hundred times, and were you to say it one hundred times more, Rose would not become less ugly for your saying so."

Rosanna was a little girl of about fourteen. She was their child, and to do her mother justice, was really very ugly—nay, almost revolting, with her little grey eyes, flat nose, large mouth, thick protruding lips, red hair, and, above all, a form remarkably awry.

Rose was, then, very ugly—but she was a sweet girl, nevertheless. Kind and intelligent, she possessed a mind of the highest order.—Nature seemed to have compensated her with every good quality of the heart for the want of every beauty of person.

The poor little thing was profoundly hurt, as she listened to her mother's observation. "Oh, you little fright, you will never get a husband."

Eight o'clock struck; Mrs. Moore was sorely vexed.

"Go to bed, Rosanna."

Tremblingly the little girl approached her mother, to give her the kiss of good night.

"Tis useless, you little monster," said her mother.

A tear rolled from the little one's eye. She hastily wiped it away, and turning to her father, presented him the yet humid cheek.

He kissed her tenderly.

"I am not altogether miserable," she murmured, leaving the room.

Retired to her chamber she commenced embroidering a scarf, and worked that part of the night, for she desired to be able to present it to her mother when she rose in the morning. The clock struck twelve. She had just finished, and putting it by, the little girl calmly resigned herself to rest. Her repose was undisturbed.

On the morrow Rose presented the scarf to her mother. What was the pain the little one experienced, when her mother received it coldly, and expressed none of those tender sentiments which were to have been the sweet little one's reward.

Her eyes, by chance, glanced over a neighboring mirror.

"Yes," she said, internally, "I am ugly—they are right," and she sought in her young head to find a remedy for ugliness.

And then in the world—new pangs wounded the little one's heart. A first impression alienated all the young girls of her own age—but then she was so good, so aimable, so amusing, that they approached, then listened, then loved her. Now, indeed, our Little one was happy.

One day Mr. Moore went home in a violent passion, and because, in consequence of some trifling prevarication, highly incensed against his wife. Their domestic felicity was troubled for eight long days—for eight long days Mrs. Moore was continually crying. Rosanna in vain racked her young brains to discover why, but her father still continued angry, and her mother still continued weeping. At last she reflected in her mind how to reconcile the parties.

They were all three seated in the parlor—Mr. Moore was arranging the fire—when this was concluded, he threw the tongs from him, snatched a book from the mantel, and opened it abruptly; but after a moment's perusal, he closed it again, in a violent humor, cast a fierce glance at his trembling wife, and hurriedly rose from his chair.

Rosanna, deeply moved, clasped her arms about his neck, as he was about to rise, and affectionately caressed him. He could not reject her innocent coaxing, and the little girl thinking she has succeeded in touching his heart, took in her hands the moistened handkerchief wherewith her mother has been drying her weeping eyes, and dried them a second time therewith; she then tenderly embraced her mother, who returned her affectionate caress with all a mother's fondness.

The parties being now favorably disposed, naught remained but to establish the peace. This was no easy matter—neither would make the first overture—and without the penetration of little Rose, the reconciliation would not then have taken place.

She took her father's hand between her own little hands, and pressed it to her bosom; she then took her mother's hand, and joined it into her father's as it lay near her heart.—Human pride could resist no longer—the alienated parents rose at the same moment and cordially embraced each other.

From that hour Rose was the idol of them both.

Six years after this. Rosanna, the ugly Rosanna, was the ornament of every society to which her mother presented her. Aimable, witty and observing, her conversation was universally courted.

One summer evening, the sun, which, during the day, had shed over nature an intense heat, had just disappeared, leaving the horizon covered with long, white bands of red—clouds more and more dark were heaping themselves on the eastern sky—the atmosphere was suffocating, and one would deem the earth was returning to the sun the heat she had been receiving from the latter during the day. All was heavy and weary—the air inhaled seemed rather to suffocate than to nourish. A drowsy langour overcame every one.

In a salon whose every window was thrown open, might be seen gliding here and there, in the darkened light, groups of young females, whose white dresses, slightly agitated by the rising breeze of the evening, offered something mysterious and poetical wherein the imagination loved to dwell. A low, languishing whisper was then heard, like the spathing murmur of some distant rivulet. A young woman, seated before a piano, was expressing her heart's sentiments by an extemporary melody, now smooth and tender, now deep and trembling.

No more whispering, but a general silence took place: for here was an enchanting symphony, a beautiful song.

Lord Underwood, a fine blue eyed young nobleman, was deeply touched by the melody. He listened to the rich voice, so sweetly harmonizing with the sweet tones of the instrument, and left an indescribable sensation thrilling through his frame.

The music ceased, but the sweet voice still vibrated on Underwood's ear, and there was a charm in the witty and original title to which he listened, that transfixed him where he stood.

"How beautiful must that young girl be," thought Underwood. "Happy the man on whom may fall her choice," and he involuntarily sighed.

Lights were brought in. The young woman was the ugly Rosanna.

Lord Underwood was stupefied—he closed his eyes, but the charm of that voice haunted his memory. He gazed on her a second time, and found her less ugly; and Rose was indeed less ugly. The beauties of her mind seemed transferred to her person, and her grey eyes, small as they were, expressed wonderfully well, her internal sensations.

Lord Underwood wedded Rosanna, and became the happiest of men in the possession of the kindest and most loving of women.

Beauty deserts us, but virtue and talents, the faithful companions of our lives, accompany us to the grave.

## HIGGLEDY-PIGGLEDIES.

Women that are least bashful are not unfrequently the most modest; and we are never more deceived than when we would infer any laxity of principle from that freedom of demeanor which often arises from a total ignorance of vice. Prudery, on the contrary, is often assumed to keep off the suspicion of criminality.

A child must get by baby hood before it comes within the sphere of a father's authority. A man should think of this in choosing the mother of his children, and be careful to select one who has sense enough to take care of the baby, for if she lack it, no wisdom of his can supply the deficiency.

It is sad to see so many fine looking "females" dying old maids—there is such an immense portion of our glourious country to be seeded down with boys and gals and civilization. Patriotism, if not love, should make all men shun bachelorism as they would treason.

A fellow out west recently told the book seller that he had understood that Shakespeare was a pretty smart writer, and if he would give him a copy of his writings, he would try to bring them into notice among his neighbors."

"You have a bad cold, Mr. Brumbel," observed an acquaintance to the prince of dandies. "Why, do you know," said he, "that on the Brighton road, the other day, that infidel Weston, my valet, put me into a room with a damp stranger!"

Ancient christianity seems to be entirely obsolete. No wealthy christian of our time thinks of distributing all his property among the poor. Many of them expect the influence of the church to assist them in gaining property.

"Why is the letter *d* like a ring?" asked a young lady of her lover, who was as dull as the generality of his sex in such a situation. "Because," added the damsel, with a modest look, "because *we* can't be *wed* without it."

A man took off his coat to show a terrible wound he had received some years before: "Oh!" said he, not being able to find it, "I remember now, it was on my brother Bill's arm."

Be not ready to pronounce that what you think a bad youth will necessarily become a bad man. Yonder sturdy oak may have grown from an acorn that has been rejected by a hog.

A New Orleans paper asks this question: "If a false set of teeth cost one hundred and fifty dollars, what is the value of a *falsetto* voice?"

The last way of vending liquor in Maine, by saturating a sponge with the forbidden drink, and charging sixpence per suck.

They have got to growing chickens so large in Massachusetts, that farmers have to sell them by the quarter, like pork. These are chickens to crow over.

Where is happiness always to be found?—D'ye give it up? In a Dictionary.

☞ Every man that has business ought to advertise it and if he has none he ought to advertise for some.

An advertisement in a newspaper, like a handsome woman, draws the attention of every body.

☞ Good humor is the blue sky of the soul, in which every star of talent will shine more clearly.

☞ A man should never put a fence of words around his ideas, because many who could otherwise give him a fair hearing, lack resolution to climb over such a ragged inclosure.

☞ Busy not thyself in searching into other men's lives, the errors of thine own are more than thou canst answer for. It more concerns thee to mend one fault in thyself than to find out a thousand others.

☞ There was a rule in an old debating society which might be advantageously recommended to some of our public bodies—that any gentleman wishing to speak the whole evening should have a room to himself."

☞ Dr. Stevens, in his address to the graduates, said that "notwithstanding the toils connected with a medical life, it is a happy calling." This is just our opinion, and has been ever since we saw Dr. Kinburh charge a dollar for shaking his head at an inflamed ankle.

☞ The following good hit at those who do business on the shadows of their grandfathers we find in a toast given at the Printer's Celebration at Richmond on the 17th of January.

"The first families of Virginia—like the stars seen in the ocean—they would not be there were it not for their bright originals in Heaven."

☞ The most useful, honest, and worthy portion of the population of a State, is its farmers and mechanics. They are the great mass of the people, and the foundation of the government. They silently work out the greatness of the nation; and it is to their arms that we owe our protection against foreign assaults, and to their votes, our safety from the machinations of internal foes.

Why are Mr. Ellis' writings like the muddy condition of streets? Because they tend to elevate female habits.

Fashionable society generally has but two faults; first, in being hollow-headed; and secondly, hollow-hearted.

There is a young lady up town who says that if a cart wheel has nine fellows attached to it, it's a pity that a woman like her cant have one.

Why is a hen walking like a conspiracy? Because it is a fowl proceeding.

*Bushing Tomatoes.*—Those who love good tomatoes will take pains to cultivate them so as to insure them as near as may be in their full perfection. There is no fruit that delights more in air and sunshine than the tomato.—They should have, therefore, abundance of room, and the vines be sustained from falling to the earth. I have found stout brush, firmly set around the plant, to answer the purpose better than any other method. The branches have room to extend themselves as they like, while the limbs of the brush keep them in their positions. By this method the fruit is more fully exposed to the genial influences of the air and sunshine, whereby it attains a more delicious flavor, larger size, and comes quicker to maturity.—*Rural New Yorker.*

*From the Indiana Statesman.*

### *Platforms.*

"The people want no platforms, as politicians call them," says the Indiana State Journal. On behalf of the Whig party of Indiana, the organ declares that the people (we presume he means the Whig people) want no platform, no declaration of principles. As Bennett of the Herald once said, "talk of principles, principles are things we despise." So with the Whig party, who can support Gen. Scott. Nicholas McCarty, the Whig candidate for Governor of Indiana, like a candid and an honest man, is traveling over the State and avowing his principles. The Convention which nominated him laid down their platform; so have the Whig conventions in most of the States, but no avowal of principles for the public eye seems to suit them best in a Presidential election. The reason for this dark and double policy is obvious. No Whig can be elected on a truly Whig platform. Their object is then to cheat the people, and then after they have succeeded, to fasten on the country the policy of the party.

In the great contest between Jefferson and the elder Adams the platforms of the Republican and Federal parties were clearly defined. The distinguished leaders of that contest had filled high and important positions in the government. Their opinions were on record.—Such was the character of all the political contests down to 1840, when the committee at Cincinnati announced that the whigs must take Gen. Harrison with a generous confidence and required no declarations for the public eye.—Harrison and Tyler were elected and the sequel proved that the whig party who attempted to cheat the democrats, were themselves cheated. Gen. Harrison died and Tyler made a bad whig President. His history and the history of his administration will not soon be forgotten. Tired of this system, the whigs in 1844, nominated Henry Clay and made their platform clear and distinct. It was a contest on principles and resulted in a triumph of Mr. Polk and Democracy and the defeat of Mr. Clay and Whiggerry. In 1848, Gen. Taylor, who had written all sorts of letters, and on all sides, was nominated for President. Taylor had 300 negroes and lived in the south, and Fillmore, who had repeatedly expressed anti-slavery views, was put on the the ticket to honey-coat the pill for the north. They were elected and both wings of the party have been cheated. Taylor, under the lead of his Secretary Ewing, adopted the northern or anti slavery policy, and pursued it until he brought the country to the verge of civil war, and at the very crisis when this bomb was about bursting in the whig camp and scattering it to fragments, the fuse died out by the death of President Taylor.

Then followed Mr. Fillmore, who adopted a new line of policy, dismissed the old cabinet and attempted to cleanse the Augean stable of Abolitionism: and doing this, he disappointed and enraged the northern wing of the whig party, and they now stand united as a Roman legion in opposition to him. So that during the last four years both wings of whiggery have been cheated and disappointed. The south by Taylor and the north by Fillmore. So much for no platform. Now there is an effort with the northern whigs, backed by the office-seekers and bottle-holders, to elect Gen. Scott without any expression for the public eye. He has military fame but no civil reputation. Has never held a civil office. Never gave a vote in a legislative body. His letters have all been military except one which he wrote in favor of and another against Native Americanism. Where has he ever uttered one word on the Tariff or Currency questions or on the subject of the Compromise? A question which has overrode everything else for two years past. He is perfectly silent and his friends even refuse to construct a platform for him to stand on. Had he been a civilian like Mr. Clay, Mr. Fillmore, and Mr. Webster, there might be some show of reason for this silence. Their political acts and opinions are part of the written history of the country.—Their record is made. They stand on the national whig platform, and standing there, have no chance of success. Hence the necessity of selecting a candidate who has no political record, whose opinions may be construed to suit circumstances, and whose political thermometer will rise and fall with the latitude and the degrees of heat and cold. For this reason the whigs now oppose a platform.—They want offices, and to obtain a boon so desirable, they are willing to throw measures and principles to the dogs. They have been in power four years and no effort has been made to change the democratic policy adopted under the administration of Mr. Polk. The scheming and wire-working whigs have got the offices, and the honest whig voters who desired a change of measures have got nothing.

*A Temperance Appeal.*—Nobody in Connecticut, and surely nobody *out* of Connecticut, took so much interest in having the Temperance question made a kind of "decoy duck" in their late election as did Mr. Greely, in his Tribune. Here is a notable specimen of his strong appeals, just on the eve of the election:

"*Temperance Men of Connecticut!* do you realize that it is *your* battle that is to be fought at your election on *Monday?*

Idle is the attempt to misstate or obscure the question at issue. *You know* that the Maine Law is the real matter in controversy—that if the whigs triumph, that Law will be passed; if they fail, it will be defeated. If you *mean* Temperance, or ever did, prove it by your steadfastness now! How can you be humbugged by assertions that this or that candidate is personally temperate or respectable—what is that to the purpose? Will he support the Maine Law? If not, his temperance may be a good thing for him, but it is good for nothing to you."

It was all to be done for the benefit of *Whiggery;* but how much was gained, in the result, either for whiggery or political temperance, anybody can estimate who has heard of the overwhelming triumph of the Democratic party.—*Con. Enq.*

*A Good Example.*—Who think the whole country will think Messrs. Wilcox and Brown, of Mississippi, for setting a most excellent example, which their brother Congressmen should not hesitate to follow. It is in this: One day last week, Mr. Wilcox gave the House notice that as it was busily engaged otherwise, he would write out and publishes a speech on a subject on which he desired to be set right, in relation to certain matters of difference between himself and his colleague, Mr. Brown. The latter gentleman, following Wilcox's example, wrote out his rejoinder, and informed the House that he would not occupy their time in reading it, but would have it published and sent to its constituents in Mississippi, along with Wilcox's. This is just what should be done with nine-tenths of all the speeches made. They are for home consumption and not for Congress. The members scarcely ever listen to the harangues. In future let each member write out his views on questions as they arise, print them, and send them home to his constituents, but not consume the precious time of Congress and the precious lungs of the members themselves, with reciting them. We have been a long time looking for any thing good to come from Mississippi, and had well nigh given up in despair; but we have it at last, and in the name of a small portion of the people, we return our thanks to Wilcox and Brown, and freely forgive them for the little fisticuff affair in the Halls of the House.—*New Albany Ledger.*

*South Carolina and Secession.*—The secession convention of South Carolina assembles on the 26th instant, and those who have been instrumental in calling it are evidently alarmed at their own folly, and now look to public opinion to check it in its mad designs. There is a wonderful change, of late, in the tone of the secession journals of that State. The State Rights Republican has an article (which the Charleston Mercury copies,) in which, speaking of the convention, it says:

"In the first place, we may fairly conclude that it will not attempt in regard to Federal relations any separate or solitary action, for *the State has positively negatived such a proceeding.* In the second place, we may conclude that it will not meddle with our internal organization, for that department has not been entrusted to it by public sentiment, but tacitly withheld. In truth, the convention is *an accidental body elected by a very small portion of the people.*"

*The Gardner Fraud.*—Disclosures will soon be made, in an official form, which will show conclusively that the Gardner claims, out of which Mr. Corwin is admitted to have received some $80,000, were utterly baseless.—In a letter to the New York *Tribune*, written on the 6th March, in the Mexican capital, we are advised that an agent, appointed by our Minister, Mr. Letcher, has made an investigation to find out where the valuable *silver mines* were located, which Gardiner and his partner says they were forced to leave by the Mexicans, and for which they where paid an immense sum by the Mexican Claim Board.

This agent, who made a thorough inquiry among the Mexicans, having all the aid they could give him, asserts that these claims have no foundation, there being not even the sign or indication of any silver mine anywhere within the territory asserted by these claimants.—Evidence, through him, is promised to show conclusively that all the proofs of the claimants were barefaced frauds. It is believed now that the depositions adduced by Gardiner and Mears, in support of their claims, are all forgeries, because the agent could not satisfy himself of the existence of one of the persons who testified in their favor, but on the contrary, of many who assert that none of them ever lived, or were known in the places in which it is pretended they gave their depositions.

When all these facts come out, what will Mr. Corwin do, having lost none of his plunder in the crash of the Columbus Insurance Company?—*Cincinnati Enq.*

*Extraordinary Disclosures in the New York Legislature.*—ALBANY, April 14.—Mr. McMurray, in the Senate, this afternoon reported the testimony taken by the Select Committee as to the black mail paid by certain banks to obtain Canal deposits. Some six or eight cashiers were examined, and four or five admit the payment of money to prominent politicians of the West, either directly or by discounting notes with the understanding that they should not be collected when due. One cashier paid an agent $1,000 in a single year, and during the next year discounted his note for another $1,030 on the above understanding in consideration of his political influence with the canal board. There is some correspondence submitted with the testimony, that will surprise the public.

*Mr. Gaines' Case.*—The U. S. Supreme Court, which recommenced its session in Washington last week, it is stated has refused a re hearing to Mrs. Gaines, widow of Gen. Gaines, by a vote of 3 to 2. This we suppose ends the chapter. Had her claims been sustained, she would have been probably the wealthiest person in the United States. There have been times, during the progress of the suit, when, it is said, she might have compromised for half a million of dollars.

*The Public Printing.*—WASHINGTON, April 8.—The joint committee of the two Houses on printing have decided that the contractor has failed to fulfil his contract as authorised, and have therefore given the Senate printing to the Republic, and the House to the Union newspaper. Messrs. Gorman, Stanton, of Ky., Haven, and Truman Smith, voted in favor, and Hamlin and Borland against the new contract.

### *Management of Fowls.*

Many farmers keep a large number of fowls running at large, paying little or no attention to them, presuming that food sufficient for them will be found about the barn, or in fields adjoining it. The result as a matter of course, is, that they are unprofitable stock. Others again keep comparatively few, which are kept in a yard, well fed, and cared for, and during the season when they could damage crops not permitted to range at large. Facts prove that the smaller, but better fed stock is the most profitable.

Now the whole secret of making fowls profitable lies in a nut shell. Where a large number is kept, the amount of animal food they find in the barn yard, &c. is wholly insufficient to make them good layers. This is especially the case during the winter months, and hence the necessity of supplying the deficiency. This can be done by giving them a small quantity of meat. The offal from the table should always, instead of being thrown into the slop barrel and given to the pigs, be readily. When the quantity of scraps is not large, a little fresh meat should be thrown to them occasionally.

During the moulting season they should be particularly well fed, and comfortable shelter provided for them. The food should also be varied somewhat; as chickens love a change occasionally. If fowls are neglected through the moulting season, (during which time they always cease laying) they rarely commence laying, again before the spring months, when eggs are cheap. The object of the farmer should be to keep his fowls laying through the winter months when eggs command a good price.

By pursuing this plan, chickens will generally lay during the whole of the winter months and prove profitable, and a small number well fed will be more valuable, than a larger number badly kept.—*Penn'a Farm Journal.*

*Lock Jaw.*—We have noticed in the lately, notice of several deaths by this disease, one of them in this neighborhood. We have published several times a certain preventative and remedy, in the application of beef's gall to the wound. Will not our editorial brethren circulate the information, and thereby save many valuable lives? Besides its anti-spasmodic properties, the gall draws from the wound any particles of wood, glass, iron, or other substances that may cause irritation, when other applications have failed to do so.—*Lancaster Gazette.*

*The Good Properties in Coffee.*—M. Payen, a distinguished French chemist, in a late lecture in Paris, on the properties and composition of coffee, after describing its component parts, says, of its properties as an article of nutrition:

He entertains a high opinion of its qualities as a safe and agreeable stimulant, and states that it has a notable effect upon the nutrition of the body, not by furnishing nutrition of itself, but its beneficial action on the tissues. It is, he says, less by furnishing assimilating substances than by preventing exhaustion and disintegration that coffee acts... upon the health of those who drink it.

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

**SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1852.**

☞ All legal advertisements sent to this Office for publication, hereafter, must be accompanied by the cash to insure an insertion.
The charge of $1 00 per square for 3 insertions, would average about $1 25 per folio of 100 words. Those sending advertisements can easily compute the cost by this rule.


### *Democratic Electoral Ticket.*

STATE AT LARGE.
JOHN PETTIT, of Tippecanoe County.
JAMES H. LANE, of Dearborn County.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
*First*—BENJ. R. EDMONSTON, of Dubois County.
*Second*—JAMES S. ATHON, of Clark County.
*Third*—JOHN A. HENDRICKS, of Jefferson County.
*Fourth*—EBENEZER DUMONT, of Dearborn County.
*Fifth*—WILLIAM GROSE, of Henry County.
*Sixth*—WILLIAM J. BROWN, of Marion County.
*Seventh*—OLIVER P. DAVIS, of Vermillion County.
*Eighth*—LORENZO C. DOUGHERTY, of Boone County.
*Ninth*—NORMAN EDDY, of St. Joseph County.
*Tenth*—
*Eleventh*—JAMES F. McDOWELL, of Grant County.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Bishop of the Episcopal Church in Indiana, Rt. Rev. GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D., will preach in Trinity Church in this city, this evening, and to-morrow, at the usual hours of service.

*The Campaign Sentinel.*—Our thanks are due Mr. G. Walker of Whitley Co. for a club of subscribers to the Sentinel for the Campaign. Those having Prospectuses with names of subscribers are requested to hand them in.

*Passage of the General Railroad Bill.*—The General Railroad Bill introduced by Mr. Nelson, passed the House by the decisive vote of 60 to 30, without any material amendments. It is a fair and liberal bill, affording every proper chance for the construction of such works as the business facilities of the state may require. The whole canal, railroad, and monopoly interest was marshalled against it, and every means used to defeat it or impair its usefulness by engrafting on such amendments as would virtually destroy it. But all was of no avail. Every objectionable amendment was voted down, and the bill triumphantly passed. Our Representative participated largely in the debate on its passage, and jealously watched every attempt on the part of the opponents of the bill to defeat or spoil it. It is fortunate for us that Allen County is so ably represented this session.

*Reduction of Canal Tolls.*—The bill introduced by Mr. Nelson into the House, providing for a reduction of tolls to be made on the Wabash & Erie Canal, in accordance with the provision in the Butler Bill reserving that right to the State, has, we are glad to learn, awakened the Board of Trustees to a sense of their duty. A meeting of the Board is to be held at Indianapolis on the 10th inst. to which committees of business men along the canal line are invited, to take the matter into consideration, and make such a reduction as may be satisfactory to all concerned. In the meantime further action on the bill will be postponed until the Board meets; but if the Board should fail to meet the reasonable expectations of the public, we are assured the bill will pass without difficulty.

The business men, and indeed the whole community along the canal line, are under great obligations to Mr. Nelson, our Representative, for the prompt manner in which he has brought this matter forward.

*Whig National Convention.*—A caucus of the Whig Members of Congress resolved to hold the Whig National Convention at Baltimore, on the 17th June. They had rather a stormy time of it, on the subject of the compromise measures. The caucus refused to endorse them, whereupon all the Southern members except seven withdrew, resolving not to have any thing to do with the proceedings. Whiggery does not seem to be very harmonious; the cunning scheme to carry out the mum policy, and have the friends of the whig Presidential candidate at the South represent him as favorable to the compromise, and those at the North to assure the abolitionists that he was opposed to it, does not seem likely to work well. It is a hard matter to carry water in both shoulders: and Gen. Scott will have to define his position if he expects the nomination. At present Scott stock is getting below par.

☞ The State Central Committee have refused to take the any action in the case of R. J. Dawson, the elector for this district. At a meeting held at Indianapolis on Saturday last, they resolved that they had "neither the power or the inclination to create a vacancy by the removal of Mr. Dawson, and without such vacancy the committee have no right to make an appointment." If this is to be the final action of the committee, it is much to be regretted. We hope they will reconsider the matter, and refer it to a district convention. If Mr. Dawson was a good democrat, and felt any interest in the success of the democratic cause, he would himself recommend such a course. But as it is, we have no expectations that he will do so; and the result will be that he will remain on the ticket and fail to receive the votes of hundreds of democrats in this and the neighboring counties who are so satisfied of his political delinquency that they are unalterably resolved not to vote for him.

*Gen. Cass in Michigan.*—The Michigan Democratic Convention assembled at Detroit on Wednesday last. On motion it was unanimously resolved that the roll of the delegates be called by the Secretary and that each member of the convention on his name being called, announce his preference as the Democratic candidate for President of the United States. On the call of the roll, every member of the body announced Lewis Cass of Michigan, his preference. There was not a dissenting vote.

MIAMI CANAL. *Open of Navigation.*—By a telegraphic dispatch from Mr. Doyle, dated on Thursday, we learn water will be let into the Miami Canal to-day. The Cincinnati packets will commence their trips to-morrow or Monday.

RAIN! RAIN!! *Rain!!!* appears to be the order of the day—and night too. We have rain almost every day, occasionally diversified with a thunder storm at night. The ground is completely saturated with moisture, and our farmers are unable to make any progress with ploughing or other spring work. It is, beyond all doubt, the most backward and unfavorable spring experienced here for a great number of years. The wheat crop, however, we are gratified to learn looks well; much that was thought to have been winter-killed has taken root and is again growing finely. Should the season prove favorable the prospect now is that we shall have a first rate crop of wheat: but unless we speedily have drier weather the spring crops must prove deficient, as the farmers will not be able to get them in the ground in season to arrive at maturity.

☞ Mr. Dawson's champion Q. *in the Corner* seeks to justify his assertion that he was authorised by Mr. Dawson to deny a charge made by us in our paper printed the day after he (Dawson) left here, and which he could not therefore have seen, by saying that it was the same in substance as we had made on previous occasions. This may be so; but Q. said he had Mr. Dawson's authority to deny the charge "contained in *the last* Sentinel." However, if he sees fit to deny it over his own name, we will give our authority for the charge. Come out, friend Q. and show yourself to the public: a Dawson man in Fort Wayne would be a spectacle worth looking at.

The last communication of Q. shows in its tone a good deal of what a late *improved* version of Shakspeare calls the "wincing of the jaded nag." This is wrong, and not what might have been expected from such a gentlemanly personage as he is represented to be. Keep your temper, friend Q; there is no necessity to get rily; this uncalled for heat shows a consciousness of a bad cause.

Could not Q. while his hand is in, also give us a "by authority" denial of the charges made against his injured *protege* by a De Kalb Democrat in our last? The people here generally believe them to be true, and that they clearly show Dawson to be no democrat, and unworthy a place on a democratic ticket. A denial "by authority" under the august sanction of Q's. proper name *might* work wonders in Dawson's behalf. At all events it would be a gratification to the public, who would like to see how far his *disinterested* zeal for Mr. Dawson would lead him. Let us have it, friend Q.

The money market at the East continues easy. The specie current has changed, and it is now returning from Europe in large amounts. Letters from California announce the coming of large amounts of gold by the next steamers. The Cherokee will bring $1,500,000, and the following arrival over $2,000,000.

CONCERT.—The Eddy Family gave a Concert in this place on Tuesday evening last to a crowded and highly respectable audience, who were highly delighted with the rich musical treat furnished by these popular Vocalists. It has seldom been our fortune to listen to any thing approaching the richness and melody of the warbling of the Misses Eddy, and rarely if ever has a performance given such unmixed satisfaction as this concert.

In place of any further remarks of our own, we give place to a communication, which we believe correctly expresses the feelings of all who were fortunate enough to attend the Concert.

*For the Sentinel.*

### *The Eddy Family.*

*Mr. Editor:* Tuesday evening last I was one of the numerous persons who had the pleasure of hearing this well-known family give one of their happy concerts. Taking into consideration the unfavorableness of the room which they occupied, I feel that I but express the sentiments of every one present when I say that for melodiousness and distinctness they are unsurpassed among all the Vocalists extant. Their appearance on the stage bespeaks for them a high degree of intelligence and nobleness of character; their every motion is natural—no assumed *airs*, nor pretence to superiority. Their social qualities are commendable—none of that haughtiness about them that too frequently characterizes those who have gained notoriety. Their benevolence in charitable purposes commend them wherever they go. I hesitate not in saying that the *clear sweet voices of the Ladies reached the hearts of many of the Young Gentlemen in attendance.* The pleasure of witnessing their *beautiful countenances and charming smiles* double pays expenses, as all will bear testimony who have heard them sing. They are deserving of patronage wherever they may go.

VOX POPULI.

NEW GOODS.—Our merchants are now receiving their spring supplies; their shelves are being filled with beautiful and tempting articles; and if the weather would only clear up and give the ladies a chance to get out, we make no question they would enliven our streets with their presence, and delight the hearts of the merchants with their gratified smiles, and heavy purchases of the articles laid in for their especial use and benefit.

First on the list, we will mention our old favorite, Capt. MOSES DRAKE, at the world renowned No. 3, who is always among the first in providing for the wants of his customers. His urbanity and courtesy to his customers is proverbial, and all that is necessary for us to do is merely to announce the fact that he is now opening his new goods.

The *Farmers' Depot* is also filling up with the spring purchases made by Mr. SCHWEGMAN, the junior of the establishment—and, by the way, a bachelor—who has taken especial pains to show his devotion to the ladies, by making such a selection of goods as must meet their approbation, and insure their custom—if nothin gmore. Orff & Schwegman's is one of the best stores in the place, and this year it will fully maintain its high reputation.

WILSON & TRESSELT are receiving their goods—and a beautiful assortment they have, too, selected by the junior with great taste and judgment. The most fastidious could not fail to be suited here, nor could the most economical, or the greatest bargain-hunter find fault with the extremely low prices at which the goods are offered.

☞ "Them goods have arriv" at TOWNLEY & FREEMAN'S. They, too, have been selected by the *Junior*. It may seem a little singular that all the purchases this year have been made by the *Juniors;* but we suppose the reason to be, that they know best what will suit the ladies, which is an important matter in laying in spring goods. A glance at this rich assortment will prove that in this instance at least the above in the true reason. There are few better stores to be found than Townley & Freeman's—and buyers already appreciate this fact.

JACOB FOELLINGER'S new stock of *Boots & Shoes* is ahead of any thing of the kind ever before brought here. He has some most beautiful articles of ladies' wear, of the latest Paris styles. Jacob is a practical workman, and consequently a judge of the articles he deals in; he is therefore likely to have bought *good* articles as well as neat ones, and can warrant them to be all he recommends. He informs us that he is going to sell cheaper than ever this season.

*Agricultural Warehouse.*—Messrs. Comparet & Hubbell have put up an addition to their warehouse, expressly for the sale of Agricultural Implements, a large assortment of which they will shortly have on hand. An establishment of this kind has long been needed here. It will prove a great advantage to our farmers, and by furnishing them with all the newest improvements and labor-saving implements; will do much towards the improvement of agriculture and add much to the wealth and prosperity of the country. The enterprise deserves the most liberal encouragement of the farming community.

*A Costly Army.—Whig Economy.*—The discussion in Congress on the Deficiency Bills reveals some interesting facts respecting the army. The navy used to be considered the mouth that ate up a large portion of the public revenues without rendering any adequate equivalent, but the army seems to be putting in its claims to a considerable amount. The army numbers 10,000 men. Last year Congress made an appropriation of $1,000,000 for the simple purpose of transporting men, provisions and military stores from one post to another. By the mismanagement of the War Department, it has been made to cost us $2,000,000, or thereabouts, at the rate of $200 to every man in the army. The entire expense of our army amounted last year to $10,000,000, or $1,000 to a man.

*Whig Extravagance.*—Truman Smith, a whig U. S. Senator from Connecticut, well known for his indefatigable labors in behalf of Taylorism in 1848–'49, now boldly denounces the reckless extravagance of the Whig administration. Out of the mouths of their leaders let them be condemned. In a recent speech in the U. S Senate Mr. Smith said:

"When I came into Congress the received opinion among members was, that the expenditures of the Government should, in no event, exceed about $21,000,000 per annum; and I remember very well that the expenditures by Gen. Jackson and Mr. Van Buren's administrations, of about that sum, during what is usually denominated the Harrison campaign, held up in contrast with the expenditures of the administration under John Q. Adams as being perfectly enormous and in the highest degree corrupt. But what now is the state of things? These expenditures have been carried from $21,000,000 up to about $50,000,000; and it is a painful duty for to discharge when I say what I verily believe, that CORRUPTION and EXTRAVAGANCE have increased just about in proportion as the increase of our expenditures—more than a hundred per cent. It is high time that the public attention should be called to this matter."

☞ A correspondent of the Madisonian writing from Washington, says:

I am happy to be able to inform you that through the industry and perseverance of Adjutant General Reynolds, the State of Indiana has recovered the balance due her by the United States for the transportation, &c., of the volunteers during the Mexican war. The whole claim of the State, amounting to over $6,000, has been allowed with the exception of $186 39, while the interest collected, General Reynolds informs me, is sufficient to cover his expenses in procuring the necessary vouchers and prosecuting the claim, &c. The reason of the disallowance of the $186 39 is because the company for which it is claimed, was never mustered into service, and consequently the Department could not allow it under the law. But Gen Reynolds says, "it will never do to give it up so," and he is preparing a statement to be brought before Congress for the amount, and really, I would not be surprised if he succeeds.

RHODE ISLAND.—One of the whig members of the Legislature elected from Providence city, is Christopher Columbus Potter. Americus Vespucius Potter, his twin brother was an unsuccessful candidate on the democratic ticket, but there being no choice of a sixth representative, Americus was renominated by the democrats, for the vacancy, and elected. To the other coincidences may be added that these brothers resemble each other so closely that none but their most intimate acquaintances can distinguish them.

THE WHEELING BRIDGE.—What sort of an obstruction to the free navigation of the Ohio river the Wheeling bridge is, the following statement from the Wheeling Gazette of the 8th inst. will show:

"The steamer Pittsburg, one of the largest and tastest boats on our river, lowered her chimneys yesterday while laying at the wharf on business, and passed under the bridge at good speed, with some 15 feet to spare, although there was 34 feet water,—the highest rise since 1832. Before she was out of sight she had them again in their places. This fus about lowering smoke pipes is all fudge."

*Woman Shot.*—The wife of Michael Catt a resident of Decker township, Ind., was shot on Monday of last week by her son-in law, a Mr. Young, to whom she approached disguised as an apparation. Mr. Young had been previously conversing about the spiritual rappings, ghosts, &c, and it is probable was much excited on supernatural subjects at the time. Mrs. C., in a mood of merriment, showed herself to him, when he seized his gun and fired at her. The ball passed through her neck, and occasioned death in a short time.

☞ Counterfeits on the State Bank of Indiana, Lafayette Branch, denomination of $10, letter A, have made their appearance in Cincinnati. They are made payble to J. S. Hanan—Cyrus Ball cashier. The engraving is rather coarse and the signatures decidely bad.

FRANCE.—The Paris correspondent of the *London News* says:

"Among the reports which go far to confirm the general expectation of the proximate establishment of the empire, I have heard one to-day, which is by no means the least significant. It is said that the President has dissolved his illicit connexion with Mrs. Howard, and reconciled that lady, by the condition of a settlement, to retire from a position, which becomes more scandalous in proportion to the elevation and splendor of the power to which it is attached by a forbidden link, and from which it receives a glaring reflection."

The correspondent of London *Times* tells a different tale:

The facts mentioned in my letter of Monday last, relative to the reception of the Count and Countess of Chambord by the Grand Duke, at Venice, are confirmed in every respect, by information which has reached me subsequently, and which leads to hope that I sha'l soon have some father details on the subject. It appears that the intelligence was communicated officially to the government here, on whom it made a disagreeable impression; and I am assured that it was the knowledge of these circumstances that occasioned the allusion to the empire in the President's address to the Judges on Sunday, on their taking the oaths of allegiance. Another incident—the reported interview at Aix la Chappelle between the Duke d'Aumale and Generals Changarnier and Lamoriciere, on the return of the Duke from Italy to England has also contributed, not perhaps to excite alarm' but certainly to annoy the government and as it seldom happens that one trouble comes alone; the death of Prince Schwartzenberg has increased their dissatisfaction. A private letter from Vienna seems to attribute the death of the Prince to excitement occasioned by certain political *contraieties;* and the *coup de sang* under which he suffered fourteen or fifteen days before the last fatal stroke is explained—how truly it is here difficult to say by similar causes. It was in vain that the nearest surviving relative, to whom he was tenderly attached, endeavored to claim him, and to dwell earnestly on the weakness of yielding to such anxiety and violet irritation every time that he considered himself slighted by his imperial master, or that he suspected his influence was undermined by an older and more powerful statesman. The impatient and haughty temper of Prince Schwartzenberg could not brook such slights.

All these thing, together with the symptoms of an organized opposition in the legislative corps, more numerous and more compact than the government certainly expected, tend to put the ministers into ill humor. Yet I believe they take these things more seriously to heart than the President of the republic himself.—Whether it be from a superstitious feeling, or from great firmness of character. Louis Napoleon is said to be as confident of his position, present and future, as he is that he exists; and he is under the impression that were he to proclaim himself emperor to-morrow' he would meet with no obstacle at home and from abroad, it may be, a protest, but nothing more. Whether this be self delusion or not, I believe it to be the fact.

*Health of Louis Napoleon.*—It is recently been stated that the health of Louis Napoleon is in a most unsatisfactory state, and some private letters say that the French President as been so seriously ill that he was unable to appear in public. Reports to this effect were probably circulated to account for his non-appearance in public, which some journals have attribued to his fear of assassination. It is known, however, that Louis Napoleon is afflicted with a severe complaint in his head, which, at times, causes great pain. It is stated that, if these attacks should continue, he will be altogether unfit to transact any public business.

*Death of Prince of Schwarzenberg.*—The Daily Tribune of the 19th makes the following announcement:

In another column of this paper is narrated the touching visit just made to the tomb of Washington by Louis Kossuth, the chief illustration of genius, patriotism and misfortune in the tempestuous record of these passing times. We are here to chronicle the sudden death of that Austrian Minister under whose administration Hungary and Kossuth were overthrown, and through whose force of intellect and unscrupulous energy of character the seeming reconstruction of Austrian power was effected, by means of fraud, bloodshed and cruelty, such as the gigantic crimes of Austrian history have perhaps, often equaled, but never surpassed.

Information relative to the Franklin expedition has been received by the English Admiralty. A merchantman states, that in the spring of 1851 he had seen two ships imbedded in the ice drifting apparently towards Davis Straits, ships beyond as he believes, belonging to the lost expedition.

LETTER OF THE HON. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.—The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser contains a letter from the Hon. Humphrey Marshall, member of the House of Representatives from the Louisville (Ky.) district, urging the nomination of Mr. Fillmore for the Presidency. After stating that he made it a point, during his canvass for a seat in Congress, to ascertain public opinion in his district in regard to Mr. Fillmore and Gen. Scott, he says:

"*I assure you there was not a corporal's guard for General Scott in my whole congressional district;* and had the vote been then taken my opinion is he would not have commanded, as against Mr. Fillmore, *two hundred in the seven thousand* whig votes of the district. I am assured by my correspondents that *there is no material change* in the views of the people."

The sentiment of his district, Mr. Marshall says, is a true reflex of the sentiment of the whole State, and he adds:

"As to General Scott, it is not a fit time to say more than this: *In his present position he cannot obtain the vote of Kentucky any more than he can command the powers of heaven. What effect a change of his position at this late day would produce,* will be more accurately determinable when the new position shall be taken. This determination on the part of our whigs is not the result of prejudice against General Scott. I am sure no such feeling inhabits my bosom."

*The Economites.*—The Pittsburg Journal publishes the long opinions of Judges Grier and Irwin, in a recent chancery suit, brought against the Economy Society of Socialists, by an expelled member, for the recovery of his share of the property owned by the Society.—The complainant was a member for twenty-seven years, working faithfully, receiving nothing but board and clothing. He claims that, in 1846, he was wrongfully excluded, and deprived of his share of the accumulated wealth of the Society, alleged to have been worth $2,000,000 at the time they expelled him. The complainant claims $60,000 as his share, and the Court ordered that the case be referred to a commissioner, to take an account of the value of all the estate of the Harmony Society, as it was held in 1819 and in 1846, the number of persons entitled to community of property, and also what would be a fair compensation for the labor of the complainant for twenty-seven years, deducting money paid, and others property taken by him at the time of his expulsion. Witnesses estimated the property of the Society as high as seven millions.—*Cleveland Herald.*

*For Wright.*—The Centerville Whig a short time since held the following language with reference to the re-election of our present efficent and popular Governor:

"So far as our state policy is concerned there is no difference between Whigs and Democrats; and as Gov. Wright has taken the first efficient steps for the development and encouragement of the Agricultural resources of Indiana, we again say that we hope he will be continued in the Executive Chair."

*From the Pittsburgh Journal of April 21st.*

### *Great Flood in the Ohio!*

From the time we closed our article of yesterday, until we commenced this one, 10 A.M. the waters have continued to swell steadily at a rate ranging from 6 inches per hour to 10 inches, and during all this period the rain has continued with occasional interruptions, but with no interval exceeding ½ of an hour.

At the time we write, the water has attained the height of 32 feet, being about 3 feet as yet below the great flood of 1832, and one foot below the Pumpkin flood of 1810.

We met with an intelligent man from Booksville, Jefferson co., yesterday, who came down the Alleghany in a skiff, and he gives sad account of the loss of lumber along that river, and its tributaries. He left Booksville on Saturday for Kittaning where he remained over night, resuming his voyage on Sunday and his report is of heavy rains increasing rapidly the flood in the river. All the way he witnessed wrecks of rafts, which he could not number, and represents that the lumber on Red Bank, prepared for market had all burst away.

His estimate is that 150 rafts were swept out of Red Bank. Of these, a number would be caught and landed in the eddies, but the greater portion would go clear. Mr. Bardy, also stated that the number of rafts, carried off from Mahoning would equal those from Red Bank. Here is proof of very serious loss of property, from the two rivers. What must the aggregate damage along the Alleghanies to the head waters, on which kindred representations are coming in. Mr. Brady confirms the report we alluded to yesterday that up the Alleghany the valleys were laden with snow two feet deep.

The Cleveland True Democrat of Wednesday morning, gives but few additional particulars, and says there was:

"No mail from Pittsburgh last night no telegraph either! So that we are not informed whether the flood was on the increase or not. The details, however, as far as we have seen them, show an immense loss of property.—Rafts of lumber, lumber in yards, and other valuble property have been swept away by the flood. We rejoice, however, to say, as far as can be ascertained, that the sacrifice of life has not been so great as rumor stated it to be.—Still the calamity is a severe one, and will be severely felt by those who dwell upon the Belle River and its tributaries."

The rise commenced at Pittsburgh on Saturday.

A great number of men, in their efforts to save the rafts been drowned, when the rafts smashed to pieces. Quite a number of persons were seen floating on boards down stream. A raft, without a sweep struck against the Mechanic street bridge, and was shattered to pieces. All on board perished, and in sight of thousands of awe struck spectators, unable to help them.

A correspondent of the Cleveland Herald, writing from Wellsville, 20th describes the codition and distress of families located on the lower part or bottom lands at Wellsville, and the Virginia shore as "awful." He adds:

"The dwelling houses (some of them) on the opposite side of the river, on the Virginia bottom lands, the foundation of which are usually 20 feet above the water in the Ohio, are now so nearly inundated that nothing but about three feet of the peak of the roofs and the tops of the chimneys are visible. Yesterday afternoon the Steam Ferry Boat was employed in taking the families and furniture from the second story windows (the boat being made fast to the house) and conveying them to the foot of the hill, about a quarter of a mile, *sailing directly over the entire farms* on which the houses stood. In the lower part of this city, the water is from one to four feet on the first floors of many of the dwellings, and in some cases up to the second story windows. A large building, apparently a work shop, floated out of the city this morning, at 9 o'clock, got out into the main river and was carried down the current with great velocity, occasionally rolling over and over, and being crushed as it past along. Bridges and rafts, buildings, hen coops and *live* chickens sitting on the tops of them, are constantly floating by. Some of the rafts, lamentable to say, have a number of men on board of them, being drenched with rain, which is still falling in torrents, and unable to land their crafts or make the shore."

### *The Dawson Difficulty.*

Immediately upon his return from Washington, Brown, the chairman of the State Central committee, made a few remarks upon the Dawson affair, not officially, but editorially, in which he states that the central committee have no power to act in the matter. We never really supposed that they had sufficient power to warrant them in decapitating Dawson without appeal, but we did think they would take sufficient interest in the success of the entire Democratic Electoral ticket of the State to officially recommend some plan by which the difficulty might have been settled. They certainly had that much authority, and it is all any one expected of them.

Brown thinks the difficulty might be settled by submitting it to a Convention of the Democracy of the District. As this is all we are likely to get from that quarter, we must even make the most of it, the more so as it is the only plan left which promises anything like an amicable adjustment. It is the best plan, most certainly, but we fear it will not cover the entire ground. If both parties mutually pledge themselves to abide by the decision of the convention, it will all work well enough; but this is what we fear the most bitter will not do. However, we shall see.

Let the matter be referred to the Congressional Convention which must soon be held. If Dawson will consent to this, and pledge himself to abide by the decision of the convention, we, as one of the "indignants," will agree to give him at least a silent support if he is sustained, and think we can safely promise him the united vote of the democracy of this county, believing that they look at the matter as we do, and sooner vote for him with all his imperfections on his head, for *such* an office, than vote indirectly for a whig President. But if he refuses—if he throws himself back upon his fraudulently obtained nomination by the State convention, and defies the democratic party—then we wash our hands of the consequences. Though his egotism almost blinds him, Dawson is not entirely destitute of sense, and must see that this is his only chance for putting a stop to a matter which so far has made him famous, but which, if continued to the end, must inevitably render him infamous.

Will some of our friends at Fort Wayne, take the responsibility of writing to Dawson upon this subject? As we do not live in the district, and can have no voice in the final settlement of the question upon the plan proposed, it would be rather out of place for us to interfere, or we should have taken the necessary steps some time ago.—*Huntington Observer.*

KILLED.—During the violent storm of wind and rain which raged on Sunday evening last, Wappasippen, a Miami Indian, was killed by a falling tree. He and Young Squirrell had been attending the funeral of Mazequa, a chief of the tribe, and were on their return when the accident occurred. The numerous friends of *Young Squirley* will be gratified to learn, that though much bruised and hurt, he is likely to survive his injury.—*Peru Sentinel.*

MAZEQUAH, a Miami Indian, well known to all our old settlers, died at his residence on Saturday last, and was interred according to the rites of the tribe on Sunday. By arrangement he had been exempt from removing west as stipulated in the treaty of 1840, and having purchased land, had become a tiller of the soil, and in may other respects had adopted the manners and customs of the whites.—*Peru Sentinel.*

## LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

SENATE.—*Friday, April 23.*—Petitions favoring temperance, and upon other subjects, were presented and referred to committees.—S. S. Mickle was elected president protem. of the Senate, Mr. Lane being absent. Most of the forenoon was devoted to the consideration of the bill providing for courts of common pleas.

In the afternoon the bill enacting courts of common pleas, as amended, was ordered to its engrossment. The following bills passed: providing for election of State Printer and for the public printing and binding; establishing general provisions respecting corporations; to incorporate manufacturing and other companies; to definite misdemeanors and provide punishment for the same.

HOUSE.—Eighty-five members in their seats. A great number of petitions in reference to the sale of intoxicating liquors were then presented, all of which asked for stringent laws for the suppression of the traffic therein. Mr. Nelson, from the select committee to whom was referred a bill relating to tols on the Wabash and Erie Canal, reported the same back with amendments, when, on motion of Mr. Gookins, it was laid on the table. The select joint committee on revision, through Messrs. Owen, Gibson, and Stover, reported several bills in relation to the incorporation of railroad companies, plank road companies, divorces, prosecutions for bastardy, official bonds and oaths, taking up and impounding estrays; which last bill was laid on the table. The committee also reported back House bill in reference to fencing the Tippecanoe Battle Ground, without amendments; and it having already been twice read, it was read a third time, and passed almost unanimously.

In the afternoon the report of Mr. Holman of the judiciary committee in relation to the bill concerning mortgages was finally adopted. The bill providing for the colonization of Negroes and Mulattoes, was read a third time; but failed to pass for want of the constitutional majority. Mr. Withers then moved to take up the joint resolution in relation to declaring the bridge over the Ohio river at Wheeling, Virginia, a post route, which was carried, and the resolution ordered to a third reading, when the House adjourned.

SENATE.—*Saturday, April 25.*—A bill from the committee on revision, providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, was read a first time. The bill establishing courts of common pleas was finally passed, 26 to 15.

In the afternoon, the bill prescribing who may make a will, &c., was read a third time, amended, and passed. The bill for the organization of circuit courts, was taken from the table, amended, read a third time and passed, 22 to 4.

HOUSE.—Eighty-seven members in their seats. A number of petitions praying for the passage of the Maine liquor law was presented and appropriately referred. Mr. Holman, from the judiciary committee reported back House bill relating to apportionment of estates, with amendments, which were concurred in. Mr. Owen, from the joint committee on revision, reported bills on promissory notes, the growth of silk, inspectors of salt, beef, &c., the detention of lands and manner of recovering the same, and electric telegraph companies; which were read a first time.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Governor, announcing the resignation of Hon. L. Harrison; also, a remonstrance from several citizens of Jefferson county, against the passage of the Maine law. Bill providing for the maintainance of illegitimate children was then taken up, and after undergoing amendments, and discussion was engrossed. A petition presented from citizens of Clay county, by Mr. Mudgett in reference to certain alleged frauds and forgeries in relation to petitions which have been presented to this House for a re-location of the county seat of said county, was referred to committee on elections.

SENATE.—*Monday, April 26.*—Petitions were presented by Messrs. Athon and Scoby, favoring abolishment of book peddling license and favoring the Maine liquor law; referred to committees. Resolutions were adopted of inquiry whether Wabash & Erie canal lands are taxable before 5 years after purchase; authorizing proof sheets of the Senate's journal to be furnished the Senate previous to correction; requesting the revision committee to superintend the arrangment of amendments to certain bills; also a joint resolution in regard to procuring a grant from Congress of land for a State Female Seminary. Bills for the incorporation of high schools, &c., and for the organization of a Supreme Court passed.—Various bills were read a second time. A communication from the Secretary of State was laid before the Senate, stating that the M. & I. R. R. Co. has filed a resolution in his office accepting the proposals of the act in regard to the State's interest in the M. & I. R. R., &c. A bill making radical changes in the present mode of doing township and county business, failed to pass, 26 to 17.

The following bills were introduced and read a first time: to provide for choosing electors for President and Vice President of the U. S.; providing for the election of Prosecuting Attorneys, defining their duties, &c., prescribing the manner of empanneling petit jurors, the number and compensation thereof, &c., and for laying out and vacating towns, streets and alleys, &c. The death of Mr. Glazebrook, representative from Putnam, being announced, resolutions of sympathy, adjournment, &c., were adopted, when the Senate adjourned till morning.

HOUSE.—Eighty six members in their seats. The usual amount of Temperance petitions presented, and referred. The committee of revision then reported a great number of bills on various subjects, which were read at first time. A resolution in favor of the Maine law was voted down, by a vote, approaching unanimity. The General Rail Road bill was taken up, and made the special order of the day, for to morrow at 10 o'clock A. M. The colonization bill was then taken up, and passed; Ayes 60, Noes—28. It appropriates $5,000 to colonization purposes.

SENATE.—*Tuesday, April 27.*—The following bills passed: to form voluntary associations; bills for electing clerk of Supreme Court, and county surveyor, and prescribing their duties; providing for deputies to certain officers; touching townships and their boundaries; enabling trustees to receive and convey donations, for religious and other purposes; providing for appointment of Supreme Court Sheriff; regulating tolls of grist mills, and prescribing duties of millers; to establish county libraries; transferring county agent's duties to county auditor; in regard to Attorney of State for Supreme Court; for the electing &c. of Circuit Court Clerks and county Sheriffs and prescribing their duties; do. of State Agent; and prescribing the manner of compelling officers to give new bonds and additional sureties.

The afternoon was devoted to bills upon their second reading.

HOUSE.—The committee on revision reported a number of bills, which were disposed appropriately. The usual quantity of petitions for the Maine liquor law was then presented and read; also, a remonstrance against its passage. Several bills from the Senate were taken up, read, amended and referred. The bill regulating descents came up, and Mr. Gookins offered an amendment, upon which he spoke at some length, and ordered to a third reading. House adjourned.

The general railroad bill was read a third time, and passed; also the bill concerning mortgages. House bill for the regulation of the traffic in intoxicating liquors was taken up, and amendments being offered, was laid on the table. Mr. Owen offered a bill for the regulation of the traffic in spirituous liquors, which was read a first time. House bill on the same subject was taken up, debated, and referred to the temperance committee. The House then passed, with amendments, the bill concerning descents and apportionment of estates, when the house adjourned.

*A Compliment to the Craft.*—The following is from a letter written by John C. Rives, of the firm of Blair & Rives he says:

"I have seen the manuscript writings of the great men in this country during the last twenty years, and I think I may safely say, that not twenty of them could stand the test of the scrutiny of one half of the journeyman printers employed in my office. Your true printer is not only a moral and intelligent man, but has a very considerable tinge of romance and chivalry in his composition. His patriotism is one of the most honest and enthusiastic kind far purer and more intense than that of the public men of the country."

WASHINGTON, April 23.

Chevalier Hulsemann has obtained leave from his Government, for an indefinite period, and will shortly leave for Europe. This has been granted him in consequence of his representations, that he could ho'd no intercourse of any kind with Mr. Webster. He will, therefore, absent himself till Mr. Webster retires from the State Department. The friendly relation between the two Governments are not, however, interrupted.

*For the Fort Wayne Sentinel.*

INDIANAPOLIS, April 22, 1852.

*Dear Sir:*

I observe in your paper of last Saturday just received, you mention that "the fruit trees are mostly killed." That was the impression I had before I left home. Knowing the great solicitude felt throughout our region on this subject, I lost no opportunity in my travels here to ascertain what I could in regard to the matter. The injury is uniformly the same throughout this state, Ohio, and perhaps other states. Peach trees are pretty generally killed every where—The injury sustained by apple trees is very serious, but, I am inclined to think, not fatal generally *anywhere*. On my arrival here, the day before the session commenced, I went immediately out to see how matters stood with Mr. Alldridge's extensive orchard and nursery, near this city.—I found all his Peach trees and nearly all his Pear trees killed; all his Cherry, except the Morello, more or less injured. In regard to his apple trees (a fruit that we have a hundred fold more interest in than all others combined) we made a most critical examination. I found them affected about in the same manner and to the same extent as with us, with the addition that he showed me several trees he found on the next morning after the first freeze, that were burst open, extending into the heart of the tree, so that he could put his whole hand in anywhere from the lower limbs to the ground. These trees closed up as soon as the frost came out, and now show evident signs of the bark uniting—Upon a close examination about six inches above ground, where the injury appears to be greatest, we found the sap moving freely and the bark not sour, although much discolored. Mr. Alldridge is decidedly of the opinion, that althoh considerable damage is done to apple trees, they are by no means generally killed; and from his long experience and thorough knowledge of fruit trees, added to my own observation here, I am inclined to give much credit to this opinion. No intelligence that I can communicate I know will be as acceptable to the people of our county as this, for when I left a general gloom prevailed in regard to the matter.

I will make a suggestion that may be of service:—mutilate the trees as little as possible and if the bark is inclined to burst or open, it would be well to confine it by tieing some lynn bark or something of the kind around the tree.

Very Respectfully,
I. D. G. NELSON.

*T. Tigar, Esq.*

SENATE CHAMBER, April 27th, 1852.

*Editors State Journal.* The near approach of the time for planting corn, induces me to make a suggestion to our agricultural friends in regard to *seed corn*. I am informed by one of the most intelligent farmers of Wayne county, that he has tried five different experiments, during the last few weeks to sprout corn, for the purpose of testing its vitality. In the five experiments he have made by planting in a rich soil, in a box kept in a warm and light room, not one half of the grains planted sent fourth sprouts. He was induced to test the matter from the fact, that some thirty years ago, after a very severe winter, similar to that of our last, a large amount of corn planted in the White-water valley failed to come up, and the farmers were put to much inconvenience for seed that would grow, and many of them sent to Kentucky for corn to plant. I am told by another gentleman that a similar effect followed the cold winter of 1832 or 1833, in the section of the State in which he resided.

This may not by the case here and now, but I make the suggestion for the benefit of those interested. If the fears entertained are groundless, so much the better; but it will not be much trouble to test the matter, in time.

Excuse the apparent gratuity of the above suggestion. D. P. HOLLOWAY.

## COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852.

There is not much doing. Wheat remains at 50 cents. Corn 33a35; Oats 33a37; Potatoes 60a65; Butter 15; Eggs 8; Bacon 8a9.

All kinds of marketing is very scarce, and sells readily at high prices.

*New York, April 28.*—Flour, common to straight, 4 04 a 4 18; mixed to fancy Indiana and Michigan 4 25a4 62; Corn 62a65; Pork, mess, 18 50; prime 16 87 a 17 00; Lard 10 a 11; Ashes, pot, 5 00 a 5 06; pearls 6 25 a 6 31.

*Toledo, April 28.*—Wheat 67; Corn 40.

MARRIED,—On the 4th inst., by M. Whitmore, Esq., Mr. ALBERT N. CROMLEY, Printer of the Bluffton Banner, to Miss MARY F. HINCHMAN, of Wells county.

Another Printer rewarded! Success attend thee, Albert. May thy case never *run out of sorts;* thy partner prove a *capital nonpareil*, and in due course of time furnish thee a *minion* fount of SMALL CAPS.


### Petroleum and Rheumatism.

Noble Co., Ind., Jan. 30, 1852.

To the Proprietor of the Pittsburgh Petroleum:

I take pleasure in stating that I have been benefitted by the use of your Rock Oil—the Red kind—the same that is now sold by Mr. H. B. Reed and Mr. W. Wall, in Wayne. I was seized in August last with a violent attack of *Rheumatism* in one knee and leg, with tormenting pains, so that I could not walk, except with difficulty. After suffering for about two months, I applied your Petroleum, which commenced at once to drive off the pains, and in a week was almost entirely well and am now well. I consider this Oil worthy the attention of the afflicted. Having an opportunity by being in Wayne to day, I have just bought another Bottle to try for partial deafness of a little girl. I reside at the old "Gordon Stand" on the plank road, 17 miles north from Wayne. J. MACKEY.

### DRESS MAKING.

MISS L. FORD, late of AUBURN, New York, respectfully informs the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced the Dress Making Business, at the house of Mrs. Bowen, on Barr street. All work entrusted to her will be promptly executed in the neatest and most fashionable style.

*The latest Fashions regularly received.*
May 1, 1852. 13.

*Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.*—This celebrated medicine is one of the very best in the country, and its good qualities only need to be known, to give it precedence over all others now in use. We have seen its good effects lately, after the total failure of many others. This is saying more than we can for any other medicine within our knowledge, and we feel it a duty to recommend the Bitters to the notice of our friends. The genuine is prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Phila.

**S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla.**

We would call special attention to this excellent Family Medicine, with the satisfaction one feels in praising a bona fide article. Its established reputation recommends it in preference to any new preparation, and whoever requires a genuine approved medicine should read the Doctor's advertisement and try his Shaker Sarsaparilla. ☞ See advertisement in another column.

## Them Goods Have Arriv'd!!

WE have just received a part of our New Goods—and more daily expected. No time for particulars this week—suffice it to say they are cheaper than the Cheapest, and Better than the Best. We are forced to sustain our reputation, of being the cheapest Store in town. Call and see—no charge—if you don't buy.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.
No. 27 Columbia Street.

April 20, 1852.

**200** Bushels DRIED APPLES, a most splendid article, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

**50** Half-Bbls WHITE FISH, just received and for sale by TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

## Old No. 3 again in Advance!

TWELVE DAYS FROM NEW YORK!

MOSES DRAKE Jr. has received by express another of those

Splendid Stocks of Goods

for which the old stand is so famous. It embraces every thing needful—all of the best qualities and NEWEST FASHIONS, of [illegible] ever to be found there. They will be sold at the usual No. 3 LOW PRICES.

May 1, 1852.

## Goods by Railroad.

THE FARMERS' DEPOT is now receiving a full assortment of the latest and most desirable styles of

**Spring and Summer Goods**

of all kinds, including a beautiful stock of Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, Delaines, Berage De Laines and White DRESS GOODS; Prints, Summer Shawls, Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Mitts, Bonnets, Ribbons, &c. &c.

For the gentlemen we have Summer Cassimeres, Linens, and all the new styles of Summer Goods, Fur and Plush Kossuth Hats, Palm Leaf and Leghorn Do. In short, we have a great, grand, and glorious assortment of Dry Goods, selected with unusual care, which we intend to sell at the very smallest possible advance on

*New York Prices!*

We are also receiving our usual supply of

Groceries, Hardware, & Queensware.

We intend doing a strictly Cash and Barter Business, by which means we can sell at much less advance on eastern prices than heretofore; and purchasers who give us a call will thereby consult their own interests, and secure good Bargains. Call and try.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

May 1, 1852.

## New Goods, New Goods!

**FIRST ARRIVAL.**

We are now receiving a Splendid assortment of

*Spring and Summer Goods,*

to be sold at our usual Low Prices, for CASH or BARTER.

WILSON & TRESSELT.

## FIRST ARRIVAL OF Boots, Shoes & Leather, &c.

*At No. 6, Phenix Block, Calhoun Street.*

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

JACOB FOLLINGER has just returned from the East, with a very full and well selected assortment of SHOES and BOOTS of all kinds—including Ladies' Gaiters, all colors; Pers Boots, half Congress Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins—in fact all varieties. Misses and Children's Wear in great variety; Gentlemen's Fine French Boots; Calf Boots, all qualities, from $2.75 to $5.50. Congress Gaiters, and Boots, Buckskin Taylor Ties, &c. &c.—Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, and Brogans of all sorts. Boys' and Youths' Wear in great variety.

These goods having been carefully selected at the best eastern establishments, and by a practical shoemaker, customers may rely on getting superior articles, and they will be sold on the most favorable terms—

*Far Cheaper than ever before!*

He still carries on the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and will make any article to order on the shortest notice. A full assortment of

*Home-Made Boots and Shoes*

kept constantly on hand.

A large stock of SOLE and UPPER LEATHER, Calf and Kip, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs, and a full assortment of SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, will be sold to the trade as cheap as they can be bought at any other place in the West.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1852. 6m43

1852. 1852.

**COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.**

## Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

*Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,*

FORT WAYNE, IND.

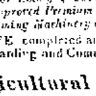
AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Eckford Lines,
Franklin Glass Works,
Oswego Cotton Mills,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

*And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Sash &c.*

CASH paid for GRAIN, and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments.

May 1, 1852.

ALLEN COUNTY



## Agricultural Warehouse

**COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.**

*Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,*

HAVE completed an addition to their Forwarding and Commission House expressly for

**Agricultural Implements,**

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Machines so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st, 1852.

**29** Bales Heavy SHEETINGS for sale low, COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

## Caution.

WHEREAS, my wife Eliza Duffy, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

3w43] OWEN DUFFY.
Lake Township, Allen Co., April 30th, 1852.

## CARPETS.

A Good assortment of CARPETS on hand and for sale very cheap.

TOWNLEY & FREEMAN.

## Wonderful Discovery.

THE subscriber has discovered that those indebted to him, are determined not to pay him until compelled by law, and he has determined to give them a hearing in that way, as soon as he can see the proper officers. He will be found at the store of Bayless & Co.

B. MASON.

Fort Wayne, April 2, 1852. 39tf

## To the Public.

*A New Discovery in Chemistry.*

DR. DANIEL MULLIER will give attention to those that will give him a call. He will at all times have a variety of medicine for all the diseases mentioned below; he invariably cures the following in the given time: Sick or constitutional Head ache in five minutes, so as never to return; it infallibly cures, not quite so soon; break ague and fever of the worst kind, in one day; break fevers of any kind, in from one to three days; cure diarrhea of the worst kind in one day; cure jaundice, dyspepsia, liver complaint, asthma, salt rheum or tetter, gravel, enlargement of the spleen (called ague cake) sore or weak eyes, deafness, and palpitation of the heart, in from five to fifteen days; cures dropsy, rheumatic affections, neuralgia, bronchitis, Tic Doloreux, milk leg, and piles, in from three to twenty days; cures Erysipelas of the worst kind in from two to five days, if called on before suppuration; cures bilious cholic of the worst kind in one hour; a medicine for all female complaints, which cannot be particularized in print, and all secret diseases cured in a short time; and a medicine for tooth ache, ear ache, and corns.

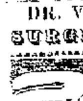
Persons living at a distance can send for the Medicine, as it is all labeled, and if used as prescribed it will not fail. The above Medicine is entirely clear of Calomel, or Quinine. Hundreds of certificates might be placed here, but the public have become tired of such humbuggery. If the public will call on me, and go by my prescription, I have no fear of their being disappointed. The last six years of my practice was in Dayton, Ohio; Lafayette, Ind.; Fort Wayne, Ind.; Maumee City, Ohio; Adrian, Michigan; Chicago, Illinois; Laporte, Ind.; Logansport, Ind.; South Bend, Ind.; and back here to Fort Wayne—most of the time in good practice. It would plague those that are hostile to me, to find or hear of one patient that died under my treatment, in any of the above places; although one-fourth of them have been cases that were failures of the best of physicians. I have not failed doing good, when proper attention was given me; and as I am getting old, and fear the science will die with me, I am willing to give a recipe to one individual of a place for the good of the afflicted public. Let those creatures that are in the habit of representing me wrong, let them interrogate the above, and let them contradict it if they are solvent enough to back what they say.

Calhoun Street, second door south of Public Square.

DR. DANIEL MULLIER.

April 23d, 1852. p3w42

## DR. VON BONHORST, SURGEON DENTIST,



THANKFUL for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, one door north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day.—Several years successful practice in his profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

*Old Gold wanted*, for which the full value will be given.

Sept. 20, 1851. 341

## *Fort Wayne Female College.*

The Summer Term of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, May 5th, and continue its session thirteen weeks.

A. C. HEUSTIS, Act'g Prest.

Fort Wayne, April 12, 1852.

## WOODRUFF HOUSE,

*Sycamore Street, between Third and Fourth.*

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

P. E. TUTTLE,
G. P. TUTTLE,
*Proprietors.*

41

THOMAS WATKINS, Jr.,

*Forwarding and Commission*

**MERCHANT,**

6m49] TOLEDO, OHIO.

## Prince's Melodeons,

*(The best and cheapest Musical Instrument in use.)*

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S celebrated Melodeons are most universally acknowledged to be the best instruments of the kind manufactured in this country. The many improvements they have, made in this hitherto inferior instrument, now make it one of the most desirable and useful articles of furniture that can be used in a family. In families, especially, where Sacred Music is taught or practiced.

The whistling, whining or squeaking tones these instruments used to possess, have now given place to a clear, pure, round tone, nearly resembling that of the "Flute Stop" in the organ. Probably no musical instrument of any description ever made has met with so extensive and unprecedented a sale as the "Prince Melodeon."

They are warranted never to get out of tune, are better adapted to the human voice than any other instrument, and wherever they have been introduced are rapidly superseding Pianos. They are offered at prices so low as to place them within reach of all lovers of music, and being furnished in the first style, form a beautiful article of furniture. For small churches, these instruments have no equal. One of them is in use at the German Reformed Evangelical Church in this city.

Prices.—Four Octave, $45, Five Octave, $60; Do. Do. Piano Style, $100.

The subscriber is appointed Agent for the sale of these instruments, and will furnish them at manufacturers' prices.—He has on hand one four octave instrument, which may be examined at his residence. Any other size furnished to order.

THOMAS TIGAR.

April 9th, 1852.

## *Election of Railroad Directors.*

THE Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE & SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, will meet at Bluffton on Tuesday, the 1st day of June next, to elect ten Directors. Stockholders to be entitled to vote, must subscribe for stock at least 30 days before the election. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the board of corporators.

W. ROCKHILL, *President.*

S. G. UPTON, *Clerk pro tem.* 5w43

State of Indiana } Probate Court of Allen
Allen County, ss. } County, May Term, 1852.

Henry Dickickson, *Administrator of Castleman's Estate, vs. Henry Castleman, et al.*

BE it remembered that on this 16th April, 1852, it being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court on affidavit filed by a disinterested person, that Henry Castleman, one of said defendants, is not a resident of the state of Indiana: It is therefore ordered that said Henry Castleman be, and he is hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said petition, and that he is required to be and appear before the Judge of said Probate Court on the third Monday in May next, and show cause, if any he can, why the real estate of said decedent should not be sold to discharge assets in the hands of said administrator.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

April 16, 1852. [$2 00] 3w41

## Land For Sale.

THE subscriber offers the following lands for sale to wit: the S. W. quarter of the S. E. quarter of section 11, Township 32, north of Range 12 east; containing 40 acres, and the south end east part of 62 30-100 acre tract, supposed to contain 32 acres, known as fractional lot number 2 in section 3, Town 31 north of Range 11 east, adjoining the plat of the village of Kraco, and the equitable interest of the E. half of the S. W. quarter of section 25, Town 31, north of Range 13 east; containing 80 acres.—These lands are all well selected, and a good title will be made to the purchaser. For terms apply to

HENRY COOPER, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 14, 1852. 41tf

SHAWLS.—A very heavy stock of Brochar, Jenny Linds, long and square Cashmeres, &c. &c. All varieties from $1 00 to $30 00.

MRS. DYKES.

BLANK Deeds, Mortgages, Percussion Notes &c., for sale at the Sentinel Office.

## New Bonnets—Spring Styles.

MRS. DYKES has just received 6 dozen Ladies' Bonnets, of the latest Spring Styles.

Other Spring Goods daily expected.

April 22, 1852.

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: A part of the Wells Reserve, Lying at the Junction of the St. Marys and St. Joseph Rivers, commencing at a stake on the east line of the land he occupied at the time of the execution of the said mortgage, by Clinger's heirs, near a Walnut tree, thence north three chains and seventy-five hundredths to a stake near a Cherry tree, thence east sixteen chains to a stake near a thorn bush, thence south to a stake near a large Sycamore tree, three chains and seventy five hundredths, thence west to the place of beginning: containing six acres, in Allen county, state of Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of William Lytle at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 21, 1852. [$4 25.] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: one Town Lot number ten (10) in block number thirty-one (31), in Ewing's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen, and on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest, and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Samuel Roberts at the suit of the State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 23, 1852. [$2 75] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a fieri facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot number one hundred and four, Original Plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of James Barnett at the suit of Furguson, Collins & Co.

W. H. McDONALD Sh'ff. A. C.

May 21, 1851. ($2 50) 4w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of Vendi Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot 51 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Henry Cooper at the suit of Joseph L. Clark, Bremen, Suydam & Nixon, et al.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 19, 1852. [$2 75] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi. Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 29th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number eighteen (18) Old Plat, and Lots number two hundred and fifty six (256) and two hundred and fifty-seven (257) Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of John G. Walpole at the suit of Jacob C. Bowser.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 22, 1852 [$3 00] 6w42

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 15th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: The undivided half (½) of the north-east quarter (¼) of the north west quarter (¼) of Section Forty-three (33) Township thirty-one (31), north of Range twelve (12) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Asa Pierce at the suit of Peter Wagoner.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 12, 1852 [$3 00] 5w41

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry Fi. Fas. to me directed, from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 8th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: One hundred and eighty (180) acres of land in the county of Allen, and state of Indiana, being part of the section of land granted to Josette Beaubien in the Treaty of St. Marys made with the Miami Tribe of Indians, by the United States, on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1818; said section is situated on the St. Marys River, in said Allen county; and said one hundred and eighty acres are to be taken from the east side of said section by a line straight so as to include the House and Orchard, where the family of the late Elisha B. Harris resides, on said section; and on failure to realize the full amount of Judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 8, 1852. [$3 75] 3w40

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 8th day of May, 1852, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot two (2) in Lot No. ninety-five (95) in the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest, and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Goggenheimer at the suit of John Hough, Jr.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 8, 1852. ($2 50) 5w40

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fieri Facias to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 8th day of May, 1852, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the east half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26), and east half (½) of the north-west quarter (¼), and east half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section thirty-one (31), range thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Daniel Reid and William Reid at the suit of James G. Homer-Bell, and others.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

April 7, 1852. [$3 00] 5w40

## OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

BOOKS are opened for subscription to the Stock at the Ohio & Railroad Company, at the office of the undersigned in this city, payable in cash at such time, and in such proportions as may be required by the board of directors.

Subscriptions may also be made payable in good agricultural lands, at their cash value, to be agreed upon by the party offering, and the undersigned, at the time of subscribing.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Assistant Treasurer, O. & Ind. R. R.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 11, 1852. 1f32

## B. W. OAKLEY,

*No. 79, COLUMBIA STREET.*

STONE FRONT.

WOULD respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has now on hand and keeps at all times the best assortment of stoves in the west.

**Cooking Stoves.**

Embracing all the new varieties and latest improved patterns of *airtight* and Premium Stoves.

**Box Stoves,**

The very best of Box Stoves, heavy plates and varying in size from eighteen inches to three feet and a half long.

PARLOR STOVES.

A great variety of the latest style and most improved patterns for beauty and durability.

TIN WARE—At wholesale or retail. He is prepared to fill all orders with promptness and despatch, and his friends may depend upon having their goods put up with care. *All article manufactured by him are warranted.*

*JOB WORK.*

COPPER, TIN or SHEET IRON, WORK and all kinds of Repairing done to order and warranted to give satisfaction.

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Rags, Roots, Beeswax and even CASH taken in exchange.

HARDWARE—A very heavy stock well selected for this market, and bought with special reference to the *low price of wheat.* Among his stock will be found MECHANICS TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths, Millwrights, and most other branches. Also, FARMERS TOOLS such as Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Scythes, Grass and Grain, Axes, Hammers, Grubbing Hoes, Brush Scythes, Ox, Trace and Halter Chains, all sizes of Black or bright coil Cable Chains.

IRON AND STEEL.—A heavy assortment of American and Imported Iron of all the usual sizes, among which may be found the best quality of Swedes Iron and Russia Nail Rods, also Sanderson and Cast Steel.

NAILS—Eastern and Juniata Nails of all sizes, from 2 to 40 and Spikes from 4 to 6 inches, also the best Horse Shoe and wrought Nails ever brought to this market.

Jan. 14th, 1852.

## PLOWS! PLOWS!!

JUST received, and for sale an assortment of the well known PEACOCK PLOWS both Steel and Cast Mouldboards, right and left hands, of the latest improvements, all warranted to perform equal to any in use. We expect to keep a supply of these Plows on hand.

AYRES, WILLIAMS, & CO.

Feb. 21. 1852 3m33

## WOOL CARDS.

WE have received an assortment of the best Wool Cards from a Manufacturing Establishment East, and will sell the same at Roll Factory prices, to wool carders or any other persons who may give us a call.

We use the same kind on our Carding Machine, as I find them to be the best we have ever used.

HUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 30, 1852. 3m30

## AGENTS WANTED,

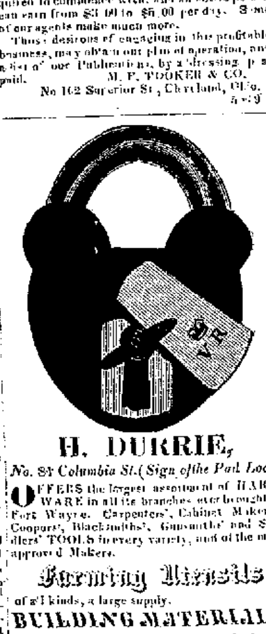
*To Sell new and Popular Books.*

WE are in want of Agents to canvass this part of the State for our new Books.

A small capital of but $10 or $15 will be required to commence with, and an active person can earn from $3 00 to $5 00 per day. Some of our agents make much more.

Those desirous of engaging in this profitable business, may obtain our plan of operation, and a list of our Publications, by addressing, post paid.

M. F. TOOKER & CO.
No 162 Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio. 4m29



## H. DURRIE,

*No. 84 Columbia St. (Sign of the Pad Lock)*

OFFERS the largest assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever brought to Fort Wayne. Carpenters', Cabinet Makers', Coopers', Blacksmiths', Gunsmiths' and Saddlers' TOOLS in every variety, and of the most approved Makers.

**Farming Utensils**

of all kinds, a large supply.

**BUILDING MATERIALS**

including many new Patterns of *Door Locks* and *Latches*, making the best assortment of this kind of Goods to be found in the West.

*IRON, NAILS AND STEEL*

of all sizes and of *warranted quality.* Blacksmiths will find a large assortment of all sizes, to select from, including Russia Nail Rod, Swedes Iron, German and English Blister Steel, at prices lower than ever.

Saddlers' Hardware and Carriage Trimmings,

a larger assortment than ever and complete in every department.

**COOKING STOVES**

of all kinds, consisting of the most desirable Patterns made in Albany, Utica, Buffalo, Dayton, and Cincinnati. Those preferring an *Elevated Oven Cook Stove*, will find a new pattern of that kind got up this season, having many more conveniences than the old kinds. BOX and PARLOR STOVES of the latest Patterns including several styles of *open Stoves.*

*Tinware, Copper & Sheet Iron Work*

in connection with the above is an extensive *TIN SHOP* with Stock sufficient to execute any order in that line.

*Tin Plate and Steel Iron* for sale by the quantity. Dec. 20, 1851.

*Rochester Garden Seeds,*

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,

Fort Wayne, March 10, 1852.

## The Plow that Beats the World.

**JOHN RICH'S**

## Patent Iron Beam Plow,

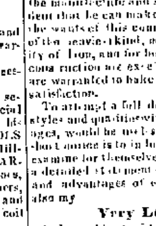
TROY, N. Y.

THIS PLOW has become the universal favorite of the farming community wherever it is known, and needs only to be introduced to be in the hands of every farmer in the United States. It has taken the first premium at all the Fairs where it has been exhibited, viz: Stratoga, Montgomery, and Rensselaer Co.; and at the great Fair of the American Institute at Castle Garden, New York, it was awarded the first Premium, a Silver Medal, for the Plow of the best and cheapest mode of construction.

The undersigned having purchased the right of making and vending these superior Plows in Northern Indiana, is now manufacturing them at Freeman's City Foundry, north of the City Mills, Fort Wayne, where they will be offered for sale. Farmers are invited to call and examine them.

WM. B. BARTHOLOMEW.

Fort Wayne, March 12th, 1852. [3m36



CINCINNATI

## Stove Depot

*No. 51 Columbia Street,*

NIAGARA BUILDINGS,

*Sign Red Stove.*

**A. D. BRANDRIFF**

WOULD call attention of the public to his large and well selected Stock of

**Cooking Stoves & Tin Ware.**

Having for a number of years been engaged in the manufacture and sale of Stoves, feels confident that he can make selection that will suit the wants of this community. His Stoves are of the heaviest kind, made of the very best quality of Iron, and for beauty and convenience of construction are excelled by none; all of which are warranted to bake first rate and give general satisfaction.

To attempt a full description of the various styles and qualities with their numerous advantages, would be useless, the only object of this short notice is to induce purchasers to call and examine for themselves. Then I will give them a detailed statement of the different qualities and advantages of each particular stove, and also my

**Very Low Prices,**

which would astonish even the natives.

*Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware.*

A large and complete assortment of Tin Ware at wholesale and retail, at prices that cannot help but to please.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS would do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOB WORK of all kinds done to order by the best of workmen. House gutter and spouting made and put on to order at the shortest notice.

March 6, 1852. 6m35

HOSIERY—Just received at No. 4 Hanna's Block, a full assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hose, Knitting Yarn, &c.

MRS. DYKES.

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

## SHAKER SARSAPARILLA!

IN quart bottles, the Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

For Female Complaints it stands without a rival. More Evidence! Another Remarkable Cure!! Read it!

COLUMBUS, IND., June 11, 1850.

Dr. S. D. Howe & Co.—Gents: I have been afflicted with a cough for the last three or four years, which cough came very near taking me to the grave, despite of all the medical aid from my family physician. I had despaired of ever again being restored to health. Six months ago I noticed the advertisement of Dr. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla Extract—immediately sent and procured one bottle, and, gentlemen, the result of taking two bottles of Dr. Howe's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla has caused me to say to you, and any whom it may concern, that I am entirely relieved from all coughs, pain in the breast, &c. MRS. NATHAN GRAVES.

Remember it is warranted to be

*Purely and Entirely Vegetable.*

And as a Female and Family Medicine it has no equal.

Be sure you enquire for Dr. S. D. Howe's Shaker Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

Quart bottles $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

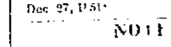
For sale by I. BAKER
(Successor to S. D. Howe.)
Proprietor.

No. 1, College Hall Walnut street, two doors above Fourth, Cincinnati, O., to whom all orders must be addressed, and by

W. E. LANGLEY, Fort Wayne.
Dr. A. J. WILLIAMS, Bluffton.
JESSE DAVIS, Huntington.

Dec 27, 1851. 1-25y

NOTICE



## To Railroad Contractors.

PROPOSALS will be received at Lima, Ohio, on the Ohio and Indiana Railroad, for grubbing and clearing and grading said road, from Upper Sandusky to Lima, until the 19th day of May next. Also at Delphos, until the 21st day of May, for that portion of said road, from Lima to Van Wert.

Also at Fort Wayne, Ind., until the 25th of May next, for that portion extending from Van Wert to Fort Wayne, Ind.

Plans, Profiles, and specifications may be seen at each of the above named places five days previous to the time of letting. For further information call on the Engineers who will be in attendance at the said places, with whom bids may be left.

Pittsburgh Gazette, Massillon News, Shield and Banner Mansfield, Cleveland Herald, and Plain Dealer, Toledo Blade and Republican, and papers on the line at Bucyrus, Upper Sandusky, Lima, Delphos, and Van Wert, will copy until time of letting, and send bills to the undersigned for payment at Fort Wayne.

WM. MITCHELL & CO.

Fort Wayne, April 15th, 1852. 6w41

[1852.]

## Troy and Western Line

ON THE CANAL AND RIVER,

*Leaves New York and Buffalo Daily, Running in Connection with Steamers and Propellers on the Lakes.*

NO TRANSHIPMENT AT ALBANY OR TROY.

*Cargo of Each Boat Fully Insured.*

PROPRIETORS:

Rice, Clapp & Co. N. Y., P. L. Sternberg & Co. Buf.

*For Freight or Passage, apply to*
Rice, Clapp & Co. 31 Coenties Slip, N. Y.
Chas. A. Folger & Co. 101 Pier Albany,
P. L. Sternberg & Co. cor Front & Dock St. Buf.

Mark Packages "T. & W. Line," and ship daily from No. 31 Coenties Slip, N. Y.

6m49] T. WATKINS, *Agent, Toledo, O.*

## STRAYED.

A Gray Stallion Colt, 2 years old, about 4½ feet high, mane and tail more dark, and a white star in front of the head, has been missing about three weeks. A liberal reward will be paid to the individual who returns him to

FRANCIS SEVENEICK, or
REKER & BROTHERS.

Fort Wayne, April 23, 1852. p3w42

JOB Printing neatly executed on the shortest notice at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

Fall and Winter

## FASHIONS.

JUST RECEIVED

*At No. 54, Columbia St.,*

FORT WAYNE.

MISS WELLS would call the attention of the Ladies to her new stock of

**Millinery Goods and Bonnets,**

of every kind, feeling assured that she has something to please the taste of all. She has a great variety of Costumes, embracing every thing new and elegant for Dresses, Cloaks, Mantelets, &c. Among her

FANCY GOODS

are a great variety of beautiful rich Flowers and Plumes, Ribbons, Dress Silks, and Trimmings of different kinds.

Dresses, Cloaks, and Bonnets made to order in the newest and best style, and on the most reasonable terms.

Nov 7, 1851. 18

## Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell farm in Washington township, four miles north of Fort Wayne, near the plank road; it being the east half of the south west quarter of section fifteen (15), containing eighty acres. Said farm has about *30 acres of improvement;* the whole of the land is well fitted for farming purposes, and is well watered and timbered. Any person wishing to purchase will do well to give me a call soon, as I would like to sell before seeding. For particulars call on the subscriber living on the premises.

THOS. J. RIGH.

August 2, 1851. 4tf

## PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil.

*A Natural Remedy! Procured from a Well in Allegheny county, Pa., 400 feet below the Earth's Surface! Put up and Sold by*

**SAMUEL M. KIER,**

Canal Basin, Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

The healthful balm from Nature's secret spring,
The bloom of health, and life, to man will bring;
As from her depths the magic liquid flows,
To calm our sufferings, and assuage our woes.

PETROLEUM.—It is necessary, upon the introduction of a new medicine, to the notice of the public, that something should be said in relation to its powers, in healing diseases, and the manner in which it acts. Man's organization is a complicated one; and to understand the functions of each organ, requires the study of years. But to understand that certain remedies produce certain impressions upon these organs may be learned by experience in a short time. It is by observation in watching the effects of various medicines, that we are enabled to increase the number of curative agents, and when we have discovered a new medicine and attested its merits, it is our duty to bring it before the public, so that the benefits to be derived from it, may be more generally diffused. But have no right to hold back a remedy whose powers are calculated to remove pain, and to alleviate human suffering and disease.

*The Petroleum has been fully Tested!*

About one year and a half ago it was placed before the public as a *remedy of wonderful efficacy.* Every one not acquainted with its virtues, doubted its healing properties. The cry of humbug was raised against it. It had some friends. Those that were cured through its wonderful agency. These spoke out in its favor. The lame, through its instrumentality, were made to walk—the blind to see. Those who had suffered for years under the torturing pains of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia, were restored to health and usefulness. Several who were blind have been made to see. In writing about a medicine we are aware that we should write truth—that we should make no statements that cannot be proved. We have the witnesses—crowds of them, who will testify in terms stronger than we can write them, to the efficacy of this Remedy; who will testify that the Petroleum has done for them what no medicine ever could before—cases that were pronounced hopeless and beyond the reach of remediate means—cases abandoned by Physicians of unquestioned celebrity, have been made to exclaim "This is the

MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED!"

We will lay before you the certificates of some of the most remarkable cures: (see circular with the oil) to give them all, would require more space than would be allowed by this notice. Since the introduction of the Petroleum, about one year and a half ago, many Physicians have been convinced of its efficiency, and now recommend it in their practice.—If the Physicians do not recommend it, the people will have it of themselves—for its transcendent power to heal, will and must become known and appreciated—when the voices of the cured speak out; when the cures themselves, stand out in bold relief, and when he who for years has suffered with the tortures and pangs of an immedicable lesion that has been shortening his days and hastening him to "the narrow house appointed for all the living," when he speaks out in its praise, who will doubt it? The Petroleum is a Natural Remedy; it is put up as it flows from the bosom of the earth, without any thing being added to or taken from it.

It gets its ingredients from the bed of substances which it passes over in its secret channel. They are blended together in such a form as to defy all human competition. The Petroleum in this respect is like the MINERAL WATERS, whose virtues in most chronic diseases, are acknowledged, not only by Physicians, but by the community at large. These singular fluids flowing out from the earth, impregnated with medicinal substances of different proprieties, and holding them in such complete solution as to require the aid of Chemistry in order to detect them, bears ample proof to the fact, that they are compounded by the master hand of Nature, for the alleviation of human suffering and disease. It is a *natural* remedy; and as Nature never *half* does her work, it is a medicine of unequalled Power, as we have the most abundant testimony. That it will cure every disease to which we are liable we do not pretend,—but when used according to directions, it will cure or materially relieve—Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Mumps, Toothache, Eruptions on the skin Pimples on the face, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Pains in the bones and joints, old Sores, Ulcers, Wens, Ague, Erysipelas, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and pulmonary affections of a Chronic nature tending to produce Consumption.

Burns and Scalds, Diseases of Bladder and Kidneys, Chapped Hands, Excoriated Nipples, Corns and Bunions.

Directions accompany the Oil. Price 50 cents. For sale at wholesale and retail by H. B. REED and W. WALLS & Co. Druggists, Fort Wayne.

Dec. 20, 1851. 24

## MUSIC.

**Miss Emma Smallhouse**

INFORMS the Young Ladies of Fort Wayne, that she is prepared to give instruction on the PIANO and in SINGING. Her residence is on Calhoun street, three doors south of the Public Square, east side.

Feb. 6, 1852. 3m31

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

## CHARLES P. FREEMAN & Co.

(LATE FREEMAN, HODGES & CO.)

**IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,**

*144 Broadway One Door South of Liberty Street, New York.*

HAVE now on hand, and will be receiving daily through the season, New Goods direct from the European manufacturers, and cash Auctions, rich, fashionable, fancy SILK MILLINERY Goods. Our stock of Rich Ribbons, comprises every variety of the latest and most beautiful designs imported.

Many of our goods are manufactured expressly to our order, from our own designs and patterns, and stand unrivalled. We offer our goods for *net Cash*, at lower prices than any credit House in America can afford.

All our buyers will find it greatly to their interest to reserve a portion of their money and make selections from our great variety of rich cheap goods.

Ribbons rich for Bonnets, Caps, Sashes and Belts.
Bonnet Silks, Satins, Crapes, Lisses and Tarletons.
Embroideries, Collars, Chemisetts, Capes, Berthas, Habits, Sleeves, Cuffs, Edgings and Insertings.
Embroidered Reviere, Lace, and Hemstitch Cambric Hdkfs.
Blonds, Illusions, and Embroidered Laces for Caps.
Embroidered Laces for Shawls, Mantillas, and Veils.
Honiton, Mechlin Valenciennes, and Brussels Laces.
English and Wove Thread, Smyrna, Lisle Thread, and Cotton Laces.
Kid, Lisle Thread, Silk, and Sewing Silk Gloves and Mitts.
French and American Artificial Flowers.
French Lace, English, American, and Italian.
Straw Bonnets and Trimmings.

March 18, 1852. p3m37

## Paper Hangings Depot.

*No. 44 Courtlandt Street, New York, Opposite the Merchants Hotel.*

THE CROTON MANUFACTURING CO.

*(Organized under the General Manufacturing Law of the State of New York.)*

Offers at wholesale, in quantities to suit purchasers, at Manufacturers' lowest prices, for cash or approved credit.

PAPER HANGINGS of every variety of style and price.
BORDERS to match.
FIRE BOARD PRINTS in great variety.
TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES.
OIL PAINTED WINDOW SHADES.
WIDE WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS, and
WINDOW SHADE FIXTURES.

Of the latest styles and superior finish, all of their own manufacture and importation. As their Stock is large and entirely new, they invite Merchants, Booksellers, and Dealers in these articles, to call and examine the styles and prices whenever they visit the city.

Country Merchants can examine this Stock from 6 o'clock in the morning till 10 o'clock in the evening.

New York, March 1, 1852.

## Help a Poor Man through the World.

THE subscriber having associated himself with George Buchanan at the

**FULTON FOUNDRY,**

Near Rudisill and Wolke's Woolen Factory is prepared to execute all kinds of work usually done at a Foundry and Machine Shop, such as erecting Steam Engines for Saw and Grist Mills, or repairing any kind of Machinery, together with all the Machinery and fixtures to the same.

**Brass and Iron Castings**

Of all kinds made to order. Brass and Iron Turning, and all kinds of finishing done with neatness and despatch.

E. H. BUNNELL.

N. B. Both the proprietors of this establishment being practical Mechanics of long experience, and superintending and working at the business themselves, all their work will be done under their immediate inspection, so that the public are guaranteed that all work leaving our shop will be done in a substantial and workmanlike manner, and thereby we hope to receive a liberal patronage.

We give the public to understand that our work will be done at the lowest possible rate for

READY PAY.

"A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling."

E. H. BUNNELL.
GEO. BUCHANAN.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 14th, 1852. y28.

## Groceries & Confectionaries

J. K. BRACKENRIDGE has now on hand a full and well selected stock of

*FAMILY GROCERIES*

of the choicest quality, which will be sold as low as at any other establishment in the city. Also all kinds of

FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

Fresh Malaga, Cluster and Sultana Raisins; Smyrna and Turkey Figs; and a new and choice article of *FIG PASTE*, rich and fine; Almonds—shelled, paper and hard; Filberts, Walnuts, Peanuts, and Chestnuts;

*Oysters, Lobsters, Pickles, Preserves, &c.*

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

Fresh Candies always on hand, or manufactured to order, and warranted pure, either at Wholesale or Retail. Parties furnished with Confectionary, Cakes, &c. at short notice.

**SALOON.**

His neat and commodious Saloons are open for accommodation of visitors, *Oysters, Pig's Feet, Tripe*, and other luxuries served up in the best style.

Remember the place—corner Calhoun and Berry Streets.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 20, 1851. y

## NEW GOODS.

WILSON & TRESSELT are now receiving direct from New York, a splendid assortment of New Goods consisting of

**Dry Goods, Groceries,**

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

to which they respectfully invite the attention of those wishing to purchase.

They will also, until the close of navigation, be constantly receiving additions to their stock, which will enable them to keep their assortment as good as any in town.

Those wishing BARGAINS will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell quite as cheap if not a little cheaper than the Cheapest.

Sept 9, 1851.

## Insurance Agency.

THE subscriber having received the agency of the

**Ætna Insurance Company**

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $200,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct 30 1851. 17

NEW ENGLAND

## Live Stock Insurance Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

**CAPITAL $100.000.**

HORSES, CATTLE, and SHEEP Insured against *death*, or *damage*, from the usual causes, accidents or diseases, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection.

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon the [illegible] for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured, before they are injured or taken sick and die.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
WM. COULSON, *Inspector.*

November 12, 1851. 19

## Hartford Life and Health Insurance Company.

OFFICE POST OFFICE BUILDING, HARTFORD, CT.

**Capital & Surplus over $200,000.**

*During Two Years' Business Issued nearly 4,000 Policies.*

NO HEALTH RISKS TAKEN BY THE COMPANY.

THE Hartford Life and Health Insurance Company take risks on life, grant or purchase annuities, endowments, and make contracts upon and appertaining to [illegible] and reversionary interests [illegible] with life risks agreeably to the powers and privileges conferred by the charter.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the

**Joint Stock and Mutual plan.**

at the option of the insured, thus meeting the wants and views of [illegible] the plan more fully, it is believed, than purely Mutual Companies can do.

Annuities will be granted or purchased, and endowments conferred on terms highly favorable, and according to the rates of the most liberal and well conducted Companies of this country and in England.

The Charter of this Company provides that the wife may insure the life of her husband, and the amount to be paid is secure from creditors at his death.

An equitable sum will always be paid for policies surrendered to the company before they expire.

Travelling and foreign residence permits will be granted at a small extra premium.

Policies [illegible] of persons going to California will be [illegible] on the Joint Stock principle only, and at an extra [illegible] premium.

Extract from the Certificate of the Comptroller of the State of Connecticut, dated—

January 7th, 18[illegible]

"The great success and prudent management of this company, together with its well invested capital [illegible] entitle it to the entire confidence of the community [illegible] I recommend it, in my opinion, equal in strength and [illegible] the best institutions of the kind in the Union." (Signed) RUFUS G. PINNEY, Comptroller.

The Board of Directors is composed of active business men of capital and character [illegible] giving their [illegible] attention to the management and control of the business of the company.

JAS. DIXON, President.
WM. T. HOOKER, Vice President.
HENRY L. MILLER, Secretary.
CHAS. WHITMORE, Ag[illegible]
Stearns & Woodward, Medical Examiners.

Dec. 27, 1851.

## The World's Fair PREMIUM SAFES!

*Depot, Green Block, Water Street, (between Maiden Lane and Wall Street,)*

NEW YORK.

THE subscriber placed his Fire and Burglar-Proof Safe in competition with the whole world in the great Exhibition at London, for which an impartial jury awarded [illegible]

The American Fair, held last fall at Castle Garden awarded to him a gold medal for the best fire-proof safe [illegible] has never failed to obtain the highest premium [illegible] he has been put in competition with others [illegible] Certificates have been received from the following known merchants, who have had their books and money preserved in these superior Safes [illegible] ninety days, together with many others, by [illegible] Messrs. Sidwell & Morrison, and Mr. J. L. [illegible] in the Fulton Street fire; Messrs. Porter & Bo[illegible] Messrs. John Lockwood & Co., in the great fire [illegible] Liberty and Nassau Streets, and Messrs. [illegible] in Jersey City.

I am the proprietor of HALL'S PATENT LOCK, [illegible] awarded a medal (in the name of Adams & Co.) at the World's Exhibition, and [illegible] the best lock ever invented, being proof against powder [illegible] Key is no larger than a [illegible]

Compare all [illegible] before purchasing, and decide for themselves [illegible] best Fire, Burglar and Damp Proof Safes [illegible]

SILAS C. HERRING,
Nos. 135, 137, and 139 Water Street, New York.

AGENTS, [illegible] Walnut Street, [illegible]
C. L. Harmon, Chicago, Ill.
Henry Williams, Milwaukee, Wis.
[illegible]
[illegible] Detroit, Mich.
[illegible] Rochester, N. Y.

**SPECIE FLERA**

[illegible] on hand of a first [illegible] *in the good old way,*—at [illegible] *only*—at the old stand, next door to the *Times* Office, by

F. H. TYLER.

Fort Wayne, July 17, 1850. 3

**LAMPS.**—Camphene & Burning Fluid Lamps [illegible] Sign, Shade, Chamders, and [illegible]. Also *Burning Fluid*. For sale by

W. E. LANGLEY.

**NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!**

BROWNLEY & FREEMAN at No. 37, Columbia Street, in Hanna's Block, are now receiving a large supply of

**New Goods**

from the manufacturers, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

This store has already the reputation of being the

*Cheapest Store in Town,*

and we are determined that we pains shall be spared to make its name a reality.

Our assortment is complete. Farmers, Mechanics, and Country Merchants may here find every and every thing they need to Market, and so cheap, too, that you can get your cases full of goods, and scarcely miss the money from your purses.

The highest price, *in Cash*, will always be paid to Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Rye, delivered at the Steam Mills, or at Compagnet, Hubble & Co's Warehouse. We shall keep a good supply of Salt always on hand for sale at the very lowest price.

Now is the time for Bargains—and this Store is the place to get them. Our motto is Quick sales and small profits.

Fort Wayne, Oct 31, 1851.

**NEW DRUG STORE.**

**WATSON WALL,**

*No. 3, Phœnix Buildings, (Sign of the IRON MORTAR,)*

Is constantly receiving fresh supplies of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, &c. &c., from New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Pittsburgh. Country Merchants, Doctors and the public generally will do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere. All articles in our line warranted pure and genuine; among which are

| | |
|---|---|
| Jalap, Pearls Opiniac, | Pink Root, |
| Sulph. Acet. Morphine, | Camphor, |
| Nitrate Silver, | Cream Tartar, |
| " Potash, | Daven Bandage, |
| Yellow Bark, | Gum Arabic, (white,) |
| Red " | Gum Gamboge, |
| Blue Mass, | Turkish Opium, |
| Rhubarb, extra, | Red Precipitate, |
| Ipecac, | Epsom Salts, |
| Rochelle Salt | Flor. Sulphur, |
| Cod Liver Oil, | Sulp. Nitre, |
| Castor " | Aqua Ammonia |
| Sweet Oil, | Sulph. Ether, |
| Linseed, | Rub. Sassparilla, |
| Castile Soap, | Red Bark, |
| Liquorice, | Ground Ginger, |

**PAINTS, OILS, &C.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Pure White Lead, | Chrome Green, |
| Red " | Chrome Yellow, |
| Dry White Lead Ore, | Sp. Br. Indigo, |
| Red " " | Putty, |
| Litharge, | Sand Paper, |
| Best Eng. Vermilion, | Cider Vinegar, |
| Spanish Whiting, | |

Spirits of Turpentine,
Rectified Oil from Bayou Mills,
Winter strained Sperm Oil,
Summer " " " Lard Oil,
Whale " "
Bunday Fluid,
Alcohol, Proof 95 per cent.
Castor Oil (cold pressed),
Copal Varnish (Green Copy),
Copal Varnish (Amber Copy),
Japan Dryer,
Patt Green, [illegible]
" Red,

ALSO,

Druggists' Glass Ware, Window Glass—all sizes.

Jan. 31, 1852.

**HILL & ORRISON,**

(Successors to Hill, Robinson & Co.)

**Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.**

FORT WAYNE, IN.

*Liberal advances made on Produce.*

References:

| | |
|---|---|
| E. Haskell & Co. | |
| Smith, Robinson & Co. | |
| Collins, Brown, & Co. | Toledo |
| Peckham & Scott. | |
| Cold & Kings, | |
| Kirk & Lawton, | Piqua, Ohio. |
| Ayres & Tuttle, | |
| Gray, Pope, & Co. | New York. |
| Somerville, Pease & Co. | Buffalo. |
| C. McConnell & Co. | Cincinnati. |
| John Reach, | Dayton, |
| H. S. Mann, | Troy, Ohio. |

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

J. J. COMPAGNET. M. W. HUBBELL. D. F. COMPAGNET.

**Forwarding & Commission.**

THE undersigned having taken an interest with J. J. & D. F. Compagnet, in the Commission and Forwarding business, it will hereafter be conducted by them under the same firm of COMPAGNET, HUBBELL & Co.

Their Warehouse is new and spacious, situated on the Basin, at the east end of Columbia street, and is entirely detached from any other buildings, thereby greatly increasing its security against fire.

They are prepared to purchase or store grain, and their facilities are not surpassed by the owner of any other establishment in town. For particulars inquire of the partners. The Commission Business will be conducted on the most liberal principles.

ALT always on hand at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Cash paid for any quantity of good White Walnut Lumber. M. W. HUBBELL.

References:

| | |
|---|---|
| Reed, Pope & Co. | New York. |
| N. Lee, Cashier, | Albany |
| J. & C. Hitchcock, | Buffalo. |
| Jno. Hollister, | |
| C. McCulloch, Cashier, | Fort Wayne. |
| Wilford Smith, | |
| Brownlee, Bonnicton & Co. | Toledo. |
| Brown & Dodd, | |
| Peckham & Scott, | |
| John C. Butler & Co., | Cincinnati. |
| Felix Hall, | |

Fort Wayne, May 8, 1850. 1045.

**PETER P. BAILEY,**

*Storage, Forwarding & Commission*

**MERCHANT,**

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pearl and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, on the liberal advances to the owners.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,

FORT WAYNE, IN.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President State Bank, Fort Wayne.
Chas. McCulloch, Cashier, " " "
Samuel Hanna, " " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
R. Sturgis & Co., Toledo.
E. Bancroft & Co.,
Collins, Brown & Co., "

**DOYLE & HOSKINSON'S NEW LINE OF STAGES**

HAVE commenced running TRI-WEEKLY from Ft. MARY'S, Ohio, connecting with Smith, Doyle & Co's line of Packets to Dayton and Cincinnati.

Passengers can obtain seats at the Office at the Bedeken House.

Fort Wayne, July 5, 1851. 5217

**ALBERT E. JONES,**

PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN

**SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, &c.,**

*Masonic Hall, Indianapolis.*

I Have the sole agency for the sale of the Celebrated and World Renowned, Grand and Square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by JONAS CHICKERING, Boston, Mass. Prices varying from $275 to $600. The reputation of these instruments is too well established to require additional comment. Mr. Chickering has an experience of thirty-five years, during which time he has manufactured but twelve thousand Pianos, and has been constantly gaining in the confidence of a discerning public. I have also the sale agency for the State for

*Soldiart & Co's Piano Fortes,*

manufactured in New York, and I am happy to say, that in the sale of more than six hundred of these instruments, in the last five years, with an unlimited guarantee, not one has been ever returned. I therefore offer these Pianos with the assurance that they will give entire satisfaction to purchasers. For common use in Schools, Colleges, Seminaries, &c., these instruments are unequalled, varying in size and style to suit all purposes, and in prices from $225 to $600 each.

**Boudoir Pianos.**

I am Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Piano Fortes, which for compactness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so full, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being anticipated with, or being heard. We are also the only Agents in Indiana for the sale of

MUSCH & WHITE'S

**Melodeons and Melodeon Pianos,**

which are intended for Parlors, Churches, Lodge Rooms, Singing Societies, &c., and for these purposes my stock embraces every variety and style, varying in price from $50 to $200, in beautiful Rosewood cases, and finely finished to any Piano Forte at three times the cost of these superb and unrivalled Instruments. I invite attention particularly to these most excellent Parlor Organs.

Having invested myself permanently in this City, and having come to home for the sale of

PIANO FORTES AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds, and Publishing and the sale of

**Foreign, Eastern and Western Sheet Music,**

and, in short, all kinds of Merchandise appertaining to my line of business, at wholesale or retail. I beg leave to invite the attention of Seminaries, Colleges Teachers of Schools and Classes, the Public generally, and *Purchasers particularly*, together with the Trade, to my Stock of Goods. My arrangements are now so perfect as to insure a constant supply and full stock, on such terms as may enable me to offer them at Lowest *Eastern Prices*, at Wholesale or Retail. I pay Eastern prices because I can and will sell a very large Catalogue and a very large portion of my Stock at Eastern rates, and am confident I can so please, if the very best Goods that can be procured, with correct prices, can do it. All orders from the country will receive prompt and prompt attention; all Goods in all cases warranted to be satisfactory or such as may be returned.

ALBERT E. JONES.

Indianapolis, Feb. 20 1852. 3.31

**ROBINSON'S Tannery, Leather and SHOE STORE.**

THE subscriber has enlarged in a well known establishment, situated across the WEST cut, the principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the foot of the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE.

In his enlargement, in addition to his good *Stock of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Calf Skins Kips, Linings, Findings, Morocco, Harness, Trimmings, Shoe Thread, Tacks, Pegs,*

AND

SUPERIOR BOOTS & SHOES

*Manufactured Expressly for Custom Work*, the subscriber has added a large and general assortment of

**Eastern Made Boots & Shoes,**

of all sizes, of every variety, including Ladies' Gaiters, Slips, Jenny Linds, Polkas, &c.; Misses', Children's and Infants', of elegant Styles; Men's, Boys', and Youths', of all sorts and prices.

Also, India Rubber and Metallic Shoes and Boots for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, Youths, and Children.

*Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.*

OAK BARK BOUGHT AS USUAL.

His aim will be the object of the proprietor to do a liberal business in all these various branches; and those favoring him with their custom shall, if continued, be fully satisfied that they receive full value for the money they expend with him.

JAMES B. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. 115

**BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS!**

STOPHEL Thompson is now in the Post Office Building, a new and very large assortment of

**School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books, Stationery,**

etc., etc., which he offers for sale at Reduced Rates.

His stock of *Miscellaneous Books* is the best in this city. Among them may be found the following LATE WORKS by the most POPULAR AUTHORS:

Mrs. Stowe's complete Reply to Mr. Beecher's Lectures; Beecher's Lectures; Webster's Dictionary; Life of Virgin Mary; Cobb's and Epicurean; Fraser's Poems; James H. Polk, Bill & Wright, and John C. Calhoun; Cobb's and Poe; do. Sermons and Lectures; Lamartine's Greece; Cabinet, Washington and Franklin; Lamartine's Expedition to the Holy Land; Lamartine's Celestial Land; Chevalier's Sandwich Islands; Georgia Scenes; Rural Letters, Nevin; Poe's Works of Edgar A. Poe; Cooper's Works; Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy; Brewster's Optics; Letters to Young Men; Irving's Complete Works; Bancroft's Ancients; Letters from Italy; N. P. Willis' Prefaces; Works, Mrs. L. Sigourney's Poetical Works; Bradley's Works, &c. &c. Also the following

**School Books.**

Davies's Legendre, Algebra, Arithmetic, Geometry.
Ray's Algebra, Arithmetics.
Colburn's Arithmetic.
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemistry.
Robinson's Philosophy.
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Elementary Spellers.
Rickoff's Grammar.
Brittain's Greek and Latin Grammars.
Clark's Grammar.
Wayland's Elements of Moral Science.
Bullock's Series.

McGUFFEY'S SCHOOL READERS.

PARKER'S SCHOOL BOOKS.

Nelson & Eastman's Book Keeping, Bower and Ainsworth's Dictionaries, German & English Pronounciating Dictionary, together with a complete assortment of all School Books now in use.

**His Stock of Stationery**

cannot be surpassed. Foolscap and Letter Paper, Morocco Gilt Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens, Lead Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink Stands, Paper Folders, Port Folios, Pen Knives, Scissors, Pocket and Blank Ink, Note Paper, Letter Envelopes, Pen Holders, etc. etc. Also a select assortment of Fancy Articles.

A Fine Stock of WRAPPING PAPER constantly for sale cheap.

*Good Assortment of Blank Books.*

Anything that is usually kept by Book sellers can be found at the POST OFFICE BUILDINGS.

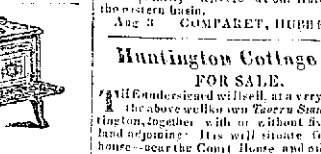
Fort Wayne, Oct. 12th, 1850.

**Palo Alto Hotel.**

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travelers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15y



B. W. OAKLEY,

MANUFACTURER OF

**Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,**

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

**B. M. TOWER**

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, generally, that he has opened a Cabinet Shop, in his new three story brick building on Columbia street, west of H. Rudisill's Auction Room, where may be found all kinds of

**Cabinet Furniture**

now in use, which he will sell as cheap as can be bought any where. *New York not excepted.*—He is confident that with the long experience he has had in his above business, and by keeping the best of workmen, that he will be able to suit all who may favor him with a call. His work is in the latest and most approved style, as he defies competition in neat and warranted good.

He will keep on hand an assorted stock of Bedsteads, Sofas, Divans, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Ottomans and Footstools, common and fancy BUREAUX, Writing TABLES, BOOK CASES, Secretaries, Centre and Card tables, extension sliding frame Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Pier, Lees and Hall Tables, enclosed wash STANDS, circular front corner Stands, Stands wash and light Stands, dressing and Toilet Stands, Gentlemen's Shaving Stands, Music Stands, Ladies Fancy Seats, CHAIRS, Gentlemen's Office, Chairs, Mahogany Rocking Chairs, Cane seat, and Windsor Chairs.

FRENCH BEDSTEADS

of all the originals. Also Round Right and left screw Rail which is the largest, strongest and best way that Bedsteads can be made; these take the lead in the larger shops.

COFFINS kept constantly on hand, all sizes and prices. Hearse and Carriage always ready to attend funerals free of charge.

The above mentioned articles will be made of Domestic and imported wood and of the best seasoned materials.—

**Warranted Good or no Sale.**

In exchange for any of the above articles I will take almost any thing of produce he farmer raises and in an extreme case money will not be refused. Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fort Wayne, August, 25th 1850 34y

**MOSES DRAKE, Jr**

S. JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE IN

DEALER IN

**Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods**

**GROCERIES,**

*Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass,* FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALE RATES at wholesale or retail.

CASH or all trades paid for WHEAT.

*New Store and New Goods.*

BAYLESS & CO.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, that they are now receiving opening and offering for ready pay, a general and fashionable stock of

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, QUEENSWARE, & CUTLERY,**

all of which have been purchased in New York this fall at low prices and

*Will be Sold at Small Profits!*

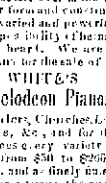
They deem it unnecessary to further puff, or, rather, but respectfully request the good buying public to call before or after purchasing elsewhere, and examine their stock.

They may be found at No. 57, Hamilton's New Buildings, Columbia Street.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 17, 1851. 115

**Daguerreotype Gallery.**

**Mr. A. McDonald**



RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Ft. Wayne and vicinity that he has permanently located himself in the above place, and has just received from the East, a large stock of

DAGUERREAN MATERIALS,

*Fancy Pearl Cases, Lockets, &c.*

which he will sell, either with or without Pictures, as low as can be purchased in New York and warrant the same to any thing of the kind in use.

He would also return his sincere thanks to the citizens of this place for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his residence here; and would say to those that wish

DAGUERREAN PICTURES

that he has made him a full acquaintance with all the *LATEST IMPROVEMENTS* in this beautiful Art, and feels just full in *Warranting his Pictures* to be unsurpassed by any others in the country, in point of

**Durability or Life-Like Resemblance.**

He could simply say to those that are desirous of having a GOOD PICTURE at themselves, to give him a call before going elsewhere, and if he cannot satisfy them, they are at perfect liberty to put on their coats and depart, or others.

Daguerreian Rooms Up-hold Stairs, one door South of Taylor's New store, third story.

Persons in the Country would find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Daguerreotype Materials, before going East, as he can Sell as CHEAP as they can purchase in New York or any other market.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 11, 1851.

*Family Grocery and Provision Store.*

H. HENRY & Co. have extended the area of their wholesale, by taking the store lately occupied by I. Wolf, thus giving them a front on Columbia Street, and have filled it with an entire New Stock of

**Fresh Groceries.**

*Fruits, Pickles, Wooden Ware, &c.* which they are anxious to dispose of on reasonable terms.

They have REMOVED their

MEAT MARKET,

to the rear of the store (the room lately occupied by Hamilton & Hall) and will keep on hand at all times the best of meat the country affords.

The highest price paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c.

Sept. 20.

**Engines! Engines!**

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14 1849. 2

**Cash for 30,000 Bushels of Wheat.**

WE will pay Cash and the highest market price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—or by receipts partly—delivery at our Warehouse, in the eastern basin.

Aug 3 COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

**Huntington Cottage Inn**

**FOR SALE.**

I will sell the above well known and very low price the above well known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. This will situate for a public house—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not sold it can be rented for a term of years.

He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town.

Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.

F. P. RANDALL.

Fort Wayne, March 8, 1850. tf 39

**OLD LUCKY NUMBER 3.**

I Now receiving an unusually well selected and full supply of

**NEW GOODS,**

which have been bought in such terms that the can be sold CHEAPER THAN EVER!

THE GREAT COTTON BUCK

is in good condition, and we will sell

*Cotton Cloths 20 Yards for $1.*

It's no use to try to undersell No. 3. Here's the Goods.

For Great Bargains apply at the Captain's Office No. 3, Jones' Block.

MOSES DRAKE, Jr., Captain.

CASH paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, and Buck Skins.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 20, 1851.

**WILLIAMS' Cash Grocery Store.**

IN Hamilton's New Block, Columbia street, where can be found Groceries and other articles of the best quality, at *Wholesale and retail*, as cheap as any in the Land in Fort Wayne, consisting in part of the following articles:

Chocolate and Cocoa Imperial, Young Hyson & Black Teas, Loaf, Crushed, Pulv'd & N. O. Sugars, Golden Syrup, N. O. Molasses, Vinegar, Rice Pearl Barley Starch Sal-soda, Gilson, Currants, Spices, Raisins, whole, half & qr. boxes, Candies and Nuts, Dried Fruit, Codfish, Mackerel, & Herring, Candles and Soap, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards, Clothes Pins, Brooms, Hoes, and Trace Chains, Family Flour best Brands.

In short, everything kept in establishments of the kind except *Liquors*.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to, and

**No Shaving in Prices.**

I am determined to make this the CHEAP CATH GROCERY of Fort Wayne.

H. WILLIAMS.

Fort Wayne Sept. 14 1851. y13

**GREAT BARGAINS**

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & MICHIGAN RAILROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates and on Better Terms* than ever before offered.—The Lands embrace **10,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest lands in Indiana. Terms, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known Harrison Lands—this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

CLOCKS.—A new article of Brass 30 hour Piano Pieces—warranted to keep good time—Only $2 00 each.

W. E. LANGLEY.

August 15th, 1851.

WE are selling the best of Rio COFFEE at 10 cents per lb.—the N. O. SUGAR at 5 cents per lb., 16 yards of heavy yard wide SHEETING for $1—the new Cotton Cloth you ever saw from 5 to 10 cents per yard; and every thing else in proportion.

The facts, the place and *the only place* to buy goods cheap are at TOWSLEY, FREEMAN & Co's, No. 1, Hanna's Block, East End.

July 9th, 1851.

**Town Lots for sale.**

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| HANNAS ADDITION. | | COUNTY ADDITION | |
| Lot No. 64 | | Lot No. 48 | |
| " " 89 | | " " 49 | |
| " " 91 | | " " 72 | |
| " " 111 | | TABORS ADDITION. | |
| " " 131 | | Lot No. 3 | |
| " " 195 | | " " 96 | |
| " " 311 | | " " 104 | |
| " " 315 | | ROCKHILL'S ADDITION. | |
| " " 358 | | Lot No. 44 | |
| " " 435 | | " " 61 | |
| " " 551 | | " " 65 | |
| EWING'S ADDITION. | | " " 66 | |
| Lot No. 3 Block No. 27 | | " " 118 | |
| " " 1 " " 37 | | " " 119 | |
| " " 2 " " 37 | | OLD PLAT. | |
| " " 3 " " 21 | | Lot No. 23 | |
| " " 4 " " 21 | | " " 24 | |
| " " 5 " " 36 | | " " 68 | |
| " " 6 " " 36 | | " " 69 | |
| " " 7 " " 38 | | " " 85 | |
| " " 8 " " 38 | | | |

Out Lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, 3 Acre.

The above are offered low for Cash, or on a liberal credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

**Indiana Land Agency.**

THE subscriber has recently entered his operations, establishing a branch in Fort Wayne, Indiana, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Purchase of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a general

*GENERAL LAND AGENCY.*

He is provided with authentic and accurate Maps of Indiana counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana,—has numerous and extensive acquaintances, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, quality, location, and value of lands*, which will be afforded to *all* who may desire such information.

He offers for sale

*Large Tracts of Valuable Land,*

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

| | Acres. | | Acres. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allen County | 17,766 | Noble County | 2,547 |
| DeKalb " | 7,921 | Whitley " | 7,287 |
| Steuben " | 2,787 | Huntington " | 2,304 |
| Livingston " | 1,200 | Wabash " | 2,203 |
| Kosciusko " | 7,120 | Miami " | 1,327 |
| Blackford " | 2,274 | Carroll " | 1,920 |
| Jay " | 7,656 | Cass " | 2,400 |
| Wells " | 2,720 | Fulton " | 1,523 |
| Adams " | 2,328 | Marshall " | 1,320 |
| Elkhart " | 1,720 | White " | 1,520 |
| Porter " | 2,247 | Montgomery " | 1,720 |
| Putnam " | 1,127 | Clinton " | 1,327 |
| Parke " | 1,325 | Marion " | 1,062 |
| Boone " | 1,200 | Foster " | 2,558 |

The above lands will be sold for cash, or part cash, and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

**Improved Farms,**

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of Fort Wayne, Huntington, Lagro, Wabash, Lisbon and Marion.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the INDIANA LAND AGENCY, on Calhoun Street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850

ESTABLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN 1810.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

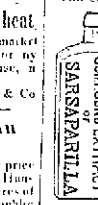
**Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,**

IMPROVED

And manufactured under the supervision of

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON,

THE CELEBRATED CHEMIST OF NEW YORK.




Many valuable improvements have been made by Dr. CHILTON in the mode of preparing this popular Medicine. Under his skillful hand its sanative powers have been so much increased, that only one or two teaspoonfuls of the Extract are required for a dose, which is an important item to those using Compounds of Sarsaparilla, as this fact alone proves it to be the **Strongest** and **Cheapest** medicine ever introduced to

**PURIFY THE BLOOD,**

AND PERMANENTLY CURE

| | |
|---|---|
| Scrofula Humors, | Costive ness and Piles, |
| Ringworm, or Tetter, | Heart Disease, |
| Rheumatism, | General Debility, |
| Neuralgia, or King's Evil, | Female do. |
| Erysipelas, | Coughs, Colds, &c. |
| Effects of Mercury, | Enlargement of the |
| Dropsy, | Joints, |
| Pimples on the Face, | Ulcers and Fever Sores, |
| Dyspepsia, | Liver Complaint, |

Sleeplessness, Nervous Debility, Palpitation of the Heart.

IT MUST BE REMEMBERED that with but few exceptions all the above frightful array of maladies, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and causes; for they spring, directly or indirectly, from a CORRUPT FOUNTAIN. If the blood were in a pure, healthy, and active state, it would drive off such complaints from the system, and

CHRONIC DISEASE WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE.

DR. JAMES R. CHILTON has had charge of the Manufactory for more than a year, and every bottle prepared since February, 1850, has his Certificate and Signature, as well as the Signature of S. P. Townsend, on the steel plate label on the outside wrapper.

Beware of Counterfeits, and buy that only which has Dr. Chilton's Certificate on the wrapper

PROPRIETOR'S OFFICE,

82 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

For sale by H. R. REED,

51 Druggist Fort Wayne, General Agent

**Furniture and Chair Warehouse.**

W. & J. PAUL are manufacturing as cheap as can be every variety of

*Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.,*

made of well seasoned lumber, finished in the best style, warranted equal to, if superior to any in the city, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

**LOOKING GLASSES.**

We have also a large stock of Looking Glasses and Looking Glass Plates of all sizes and styles, which we sell wholesale or retail much lower than ever before offered here.

Persons wanting any thing in our line would do well to give us a call, as we always have a large stock of all kinds on hand, which will be sold CHEAP.

Warehouse on Columbia Street, opposite H. R. Reed's Drug Store; and Clinton Street, opposite Collector's Office. W. & J. PAUL.

Fort Wayne, August 16, 1851 6m6

**CITY MILLS.**

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grist* to grind will always find one or more Runs of Stones in readiness for his purpose.

All kinds of *Merchant Stuff* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 8, 1850. y3

W. H. HANKS. [1851.] P. COMSTOCK.

**BANKS & ONHECK, HOUSE, SIGN, AND Ornamental Painters.**

*Under the Times Office, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana*

MASONIC and Odd Fellows' Aprons, Gilding on Silk and Satin, Transparent Painting on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Imitation of Wood and Marble, Glazing, and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851. y

**THE "GREAT" Indiana Land Agency**

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High pressure* system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorized sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, unless years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties, and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay one one to do so for him.

April 6, '50. [1849] F. P. RANDALL.

**Valuable Lands for Sale.**

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

*For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.*

They have also a number of the previous and improved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

**Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,**

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,

General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov 22, 1849. 21y

**S. H. SHOAFF,**

**CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.**

(UNDER ODD FELLOWS' HALL)

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE.

*Patent Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c. &c., Wholesale & Retail.*

**The Croton Antibilious Pills.**

THESE Pills are of a purely vegetable character, having gained the commendation of the most eminent of the medical men of the present day, their reputation as an unrivalled cathartic, tonic and digestive medicine daily strengthened, and more widely circulated, they require no alteration in diet or interruption from business, they act kindly but surely, and may be taken by both sexes at all times and under any circumstances.

They speedily remove Constipation, Liver Complaint, Headache, Sickness of the Stomach, and all affections arising from a deranged stomach and bowels. Prepared and sold exclusively by SAMUEL H. SHOAFF, Chemist, &c.

Calhoun street, Fort Wayne.

June 27, 1851.

**BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.**

A. LINTZ, at his old and well known Boot and Shoe Store, east of the Lafayette House, Columbia street, Fort Wayne, has now on hand a very large and complete stock of Leather and Home Made.

**Boots & Shoes.**

of all kinds and qualities. Gent's Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, Brogans, &c., warranted a first rate article. A full assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Polkas Excelsiors, Shoes, &c. all in all sizes and prices, of the very best workmanship and stock, and latest styles.

*Misses' and Children's Wear of all sorts.*

Having had many years' practical experience, he flatters himself that he can satisfy all who may favor him with a call.

**NONE BUT THE BEST,**

and he will sell them as low as the *Cheapest to wear them than to go Barefoot.* His expenses are small and his desires moderate, he can and will sell the cheapest.

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

Boots and Shoes made to Measure, in the best style, and on short notice.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Findings, Findings, &c. of all sorts, will be sold at the very lowest Prices

Fort Wayne, Oct. 25, 1851. 136

**SHOAFF & COLLINS,**

*at the City Drug Store,*

HAVE received from the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston a full and complete assortment of

**Genuine Drugs & Medicines**

which having been bought for Cash will be sold at rates lower than have ever before been offered in this place.

Some of their friends in setting forth their advertisements, have cut a block of their stock in trade, having said its so piled to contain themselves with but a slight and casual view of some of the most important articles with which they have supplied themselves for the accommodation of their friends and patrons.

Among those will be found Opium, Opium, Calomel Morphine, with all other Drugs and Medicines usually enumerated in the voluminous advertisements of Chemists, together with every other article in the Drug line including Paints, Dye Stuffs, Brushes, Druggists' Glassware, Segars, Tobacco,

PATENT MEDICINES.

Perfumery, Tooth Brushes, Medicinal and Family Liquors, Imported choice Wines, Pure Juice and Brandies for Medical Purposes; also the usually well selected stock of choice

**GROCERIES.**

including Green and Black Teas, of purity and flavor, Hot and Iced Coffee, Brown and Crushed Sugars, Molasses, Spices, Peppers, &c. &c.

Agents for Cambling Wood & Co's Fire Proof Safes, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne. Sept. 6th, 1851.

**Liver Complaint**

Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility

*Diseases of the Kidneys.*

AND all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming in the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imagining of Evil and Great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S

**Celebrated German Bitters.**

PREPARED BY

*DR. C. M. JACKSON,*

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

120 *Arch Street, Philadelphia.*

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled—if equalled—by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attested by many cures after sadly disappointing medical men.

These Bitters are exerting the extension of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lower glands, exercising the most astonishing powers in weakness and infirmities of the digestive organs, they are without, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

*From the Boston Bee.*

The editor said lies tried

*Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters* for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, is decidedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands, and a friend's year elsewhere has him testified to their efficacy and permanent cure of Liver Complaint from the use of the remedy. We are convinced that, in the use of these Bitters, the patient constantly gains strength and vigor—a fact worthy of great consideration. They are pleasant to taste and smell, and can be used by persons with the most delicate stomachs with safety, under any circumstances. We are speaking from experience, and to the afflicted we advise their use.

Dunton's Weekly, one of the best literary papers published, says, thus:

Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent men in the country as a remedy of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. As such is the case, we would advise all mothers to obtain a bottle, and thus save themselves much sickness. Possessed of delicated constitutions will find these Bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon weak systems.

MERE EXTRACT.—The Philadelphia Saturday Gazette, the best family and newspaper published in the United States. The editor says of

Dr. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

It is a fact that we recommend other are named Patent Medicines, to the confidence and patronage of our readers, and therefore when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the nostrums of the day, that are noised about in a blind puffing and then forgotten after they have done the mischief complained of, but of a medicine long established, universally praised, and which has met the hearty approval of the family itself.

Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing) from all sections of the Union, for the last three years, and the strongest testimony in its favor is, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular physicians of Philadelphia, than all other patent medicines combined, a fact they can easily be established, authoritatively proving that a scientific preparation will receive with their qu